अनिवार्य आवश्यकताओं का अनुलग्नक

संo: टीईसी/एसडी/डीडी/टीसीपी-222/2.28/ अप्रैल 2025

**ANNEXURES TO ERs** 

No.: TEC/TC/DD/TCP-222/2.28/ April 2025

#### अनिवार्य आवश्यकताओं में इंगित मानकों का विवरण

संस्करण- 2.28

# DETAILS OF STANDARDS SPECIFIED IN ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS VERSION-2.28

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#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

- 1. The RFC documents of IETF are subject to periodic revision. Hence, wherever RFCs are mentioned in the ERs/ Annexures to ERs, the offered product shall meet either the referred RFC or its latest/ later version. Wherever, a feature of the RFC is mentioned, product shall comply with the part of the RFC specifying the feature.
- 2. Similarly, this applies to other standards of IEC, EN, CISPR, ETSI, ITU, IEEE, TEC etc.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

- 1. The Annexures and Appendices in this document are being reviewed and the updated version shall be uploaded on MTCTE Portal <a href="https://www.mtcte.tec.gov.in">www.mtcte.tec.gov.in</a> from time to time.
- 2. Feedback for corrections, if any, may be sent on email to <a href="mailto:help.mtcte.tec@gov.in">help.mtcte.tec@gov.in</a> with copy to sanjai.kumar67@gov.in

# **Annexure-A1: Safety Requirement for Communication Equipment**

**ParameterGroup: SAFETY** 

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
A1.1	IT Equipment Safety	IS 13252 part 1: 2010 Amd 2013 &Amd 2015 "Information Technology Equipment –Safety- Part 1: General Requirements" or equivalent IEC standard –EN/IEC 60950- 1:2005+A1:2009+A2:2013 "Information Technology Equipment – Safety- Part 1: General Requirements.  Additional Requirement: • For Outdoor Nodes- IEC 60950- 22  OR  EN/IEC 62368-1:2018 or latest version Additional Requirement: • For Outdoor Nodes- IEC 60950- 22, if the Indoor testing has been done as per IEC 62368-1 Edition 2.  OR  • For Outdoor Nodes- Annexure Y of IEC 62368-1 Edition 3.	Compliance to clauses applicable to the EUT	<ul> <li>Older version of standard shall be accepted if it was in force on the date of issue of report.</li> <li>Compliance to Annexure Y (or other relevant Annexure, if any) of EN/IEC 62368- 1: 2018 or later version is must for outdoor installations.</li> </ul>

A1.2	Ingress Protection	IEC 60529	Compliance to clauses applicable to the EUT	For outdoor products.
A.1.3	Automatic Laser Shut- Down (ALS) / Automatic Power Shut-Down (APSD)	ITU-T G.664. IEC 60825. Annex-A1	Compliance to clauses applicable to the EUT	Applicable for 'ER on PON family products'

# **Annexure-A2: Safety Requirement for Battery in portable equipment**

**Parameter Group: SAFETY** 

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
A2.1	Battery Safety	IS 16046:2015 OR EN/IEC 62133:2012	Compliance to clauses applicable to the EUT	Applicable only if it is portable equipment and uses secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or non-acid electrolyte.  BIS certificate or test reports from BIS approved labs in respect of batteries shall be accepted and repeat testing of batteries is not required.

# **Annexure-A3: Safety Requirement for Radio Communication Equipment (Other than CPE)**

**Parameter Group: SAFETY** 

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
A3.1	IT Equipment Safety for Radio Products (Other than CPE)	EN/IEC 60215:2016	Compliance to clauses applicable to the EUT	Test reports as per IEC 60215: 1987 shall be acceptable only till March 31, 2020



In the case of RAN with Wi-Fi interface, the exclusion bands for Immunity to Radiated RF testing needs to be considered as per clauses (4.3) of ETSI EN 301 489-17 standard for WLAN operation in 2.4 GHz band 5 GHz bands respectively.

# **Annexure-B: EMI/ EMC Requirement**

### $(Additional\ details, referred\ clauses\ and\ Tables\ in\ TEC\ EMI\ EMC\ document\ TEC/SD/DD/EMC-221/05/OCT-16)$

#### **Parameter Group: EMC**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.1	Conducted emission -	CISPR32	AC/ DC Power input/ output ports:	Conducted Emission for Class A
	Class A	(2015+A1:2019))/EN 55032	As per applicable Table(s) in CISPR 32.	equipment as per applicable clauses/
				ranges.
			Telecom Ports:	
			As per Table 8B of Annexure B1 and	
			applicable Table(s) in CISPR 32.	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.2	Radiated emission - Class A	CISPR32 (2015+A1:2019)/EN 55032	For CISPR 32:  Limits for Class A Radiated Emissions from applicable Tables of CISPR 32 for distances of 3m or 10m.  Note:  For 3m measuring distance, EUT size should be as such it fits in a cylindrical area of diameter 1m.  For other equipment, measuring distance of 10m is applicable.	Radiated Emission for Class A equipment as per applicable clauses/ ranges.
В.3	Conducted emission - Class B	CISPR32 (2015+A1:2019)/EN 55032	AC/ DC Power input/ output ports: As per applicable Table(s) in CISPR 32/EN 55032  Telecom Ports: As per applicable Table(s) in CISPR 32/EN 55032	Conducted Emission for Class B equipment as per applicable clauses/ranges.

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.4	Radiated emission - Class B	CISPR32 (2015 +A1:2019)/EN 55032	For CISPR 32:  Limits for Class B Radiated Emissions from applicable Tables of CISPR 32 for distances of 3m or 10m.  Note:  For 3m measuring distance, EUT size should be as such it fits in a cylindrical area of diameter 1m.  For other equipment, measuring distance of 10m is applicable.	Radiated Emission for Class B equipment as per applicable clauses/ranges.
B.5	Immunity to Electrostatic Discharge	EN/IEC 61000-4-2(2008) Contact discharge	Level 2 {± 4 kV}, or higher voltage; Performance Criteria B	
B.6	Immunity to Electrostatic Discharge	EN/IEC 61000-4-2(2008) Air discharge	Level 3 {± 8 kV} or higher voltage; Performance Criteria B	
B.7	Immunity to Electrostatic Discharge- Level-4	EN/IEC 61000-4-2(2008) Contact Discharge	Level 4 {± 8 kV}; Performance Criteria B	
B.8	Immunity to Electrostatic Discharge- Level-4	EN/IEC 61000-4-2(2008) Air Discharge	Level 4 {± 15 kV}; Performance Criteria B	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.9	Immunity to radiated RF	EN/IEC 61000-4-3(2010) or EN/IEC 61000-4-3(2020)	<ul> <li>i. Test level 2 {Test field strength of 3 V/m} for 80 MHz to 1 GHz; Performance Criteria A.</li> <li>ii. Test level 3 {Test field strength of 10 V/m} for 800 MHz to 960 MHz &amp; 1.4 to 6.0 GHz,; Performance Criteria A</li> </ul>	Clauses applicable to Telecom Equipment or Telecom Terminal Equipment with voice interface.
B.10	Immunity to radiated RF	EN/IEC 61000-4-3(2010) or EN/IEC 61000-4-3(2020)	80 MHz to 6.0 GHz: Test level 2 {Test field strength of 3 V/m}: Performance Criteria A	Clauses applicable to Telecom Terminal Equipment without voice interface.
B.11	Immunity to fast transients (burst)	EN/IEC 61000-4-4(2012) AC/DC Power Lines	Test Level 2 (1.0 kV): Performance Criteria B	Not applicable for devices having inbuilt or replaceable battery
B.12	Immunity to fast transients (burst)	EN/IEC 61000-4-4(2012) Signal/Control/Data/Telecom Lines	Test level 2 (0.5kV): Performance Criteria B	Not applicable for mobile devices having only radio interface
B.13	Immunity to surges	EN/IEC 61000-4-5(2014) line to ground – power port	2kV: Performance Criteria B	Not applicable for devices having inbuilt or replaceable battery
B.14	Immunity to surges	EN/IEC 61000-4-5(2014) line to line – power port	1kV: Performance Criteria B	Not applicable for devices having inbuilt or replaceable battery
B.15	Immunity to surges	EN/IEC 61000-4-5(2014) Common mode – telecom ports	2kV: Performance Criteria C	Not applicable for mobile devices having only radio interface

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.16	Immunity to conducted disturbance induced by Radio	EN/IEC 61000-4-6(2013):  AC/DC lines & signal	Test level 2 {3 V r.m.s.}: Performance Criteria A	Not applicable for mobile devices having only radio interface
	frequency fields	control /telecom lines.	150 kHz to 80 MHz	
B.17	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage dip corresponding to a reduction of supply voltage of 30% for 500ms (i.e. 70 % supply voltage for 500ms)	EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2004) or EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2020)	Performance criteria B	Applicable to AC power ports
B.18	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage dip corresponding to a reduction of supply voltage of 60% for 200ms; (i.e. 40% supply voltage for 200ms).	EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2004) or EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2020)	Performance criteria C	Applicable to AC power ports

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.19	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage interruption corresponding to a reduction of supply voltage of > 95% for 5s.	EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2004) or EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2020)	Performance criteria C	Applicable to AC power ports
B.20	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage interruption corresponding to a reduction of supply voltage of >95% for 10ms.	EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2004) or EN/IEC 61000-4-11(2020)	Performance criteria B	Applicable to AC power ports.
B.21	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage Interruption with 0% of supply for 10ms.	EN/IEC 61000-4-29	Performance criteria B	Applicable to DC power ports
B.22	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage Interruption with 0% of supply for 30ms, 100ms, 300ms and 1000ms.	EN/IEC 61000-4-29	Performance criteria C	Applicable to DC power ports

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Test Levels	Applicability/ Remarks
B.23	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage dip corresponding to 40% & 70% of supply for 10ms, 30 ms.	EN/IEC 61000-4-29	Performance criteria B	Applicable to DC power ports
B.24	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage dip corresponding to 40% & 70% of supply for 100ms, 300ms and 1000 ms.	EN/IEC 61000-4-29	Performance criteria C	Applicable to DC power ports
B.25	Immunity to voltage dips & short interruption: Voltage variations corresponding to 80% and 120% of supply for 100 ms to 10s as per Table 1c of IEC 61000-4-29	EN/IEC 61000-4-29	Performance criteria B	Applicable to DC power ports

Note: Minimum required information related to EMI/EMC parameters has been captured in Annex-B to facilitate the applicants. However, for further details/clarity in this regard, TEC document for EMI/EMC standard – TEC/SD/DD/EMC-221/05/OCT-16 may kindly be referred to.

In case of any conflict, the TEC document for EMI/EMC standard shall prevail.

**Note:** Conducted and Radiated Emissions will be Class B for ONT/ONU intended primarily for use in the domestic environment. Conducted and Radiated Emissions will be as per Class A for chasis based OLT equipment and Class B for residential OLT equipment

**Note:** Applicable for ONT/ONU product under ER on PON family only. "OEM has a choice to get either product tested for AC voltage dip test (EN/IEC:61000-4-11) with external AC-DC adopter or DC voltage dip test (EN/IEC:61000-4-29) on ONT/ONU power port. Detail of same has to be declared in Bill of Material (BOM)."

**Note:** Applicable for Product variant OLT in ER on PON family: "The performance criteria specified under B-22(Immunity to voltage dips & short interruptions: Voltage interruptions with 0% of supply for 10ms) clause of the annexure B under annexure to ERs may be modified as Performance criteria C for OLT equipment deployed and connected in telecom centre in which the battery backup is permanently connected to the DC distribution system. Bill of Material should clearly specify about permanent battery back-up connection status during operation and this information should be mentioned on MTCTE certificate.

#### **Note for IoT Devices**

- 1. Tracking device- (i) As per TC division letter no. ID 6-6/2021-TC/TEC (Pt 1) dated 12.05.2022 it has been clarified that tracking device which are integral part of Completely Build Units (CBUs) i.e. complete vehicles whether comes fitted with imported vehicle or imported /sourced locally for fitment in locally manufactured vehicles, shall not be covered under MTCTE. Genuine Service parts sourced locally or imported as replacement for fitment in CBUs are also not covered under MTCTE. Tracking Device if sold separate and standalone unit (i.e. neither as an integral part of vehicle nor as a genuine service part for replacement in CBUs) will be covered under MTCTE.
  - (ii) In case of Vehicle tracking device, Testing of EMI/ EMC/Safety/ GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System) are to done as per IS 16833 standards and test report from designated lab\* is pre-requisite before going for testing of interfaces and other parameters in as mentioned in the ER.
  - (iii) For conducted and radiated emission refer B.1 to B.4 as per applicability.
- 2. Immunity to Surges For Non- Rechargeable fixed battery-operated device without any telecom or power port, this test is not applicable.
- 3. If Smart Electricity Meter is tested as per IS 16444 from the BIS recognized lab, then no separate EMI/EMC & Safety testing is required for MTCTE Certification. However, the testing of rest of the test parameters of ER of Smart Electricity Meter would be required from TEC designated lab(s). (Refer letter no 6-6/2021-TC/TEC dated 28.10.2022 fom TC division, TEC).

### **Annexure- B1: Emission limits as per CISPR22**

### **Parameter Group: EMC**

The value of the limits from "CISPR 22 (2008)" at clause-6 [and reproduced below in tables 4(a), 4(b) & 5(a), 5(b)] shall be used for class B and class A equipment respectively. Further, the limits of table 5 may also be used for equipment in Telecommunication Centres.

Alternatively, the Limits as per Table 4 (a1) & 5 (a1) for measuring distance of 3m are also acceptable, as applicable, in place of Table 4 (a) & 5 (a) respectively.

#### a)Limits below 1 GHz

Table 4(a): Limits for unwanted radiated emission of "Class B" equipment at a measuring distance of 10m.

Frequency range	Limits (quasi-peak)			
30-230 MHz	30 dB (μV/m)			
230- 1000 MHz	37dB (μ V/m)			
Note: 1) The lower limit shall apply at the transitionFrequency.				
Note: 2) Additional provisions may be required for cases where interference occurs.				

Table 5(a): Limits for unwanted radiated emission of "Class A" equipment (for Telecommunication Centres) at a measuring distance of 10m.

Frequency range	Limits (quasi-peak)		
30-230 MHz	40 dB (μV/m)		
230- 1000 MHz	47 dB (μV/m)		
Note: 1) The lower limit shall apply at the transition Frequency.			
Note: 2) Additional provisions may be required forcases where interference occurs.			

#### Note:

Limits are shown here for a measurement distance of 10m. However, measurements made using alternative test sites are also acceptable in accordance with CISPR 22 including clause No. 10.4.5.

Table 4(a1): Limits for unwanted radiated emission of "Class B" Equipment at a measuring distance of 3 m.

Frequency range	limits (quasi — peak)			
30 – 230 MHz	40.5 dB (μV/m)			
230 – 1000 MHz	47.5 dB (μV/m)			
Notes:				
<ol> <li>The lower limits shall apply at transition frequency</li> <li>Additional provisions may be required for cases where interference occurs.</li> </ol>				

Table 5 (a1): Limits for unwanted radiated emission of "Class A" Equipment at a measuring distance of 3 m.

Frequency range	limits (quasi — peak)			
30 – 230 MHz	50.5 dB (μV/m)			
$230 - 1000 \text{ MHz}$ 57.5 dB ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ )				
Notes:				
1.The lower limits shall apply at transition frequency				
2. Additional provisions may be required for cases where interference occurs.				

### b) Limits above 1 GHz

The EUT shall meet the following limits when measured in accordance with the prescribed method and the conditional testing procedure as described.

Table 4(b): Limits for radiated disturbance of "Class B" Eqpt. at a measurement distance of 3 m.

Frequency range	Average limit	Peak limit
GHz	dB (μV/m)	$dB (\mu V/m)$
1 to 3	50	70
3 to 6	54	74

**NOTE:** The lower limit applies at the transition frequency.

Table 5(b): Limits for radiated disturbance of "Class A" Eqpt. at a measurement distance of 3 m.

Frequency range	Average limit	Peak limit	
GHz	dB (μV/m)	dB (μV/m)	
1 to 3	56	76	
3 to 6	60	80	
NOTE :The lower limit applies at the transition frequency.			

#### **Limits for conducted emission**

#### **For Class A equipment**

Table 7: Limit of conducted emission (disturbance) at the main ports of Class A Telecom Equipment

Frequency range	Limit (Quasi -Peak)	Limit (Average)		
0.15 – 0.5 MHz	79 dB (μV)	66 dB (μV)		
0.5-30 MHz 73 dB (μV)		60 dB (μV)		
Note: The lower limit shall apply at the transition Frequencies.				

Table 8(B): Limits for conducted common mode (asymmetric mode) emissions from telecommunication ports of Class A equipment (intended for use in telecommunication centers only).

	<b>Voltage limits dB (</b> μV)		Current limits dB (μA)	
Frequency rangeMHz	Quasi-peak	Average	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	97 to 87	84 to 74	53 to 43	40 to 30
0.5 to 30	87	74	43	30

Note 1: The limits decrease linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Note 2: The current and voltage disturbance limits are derived foruse with an impedance stabilization network (ISN) which presents a common mode (asymmetric mode) impedance of 150  $\Omega$  are telecommunication port under test (conversion factor is 20  $\log_{10}150/1=44$  dB).

#### **For Class B equipment**

Table 6: Limits of conducted emission (disturbance) at the mains ports of Class B Telecom Equipment

Frequency range	Limit (Quasi -Peak)	Limit (Average)		
0.15 -0.5 MHz	66-56 dB (μV)	56-46 dB (μV)		
0.5-5 MHz	56 dB (μV)	46 dB (μV)		
5-30 MHz 60 dB (μV)		50 dB (μV)		
Note: 1) The lower limit shall apply at the transition Frequencies				

*Note:* 1) *The lower limit shall apply at the transition Frequencies.* 

*Note: 2) The limits decreases linearly with logarithm of the Frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.* 

Table 8(A): Limits for conducted common mode (asymmetric mode) emission from telecommunication ports for class B equipment.

Frequency rangeMHz	Voltage limits dB (μV) Quasi-peak Average		Current limits dB (μA) Quasi-peak Average	
0.15 to 0.5	84 to 74	74 to 64	40 to 30	30 to 20
0.5 to 30	74	64	30	20

Note 1: The limits decrease linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Note 2: The current and voltage disturbance limits are derived foruse with an impedance stabilization  $\alpha$  network (ISN) which presents a common mode (asymmetric mode) impedance of 150  $\Omega$  are telecommunication port under test (conversion factor is 20  $\log_{10}150/1=44$  dB).

#### Conditional testing procedure for 1-6 GHz testing:

- a. The highest internal source of an EUT is defined as the highest frequency generated or used within the EUT or on which the EUT operates or tunes.b. If the highest frequency of the internal sources of the EUT is less than 108 MHz, the measurement shall only be made up to 1 GHz.
- c. If the highest frequency of the internal sources of the EUT is between 108 MHz and 500 MHz, the measurement shall only be made up to 2 GHz.
- d. If the highest frequency of the internal sources of the EUT is between 500 MHz, and 1 GHz, the measurement shall only be made up to 5 GHz.
- e. If the highest frequency of the internal sources of the EUT is above 1 GHz, the measurement shall be made up to 5 times the highest frequency or 6 GHz, whichever is less.

#### **Class A and Class B equipment definition:**

- a. **Class B equipment:** "Class B" Telecom equipment is intended primarily for use in the domestic environment and may include:
  - i. equipment with no fixed place of use; for example, portable equipment powered by built- in batteries;
    - ii. Telecommunication terminal equipment powered by a telecommunication network;
      - iii. Personal computers and auxiliary connected equipment.
- b. **Class A equipment:** Class A Telecom equipment is a category of all other Telecom Equipments which satisfies class A Telecom Equipment limits but not the class B limits. Such equipment may cause Radio Interference in the domestic environment.

## Annexure-C1: Frequency Band of Operation for Non-Cellular Radio Equipment

Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
C1.1	Frequency Band For MRTS	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	300/400 MHz or 800 MHz	MRTS Equipment
				Testing procedure as per
				applicable ENxxx standard
			0.25	mentioned in Annexure C3
C1.2	Frequency for HF equipment	Latest NFAP issued by WPC	3 MHz to 30 MHz	HF Equipment
				Testing procedure as per
				applicable ENxxx/FCC standard
				mentioned in Annexure
				C3
C1.3	Frequency for UHF/	Latest NFAP issued by WPC	30 MHz to 1000	VHF/UHF Equipment
01.5	VHF equipment	Editor William Issued by Wild	MHz	Testing procedure as per
	viii equipinent			applicable
				ENxxx standard
				mentioned in Annexure
				C3
C1.4	Frequency for PTP	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	6/ 7/ 13/ 15/ 18/ 23 GHz.	Applicable to all Point to Point
	Radio Interface		Applicable to all Point to Point	Microwave Fixed Radio
			Microwave Fixed Radio	Systems except Split
			Systems except Split	Microwave Indoor Unit
			Microwave Indoor Unit	Testing procedure as per EN
				302 217-2
C1.5	Frequency for PMP	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	10.5/ 26/ 28 GHz.	Applicable to all Point to
	Radio Interface		Applicable to all Point to Multi-	Multi- Point Microwave
			Point Microwave Fixed Radio	Fixed Radio Systems except
			Systems except Split	Split Microwave Indoor Unit
			Microwave Indoor Unit	•

				Testing procedure as per EN 302 326-2
C1.6	Frequency of	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	Lower C-band Receive Frequency	<u> </u>
	Operation - Satellite		3.400-3.700GHz	Appendix- II, Test-2 OR
	Equipment		Trans Frequency 6.425-6.725GHz	ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN
			Note- The equipmentmay	303 xxx ( as per applicability
			operate in part of the bands or	defined in Annex C3)
			cover the full bands listed.	
C1.7	Frequency of	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	Normal C-band Receive	Testing procedure as per
	Operation - Satellite		Frequency 3.700-4.200GHz	Appendix- II, Test-2 OR
	Equipment		Trans Frequency 5.925-6.425GHz	ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN
			Note- The equipmentmay	303 xxx ( as per applicability
			operate in part of the bands or	defined in Annex C3)
			cover the full bands listed.	
C1.8	Frequency of	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	Extended C-band Receive	Testing procedure as per
	Operation - Satellite		Frequency 4.500-4.800 GHz	Appendix- II, Test-2 OR
	Equipment		Trans Frequency 6.725-7.025	ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN
			GHz	303 xxx ( as per applicability
			Note- The equipmentmay	defined in Annex-C3)
			operate in part of the bands or	
			cover the full bandslisted.	
C1.9	Frequency of	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	Ku band	Testing procedure as per
	Operation - Satellite		Receive Frequency	Appendix- II, Test-2 OR
	Equipment		10.7-11.7 GHz	ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN
			12.2-12.75 GHz	303 xxx / ETSI EN 302 xxx ( as
			Trans Frequency 12.75-13.25GHz	per applicability defined in
			12.75-13.25GHZ 13.75-14.0GHz	Annex - C3)
			13.75-14.0GHZ 14.0-14.5 GHz	
			Note- The equipment may	

			operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed.	
C1.10	Frequency for E- Band Radio Interface	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	71-76/81-86 GHz. Note- The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed.	Testing procedure as per EN 302 217-2
C1.11	Frequency for V- Band PTP Radio Interface	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	57-64 GHz Note- The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed	Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 302 217-2
C1.12	Frequency for V- Band PMP Radio Interface	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	57-64 GHz Note- The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed	Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 303 722 or ETSI EN 302 567
C 1. 1 3	Frequency of Operation - Satellite Equipment	Latest NFAP issued by WPC.	Ka band Receive Frequency: 17.7- 21.2 GHz Trans Frequency: 27-31 GHz Note- The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed	Testing procedure as per: Appendix-II, Test-2 OR ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN 303 xxx (as per applicability defined in Annex C3)

Note: Frequency of operation requirements is as per the latest NFAP issued by WPC and the requirements in NFAP supersede the

requirements listed here.

## **Annexure-C2: Transmitted Power/ EIRP for Non-Cellular Radio Equipment**

Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
C2.1	Max RF Power Output MRTS Base Stn	As per	100 W	MRTS Base Stations
		DoT/WPC		Testing procedure as per applicable
		license		ENxxx standard
		conditions		mentioned Annexure C3
C2.2	Max RF Power Output MRTS Mobile Stn	As per	30 W	MRTS Fixed Mobile Equipment
		DoT/WPC		Testing procedure as per
		license		applicable ENxxx standard
		conditions		mentioned
				Annexure C3
C2.3	Max RF Power Output for MRTS Handheld	As per	3 W	MRTS Handheld Equipment
	Stn	DoT/WPC		Testing procedure as per
		license		applicable ENxxx standard
		conditions		mentioned
C2.4	Man DE Day and Outstant for MDTC Eleval Cta		2014	Annexure C3
C2.4	Max RF Power Output for MRTS Fixed Stn	As per	30W	MRTS Fixed Equipment
		DoT/WPC		Testing procedure as per
		license		applicable ENxxx standard
		conditions		mentioned Annexure C3
C2.5	Max Transmit Power for HF Base Stn	As per	As per	HF Base Stations
		DoT/WPC	DoT/WPC	Testing procedure as per
		license	prescribed	applicable ENxxx/FCC standard
		conditions	limit	mentioned Annexure C3
C2.6	Max Transmit Power for HF HH Stn	As per	As per	HF Handheld Equipment
		DoT/WPC	DoT/WPC	Testing procedure as per applicable
		license	prescribed	ENxxx/FCC standard
		neciioe	1	mentioned Annexure C3

		conditions	limit	
C2.7	Max Transmit Power for HF Mob Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	HF Mobile Equipment Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx/FCC standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.8	Max Transmit Power for HF Fixed Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	HF Fixed Equipment Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx/FCC standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.9	Max Transmit Power for UHF/VHF Base Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	VHF/UHF Base Station Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.10	Max Transmit Power for UHF/VHF HH Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	VHF/UHF Handheld Equipment Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.11	Max Transmit Power for UHF/VHF Mob Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	VHF/UHF Mobile Equipment Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.12	Max Transmit Power for UHF/VHF Fixed Stn	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	VHF/UHF Fixed Equipment Testing procedure as per applicable ENxxx standard mentioned Annexure C3
C2.13	Transmit Power for PTP Radio interface	As per DoT/WPC	As per DoT/WPC	Applicable to all Point to Point Microwave Fixed Radio Systems

		license conditions	prescribed limit	except Split Microwave Indoor Unit
				Testing procedure as per EN 302 217-2 or Appendix-II, Test-3
C2.14	Transmit Power for PMP Radio Interface	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	Applicable to all Point to Multi- Point Microwave Fixed Radio Systems except Split Microwave Indoor Unit Testing procedure as per EN 302 326-2 or Appendix-II, Test-3
C2.15	Transmit Power - Satellite Equipment	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	Testing procedure as per Appendix- II, Test-2 OR ETSI EN 301 xxx / ETSI EN 303 xxx / ETSI EN 302 xxx (as per applicability defined in Annex C3)
C2.16	Maximum Transmit Power for E-Band Radio interface	As per DoT/WPC license conditions OR TEC Standard 36060:2022	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 302 217-2
C2.17	Maximum Transmit Power for V-Band PTP Radio interface	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 302 217-2
C2.18	Maximum Transmit Power for V-Band PMP Radio interface	As per DoT/WPC license conditions	As per DoT/WPC prescribed limit	Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 303 722 or ETSI EN 302 567

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Note: EIRP requirements i.e. Limits/Values shall be as per the latest NFAP and GSRs issued by WPC, DoT and the requirements in NFAP and GSRs supersede the requirements listed here.

## **Annexure-C3: Radio Conformance Requirement for Non-Cellular Radio Equipment**

Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)

S. No.	Equipme nt Name	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
C3.1	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 113	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for transmission of data and/or speech and having antenna connector
C3.2	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 390	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for transmission of data and/or speech and having integral antenna
C3.3	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 086	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for analogue speech and having internal or external RF connector
C3.4	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 296	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for analogue speech and having integral antenna
C3.5	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 219	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant to transmit signals to initiate specific receiver response
C3.6	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 300 341	Compliance	Applicable for equipment, using integral antenna, meant to transmit signals to initiate specific receiver response

C3.7	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 301 166	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for transmission of data and/or speech and operating on narrow band channels (<10KHz) and having antenna connector
C3.8	MRTS Equipment	Conformance to standards for MRTS	ETSI EN 302 561	Compliance	Applicable for Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA)
C3.9	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 113	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for transmission of data and/or speech and having antenna connector
C3.10	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 390	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for transmission of data and/or speech and having integral antenna
C3.11	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 086	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for analog speech and having internal or external RF connector
C3.12	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 296	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant for analog speech and having integral antenna
C3.13	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 219	Compliance	Applicable for equipment meant to transmit signals to initiate specific receiver response

C3.14	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 341	Compliance	Applicable for equipment, using integral antenna, meant to transmit signals to initiate specific receiver response
C3.15	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 783	Compliance	Applicable for commercial amateur radio equipment.
C3.16	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 720	Compliance	Applicable for UHF On-board vessels communication systems.
C3.17	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 301 925	Compliance	Applicable for Radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for maritime mobile service operating in VHF band
C3.18	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 301 178	Compliance	Applicable for portable VHF radiotelephone equipment for the maritime mobile service (for non-GMDSS applications only)
C3.19	VHF/UHF Equipment	Conformance to standards for Equipment used in VHF/UHF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 698	Compliance	Applicable for Radio telephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands used on inland waterway
C3.20	HF Equipment	HF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 300 433	Compliance	Applicable to Citizen band (CB) Radio equipment.

C3.21	HF Equipment	HF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 303 402	Compliance	Applicable to maritime mobile transmitters and receivers.
C3.22	HF Equipment	HF Radio Systems	ETSI EN 301 783	Compliance	Applicable to commercially available amateur radio equipment.
C3. 23	HF Equipment	HF Radio Systems	FCC CFR47 Part 90	Compliance	Applicable to private HF land mobile Radios
C3.24	PTP Microwave Fixed Radio Systems	PTP Fixed Digital Radio Conformance	ETSI EN 302 217-2	Compliance	Applicable to all Point to Point Microwave Fixed Radio Systems except Split Microwave Indoor Unit
C3.25	PMP Microwave Fixed Radio Systems	PMP Fixed Digital Radio Conformance	ETSI EN 302 326- 2	Compliance	Applicable to all Point to Multi-Point Microwave Fixed Radio Systems except Split Microwave Indoor Unit
C3.26	GSO VSAT/GSO User Terminal (static)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 301 443	Compliance	For C Band

C3.27	GSO VSAT/ GSO User Terminal (static)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 301 428	Compliance	For Ku Band
C3.28	GSO VSAT/GSO User Terminal (Static)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 301 360/ EN 301 459	Compliance	For Ka Band
C3.29	GSO VSAT/GSO User Terminal (ESIM/TES)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 301 447	Compliance	For C Band
C3.30	GSO VSAT/GSO User Terminal (ESIM/TES)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 302 186/ EN 302 340/ EN 302 977	Compliance	For Ku Band
C3.31	GSO VSAT/GSO User Terminal (ESIM/TES)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 303 978	Compliance	For Ka Band
C3.32	NGSO User Terminal (static)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 303 980 / ETSIEN 303 981	Compliance	For Ku Band

C3.33	NGSO User Terminal (static)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	Compliance to ETSI EN 303 699	Compliance	For Ka Band
C3.34	NGSO User Terminal (ESIM or TES)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	ETSI EN 303 980 / ETSIEN 303 981	Compliance	For Ku Band
C3.35	NGSO User Terminal (ESIM or TES)	Conformance to standards for Satellite	ETSI EN 303 979	Compliance	For Ka Band
C3.36	NGSO Integrated Gateway	Conformance to standards for Satellite	ETSI EN 303 980 / ETSIEN 303 981	Compliance	For Ku Band
C3.37	NGSO Integrated Gateway	Conformance to standards for Satellite	ETSI EN 303 699	Compliance	For Ka Band
C3.38	E- Band Microwave Fixed Radio Systems	E-band_Tx/Rx Separation	As per TEC Standard 36060:2022 OR ETSI EN 302 217-2	Compliance	Applicable to all E-Band Microwave Fixed Radio Systems Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 302 217-2
C3.39		E-Band_Co-channel_C/I	As per TEC Standard	Compliance	

			36060:2022		
			OR		
			ETSI EN 302 217-2		
C3.40			As per TEC Standard 36060:2022	Compliance	
		E- Band_Adjacent_Channel_C/	OR		
		1	ETSI EN 302 217-2		
C3.41		E-	As per TEC Standard 36060:2022	Compliance	
		Band_TX_Spurious_Harmo nics	OR		
			ETSI EN 302 217-2		
C3.42	V-Band Microwave	V-Band PTP Fixed Radio Conformance	ETSI EN 302 217-2	Compliance	Applicable to all V-Band Microwave PTP Fixed Radio Systems
	Fixed Radio Systems				Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 302 217-2
C3.43		V-Band PMP Fixed Radio Conformance	ETSI EN 303 722 or ETSI EN 302 567	Compliance	Applicable to all V-Band Microwave PMP Fixed Radio Systems
					Testing procedure as per ETSI EN 303 722 ETCLEN 202 567
					or ETSI EN 302 567

#### **Note to Annexure -C:**

- 1. "Frequency of operation" and "maximum transmitted power "shall be entered in BOM file as per guidelines of WPC/DOT.
- 2. Usage scenario of equipment shall be entered in BOM. Various Usage Scenarios for different types of equipment like MRTS equipment, VHF/UHF/HF Radio are listed in Annexure-C3 along-with the applicable EN standard. There may be multiple ENs applicable for a single usage scenario as per the applicability mentioned. For example HF Radio intended for Maritime usage in Citizen Band will have to get conformance against both EN standard mentioned in Annexure C3.20 & Annexure C3.21.
  - Type of VHF/UHF/HF/MRTS equipment- Base station fixed mobile transportable equipment; handheld, base band processing equipment etc. shall be entered in BOM.
- 3. Usage scenario of NGSO User terminal or other satellite equipment shall be entered in BOM. For instance, User terminal can be static terminal or moveable terminal like Earth Stations in Motion (ESIM) or portable terminal like Transportable Earth Station (TES) etc. Various usage scenarios of satellite equipment are mentioned in Annexure C3 along with the applicable EN standard(s)
- Annexure to ERs 2.28/ April 2025
  4. For all types of equipment covered in Annexure C, the Radio Conformance Requirements (Limits/Values) listed in Annexure C3 do not include Limits/Values for RF technical parameters Frequency of operation and Transmit power, which are explicitly mentioned in Annexure C1 and Annexure C2. These RF parameters are governed by National regulations as listed in Annexure C1 and C2.

## Annexure-D: Parameters for 2-wire PSTN Lines, Trunks lines and CPEs connected thereon (INT2W & CPE2W)

Parameter Group: 2-Wire Interface (INT2W) and CPEs connected on 2-Wire (CPE2W)

S. No.	Equipment Name	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
D.1	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces Longitudinal/ Tra Conversion L		Q.552 Clause 2.2.2 & Figure 2 / TBR.21 Clause 4.4.3	As in Figure 2, Annexure-D4	Refer Note 1
D.2	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Return Loss	Q.552 Clause 2.2.1.2 and Figure 1	As in Figure 1, Annexure-D4	
D.3	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Over Voltage/ Over Current Protection	K.21	Compliance	Compliance of this test only if port is connected to external lines e.g. in case of xDSL lines.
D.4	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Maximum Loop Current	ETSI EN 300 001	< 60 mA	
D.5	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Idle State Current	ETSI EN 300 001	< 40 μΑ/ 130μΑ	Without/ with CLIP display
D.6	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Insulation Test	ETSI EN 300 001	≥ 5 MΩ	Refer Note 1
D.7	2-Wire CPEs and Interfaces	Resistance to Earth	TBR-21 Clause 4.4.4	≥ 10 MΩ	
D.8	2-wire Trunk Line	DC Resistance	ETSI TBR-21 Clause 4.4.1	≥ 1 MΩ	
D.9	2-wire Trunk Line	Minimum Current on MGW Trunk Line	ETSI EN 300 001	≥ 60 µA	
D.10	Telephones/ Fax with Handset	Acoustic Shock Absorption	P.360 Clause 4.1	Compliance	
D.11	Audio Conferencing Equipment	Voice Conference Verification	Functional Test	Compliance	
D.12	Fax, Modem	Transmit Power for Fax Machine/ Modem	T.4 Clause 6	-3dBm to -15 dBm	
D.13	Fax	Receiver Sensitivity for FAX	T.4 Clause 7	> -43 dBm	
D.14	Modem	Receiver Signal for Modem	V.34 (para 6.6)	> -43 dBm ON < -48 dBm OFF	

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D.15	2-wire line and trunk	Transmission of DTMF Signals	Q.23 Clause 6 and 7	Compliance	
D.16	2- Wire Trunk	Current on Junction/ Trunk		< 60 mA	
		Line in PABX			

## **Annexure-D1: ISDN Layer-III Specifications Test**

**Parameter Group: ISDN Conformance (ISDNCONF)** 

S. No.	Equipment	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/	Applicability/ Remarks
	Name			Values	
D1.1	ISDN BRI and	Layer III specification Messages for	Q.931		
	PRI	circuit-mode connection basic call	Applicable to ISDN BRI and		
		control.	PRI		
D1.2		ALERTING	Clause no. 3.1.1		
D1.3		CALL PROCEEDING	Clause no. 3.1.2		
D1.4		CONNECT	Clause no. 3.1.3		
D1.5		SETUP	Clause no. 3.1.14	Compliance	
D1.6		SETUP ACKNOWLEDGE	Clause no. 3.1.15		
D1.7		DISCONNECT	Clause no. 3.1.5		
D1.8		RELEASE	Clause no. 3.1.9		
D1.9		D1.10 <b>RELEASE</b> COMPLETE	Clause no. 3.1.10		
D1.11		Bearer capability	Clause no. 4.5.5		
D1.12		Called party number	Clause no. 4.5.8		
D1.13		Calling party number	Clause no. 4.5.10		
D1.14		Channel identification	Clause no. 4.5.13		
D1.15		Normal call clearing	As per Table 6-5		
D1.16		Call clearing User Busy	As per Table 6-5		
D1.17		Call clearing Invalid number format or	As per Table 6-5		
		incomplete number	-		
D1.18		Call clearing No answer	As per Table 6-5		

## **Annexure-D2: Parameters for Cordless Telephone**

Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)

Note: Maximum Range shall be 100 m.

S. No.	Parameter Name	Frequency	Power	Remarks
D2.1	Frequency band of Operation and Transmit Power – Base Unit only	1610, 1640, 1675, 1690 KHz	Transmit power < 500 mW	
D2.2	Frequency band of Operation and Transmit Power – Base and Remote Unit	26.375, 26.475, 26.575, 26.625, 46.675, 46.725, 46.775, 46.825, 46.830, 49.845, 49.860, 49.875 MHz.	Transmit power < 500 mW for Base Unit Transmit Power < 200 mW for Remote Unit	
D2.3	Frequency band of Operation and Transmit Power – Remote Unit only	150.360, 150.750, 150.850, 150.950 MHz.	Transmit power < 50 mW	
D2.4	Transmitted frequency by Base Unit	46.610, 46.630, 46.670, 46.710, 46.730, 46.770, 46.830, 46.870, 46.930, 46.970, 43.720, 43.740, 43.820, 43.840, 43.920, 43.960, 44.120, 44.160, 44.180, 44.200, 44.320, 44.360, 44.400, 44.460, 44.480 MHz	RF Power < 500 mW	
D2.5	Transmitted frequency by Handset	49.670, 49.845, 49.860, 49.770, 49.875, 49.830, 49.890, 49.930, 49.990, 49.970, 48.760, 48.840, 48.860, 48.920, 49.020, 49.080, 49.100, 49.160, 49.200, 49.240, 49.280, 49.360, 49.400, 49.460, 49.500 MHz	RF Power < 100 mW	
D2.6	Frequency of Operation	926-926.5 MHz	Very low power Cordless Phone	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Frequency	Power	Remarks
D2.7	Frequency and Power for FHSS	2.4-2.4835 GHz	Power < 100 mW Power Spectral Density < 100 mW/100 KHz EIRP	
D2.8	D2.9 Frequency and Power for other modulation types	2.4-2.4835 GHz	Power < 100 mW Power Spectral Density < 10 mW/1 MHz EIRP	
D2.10	Frequency and Power in 5 GHz band	5.150-5.350 and 5.725-5.875 GHz	Mean EIRP < 200 mW Power Spectral Density < 10 mW/1 MHz EIRP	
D2.11	Maximum Frequency Deviation	5 Khz		
D2.12	Transmitter narrowband spurious emission	30 MHz- 1 GHz	When operating: < -36dBm, When in stand-by: < -57 dBm.	
D2.13	Transmitter narrowband spurious emission	>1GHz-12.75GHz	When operating: < -30dBm, When in stand-by: < -47 dBm.	
D2.14	Transmitter narrowband spurious emission	>1.8GHz-1.9GHz and 5.15 GHz-5.3 GHz	When operating: < -47dBm, When in stand-by: < -47 dBm.	
D2.15	Transmitter wideband spurious emission	30 MHz-1GHz	When operating: < -86dBm/Hz, When in stand-by: < -107 dBm/Hz.	
D2.16	Transmitter wideband spurious emission	>1GHz-12.75GHz	When operating: < -80dBm/Hz, When in stand-by: < -97 dBm/Hz.	
D2.17	Transmitter wideband spurious emission	>1.8GHz-1.9GHz and 5.15 GHz-5.3 GHz	When operating: < -97dBm/Hz, When in stand-by: < -97 dBm/Hz.	
D2.18	Receiver narrowband spurious emission	30 MHz-1GHz	< -57 dBm	
D2.19	Receiver narrowband spurious emission	>1GHz-12.75GHz	< -47 dBm	
D2.20	Receiver wideband spurious emission	30 MHz-1GHz	< -107 dBm/Hz	
D2.21	Receiver wideband spurious emission	>1GHz-12.75GHz	< -97 dBm/Hz	

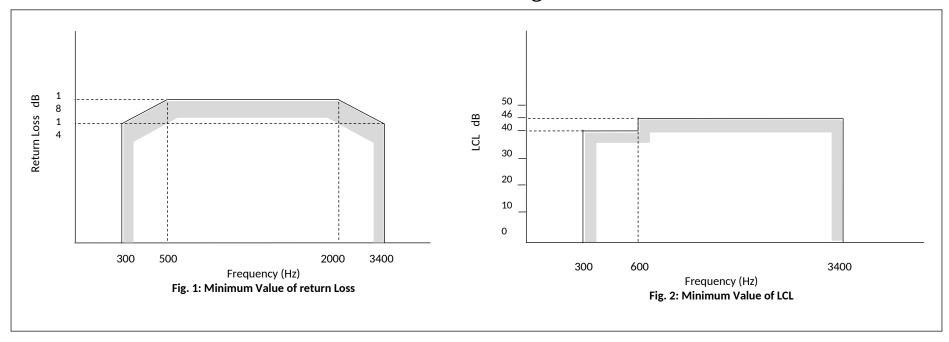
### **Annexure-D3: CCS#7 Conformance Parameters**

**Parameter Group: ISDN Conformance (ISDNCONF)** 

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Test no.	Applicability/ Remarks
D3.1	CCS#7 MTP2 Parameters	Timer T2	ITU-T Q.781. Annex- D3	Test 1.2	
D3.2	CCS#7 MTP2 Parameters	Timer T3	ITU-T Q.781. Annex- D3	Test 1.3	
D3.3	CCS#7 MTP2 Parameters	Timer T4 and T1	ITU-T Q.781. Annex- D3	Test 1.4	Signaling Gateway and
D3.4	CCS#7 MTP2 Parameters	Normal Alignment	ITU-T Q.781. Annex- D3	Test 1.5	Media Gateway
D3.5	CCS#7 MTP2 Parameters	Emergency Alignment T4E	ITU-T Q.781. Annex- D3	Test 1.19	
D3.6	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	SignallingLinkset deactivation	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 1.2	
D3.7	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	SignallingLinkset activation	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 1.3	
D3.8	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Message with Invalid DPC	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 2.2	
D3.9	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Message with erroneous SI	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 2.3	
D3.10	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Additional CBD	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 4.3	
D3.11	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	No acknowledgement to first CBD	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 4.4	
D3.12	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Inhibition of available link	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test7.1.1	
D3.13	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Inhibition of unavailable link	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 7.1.2	
D3.14	CCS#7 MTP3 Parameters	Signaling Link test: After activation of a link	ITU-T Q.782. Annex- D3	Test 12.1	
D3.15	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Reset Received	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.2.1	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Test no.	Applicability/ Remarks
			D3		
D3.16	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Reset Sent	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.2.2	
			D3		Signaling Gateway
D3.17	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Circuit Group Reset Received	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.2.5	
		_	D3		
D3.18	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Circuit Group Reset Sent	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.2.6	
		_	D3		
D3.19	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	CGB and CGU Received	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.3.1.1	
			D3		
D3.20	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	CGB and CGU Sent	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.3.1.2	
			D3		
D3.21	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Circuit Blocking received	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.3.2.1	
			D3		
D3.22	CCS#7 ISUP Parameters	Circuit Blocking sent	ITU-T Q.784. Annex-	Test 1.3.2.2	
			D3		

## **Annexure-D4: Figures**



## **Annexure-F: Frequency of Operation for Cellular Wireless Interfaces and Equipment**

S. No.	Technology	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks	Test Procedure
F.1	CDMA2000	Frequency of Operation		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
				WPC.		Test 36
F.2	2G/ GSM/ GPRS/	Frequency of Operation		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
	EDGE			WPC.		Test 36
F.3	3G/ WCDMA/ HSPA	Frequency of Operation		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
				WPC.		Test 36
F.4	4G/ LTE/ LTE-A	Frequency of Operation		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
				WPC.		Test 36
F.5	5G FR1, FR2 and	Frequency of Operation		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
	interworking with other			WPC.		Test 36
	Radios					
F.6	BTS with MSR	BTS with MSR Operating		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
		Frequency		WPC.		Test 36
F.7	BTS with AAS	BTS with AAS Operating		Latest NFAP issued by		Appendix - II
		Frequency		WPC.		Test 36

# Annexure-F1: Radio Conformance Test for Base Transceiver Station (BTS) and Compact Cellular Network (CCN)

### using 2G/ GSM/ GPRS/ EDGE Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/ Remarks
F1.1		Adjacent channel power	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.5	1
F1.2		Wideband noise and intra BSS intermodulation attenuation in multicarrier operation	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.12	
F1.3	GSM BTS Transmitter	Spurious emissions from the transmitter antenna connector	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.6	
F1.4	Parameters	Mean transmitted RF carrier power	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.3	
F1.5		Intermodulation attenuation	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.7	
F1.6		Intra Base Station System intermodulation attenuation	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 6.8	
F1.7		Radiated spurious emissions	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 8	
F1.8		Static Reference Sensitivity Level	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.3	
F1.9		Reference interference level	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.5	
F1.10	GSM BTS Receiver	Blocking Characteristics	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.6	
F1.11	Parameters	Intermodulation characteristics	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.7	1
F1.12		AM suppression	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.8	1
F1.13		Spurious emissions from the receiver antenna connector	3GPP TS 51.021	Clause 7.9	

# Annexure-F2: Radio Conformance Test for NodeB and Compact Cellular Network (CCN) using 3G/WCDMA/HSPA Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/ Remarks
F2.1	WCDMA NodeB	Spectrum emission mask	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.5.2.1	
F2.2	Transmitter Parameters	Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.5.2.2	
F2.3		Spurious emissions	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.5.3	NodeB and CCN
F2.4		Base station output power	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.2	Noded alla CCN
F2.5		Transmitter intermodulation	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.6	
F2.6	WCDMA NodeB	Spurious Emissions	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 7.7	
F2.7	Receiver	Blocking characteristics	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 7.5	
F2.8	Parameters	Intermodulation characteristics	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 7.6	
F2.9		Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 7.4	
F2.10		Reference sensitivity level	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 7.2	
F2.11	WCDMA NodeB Home BTS AdjChl Op Power	Home base station output power for adjacent channel protection	3GPP TS 25.141	Clause 6.4.6	NodeB

# Annexure-F3: Radio Conformance Test for eNodeB and Compact Cellular Network (CCN) using 4G/LTE/LTE-A Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/ Remarks
F3.1	LTE eNodeB Transmitter	Operating band unwanted emissions	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.6.3	
F3.2	Parameters	Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.6.2	
F3.3		Transmitter spurious emissions	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.6.4	
F3.4		Base station output power	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.2	
F3.5		Transmitter intermodulation	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.7	N I D I CON
F3.6	LTE eNodeB Receiver Parameters	Receiver spurious emissions	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 7.7	eNodeB and CCN
F3.7		Blocking	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 7.6	
F3.8		Receiver intermodulation	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 7.8	
F3.9		Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) and narrow-band blocking	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 7.5	
F3.10		Reference sensitivity level	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 7.2	
F3.11	LTE eNodeB Home BS Parameters	Home BS output power for adjacent UTRA channel protection: Applicable to Home base Station only	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.2.6	
F3.12		Home BS output power for adjacent E-UTRA channel	3GPP TS	Clause	eNodeB
		protection: Applicable to Home base Station only	36.141	6.2.7	erroued
F3.13		Home BS output power for co-channel E-UTRA protection: Applicable to Home base Station only	3GPP TS 36.141	Clause 6.2.8	

# Annexure-F4: Radio Conformance Test for Base Station (BS) using Multi Standard Radio (MSR) <u>Technology</u>

S. No.	Parameter	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/
	Name				Remarks
F4.1	BS with MSR	Base Station output power	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 6.2	
F4.2	Transmitter	Transmitter spurious emissions	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 6.6.1	
F4.3	Parameters	Operating band unwanted emissions	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 6.6.2	
F4.4		Adjacent Channel Leakage Power	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 6.6.4	
		Ratio (ACLR)		Clause 0.0.4	
F4.5		Transmitter intermodulation	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 6.7	BS with MSR
F4.6	BS with MSR	Receiver spurious emissions	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 7.6	
F4.7	Receiver	In-band selectivity and blocking or In	3GPP TS 37.141		
	Parameters	Band Blocking and Narrow band		Clause 7.4	
		Blocking			
F4.8		Out-of-band blocking	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 7.5	
F4.9	1	Receiver intermodulation	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 7.7	
F4.10		Reference sensitivity level	3GPP TS 37.141	Clause 7.2	

### Annexure-F5: Radio Conformance Test for Base station (BS) using Active Antenna System (AAS)

S. No.	Parameter	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/
	Name				Remarks
F5.1	BS with AAS	Base Station output power	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.2	
F5.2	Transmitter	Spurious emission	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.6.6	
F5.3	Parameters	Operating band unwanted emission	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.6.5	
F5.4		Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.6.3	
F5.5	]	Spectrum emission mask	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.6.4	
F5.6	]	Transmitter intermodulation	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 6.7	
F5.7	BS with AAS	Reference sensitivity level	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 7.2	BS with AAS
F5.8	Receiver Parameters	Adjacent channel selectivity and narrowband blocking or In Band Blocking and Narrow band Blocking	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 7.4	
F5.9		Blocking or out-of-band blocking	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 7.5	
F5.10		Receiver spurious emissions	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 7.6	
F5.11		Receiver intermodulation	3GPP TS 37.145-1	Clause 7.7	

#### Annexure-F6: Radio Conformance Test for Cellular Wireless Repeaters using 2G/GSM Technology

Parameter Group: Cellular (CELLULAR)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/ Remarks
F6.1	GSM Repeater	Output Power	3GPP TS 45.005	Clause 4.1.2	
F6.2	Station Parameters	Spurious emissions	3GPP TS 51.026	Clause 5	
F6.3		Frequency Error	3GPP TS 51.026	Clause 8	
F6.4		Intermodulation Attenuation	3GPP TS 51.026	Clause 6	
F6.5		Out of Band Gain	3GPP TS 51.026	Clause 7	

### Annexure-F7: Radio Conformance Test for Cellular Wireless Repeaters using 3G/WCDMA ULTRA FDD Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Clause	Applicability/ Remarks
F7.1	WCDMA Repeater Station	Output Power	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 6	
F7.2	Parameters	Out of band emission	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 9.1	
F7.3		Spurious emissions	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 9.2	
F7.4		Input intermodulation	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 11	
F7.5		Out of band gain	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 8	
F7.6	1	Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 13	
F7.8		Output intermodulation	3GPP TS 25.143	Clause 12	

# Annexure-F8: Radio Conformance Test for Cellular Wireless Repeaters using 4G/LTE FDD <u>Technology</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Applicability /Remarks
F8.1	LTE Repeater	Output Power	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 6	
F8.2	Station Parameters	Operating band unwanted emissions	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 9.1	
F8.3		Spurious emissions	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 9.2	
F8.4		Input intermodulation	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 11	
F8.5		Out of band gain	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 8	
F8.6		Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 13	
F8.7		Output intermodulation	3GPP TS 36.143 Clause 12	

# Annexure-F9: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using CDMA2000 Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standa	rd	Applicability/Remarks
F9.1	CDMA Int	Transmitter Maximum output	1x: S0011 Clause 4.4.5	EN 301 908-04	Test setup and test procedure along
	Parameters	power		(CDMA) Clause	with the equipment required to
				4.2.3	conduct test must be included as
					available for Test 39 otherwise
					evaluation of applications of Labs for
					CAB/CB accreditation not possible.
F9.2		Transmitter Spectrum	1x: S0011 Clause 4.5.1	EN 301 908-04	Same as above
		emissions mask		(CDMA) Clause	
				4.2.2	
F9.3		Transmitter spurious emissions	1x: S0011 Clause 4.5.1	EN 301 908-04	Same as above
		in active mode (Conducted)		(CDMA) Clause	
				4.2.2	
F9.4		Receiver spurious emission in	1x: S0011 Clause 3.6	EN 301 908-04	Same as above
		idle mode (Conducted)		(CDMA) Clause	
				4.2.5	
F9.5		Receiver Adjacent Channel		EN 301 908-04	Same as above
		Selectivity		(CDMA) Clause	
F0.6		(ACS)		4.2.8	
F9.6		Receiver In-band blocking		EN 301 908-04	Same as above
				(CDMA) Clause	
Trl C-	11		Decree and Alexander Decre	4.2.6	
1 ne to	onowing parame	ter "Frequency Stability" and "I	Power control Absolute Power Environmental Mentoring o		applicable for End Point Devices for
F9.7		Frequency Stability	1x: S0011 4.1	EN 301 908-04	Compliance to given Standard
1 5.7		l requeincy stability	1A. 50011 1.1	(CDMA)	Test setup and test procedure along
				(321111)	with the equipment required to

				conduct test must be included as available for Test 39 otherwise evaluation of applications of Labs for CAB/CB accreditation not possible.
F9.8	Recei	iver Reference Sensitivity Level	EN 301 908-04 (CDMA)	Compliance to given Standard Test setup and test procedure along with the equipment required to conduct test must be included as available for Test 39 otherwise evaluation of applications of Labs for CAB/CB accreditation not possible.

#### Annexure-F10: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using GSM/ GPRS/ EDGE Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard		Applicability/Remarks
F10.1	GSM Int Parameters	Transmitter Maximum output power	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 13.3	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.5	GSM Test setup and test procedure along with the equipment required to conduct test must be included as available for Test 39 otherwise evaluation of applications of Labs for CAB/CB accreditation not possible.
F10.2		Transmitter Maximum output power	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 13.16.2	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.10	GPRS/ EDGE Same as above.

S. No. Parameter Name		Parameter Name Individual Parameter Name		ırd	Applicability/Remarks	
F10.3		Output RF Spectrum	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 13.4	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.6	GSM Same as above.	
F10.4		Output RF Spectrum	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 13.16.3	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.11	GPRS/ EDGE Same as above.	
F10.5		Spurious emissions (MS allocated a channel)	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 12.1.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.12	GSM Same as above.	
F10.6		Spurious emission (MS in idle mode)	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 12.1.2	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.13	GSM Same as above.	
F10.7		Frequency Error and phase error	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 13.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.1	GSM Same as above.	
F10.8		Frequency Error and phase error	GPRS:3GPP TS 51 010- 1 Clause 13.16.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.4	GPRS/ EDGE Same as above.	
F10.9		Reference sensitivity level (speech channels)	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 14.2.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.42	GSM Same as above.	
F10.10		Adjacent Channel Rejection (speech channels)	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 14.5.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.38	GSM Same as above.	
F10.11		Receiver blocking	3GPP TS 51 010-1 Clause 14.7.1	EN 301 511 (GSM) Clause 4.2.20	GSM Same as above.	

# Annexure-F11: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using WCDMA/ HSPA Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard		Applicability/Remarks
F11.1	WCDMA Int	Transmitter Maximum output power	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Test setup and test
	Parameters		Clause 5.2	(UMTS) Clause	procedure along with the

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Stan	dard	Applicability/Remarks
				4.2.2	equipment required to conduct test must be
					included as available for
					Test 39 otherwise
					evaluation of applications
					of Labs for CAB/CB
					accreditation not possible.
F11.2		Transmitter Spectrum emissions mask	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 5.9	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.3	
F11.3		Transmitter spurious emissions	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 5.11	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.4	
F11.4		Receiver spurious emission	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 6.8	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.10	
F11.5		Transmitter Minimum Output Power	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 5.4.3	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.5	
F11.6		Receiver Reference sensitivity level	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 6.2	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.13	_
F11.7		Receiver Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 6.4	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.6	
F11.8		Receiver In-band blocking	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Same as above
			Clause 6.5.2.1	(UMTS) Clause	
				4.2.7	
	The following param	eter "Frequency Stability" shall be applicable f			
F11.9		Frequency Stability	3GPP TS 34.121-1	EN 301 908-2	Compliance to given
			5.3	(UM3GPP TS)	Standard.

#### Annexure-F12: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using LTE/ LTE-A Technology

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Stand	lard	Applicability/Remarks
F12.1	LTE Int	Maximum output power	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Test setup and test procedure
	Parameters	T. T. T.	Clause 6.2.2	Clause 4.2.2	along with the equipment
					required to conduct test must be
					included as available for Test
					39 otherwise evaluation of
					applications of Labs for
					CAB/CB accreditation not
					possible.
F12.2		Spectrum emissions mask	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
			Clause 6.6.2.1	Clause 4.2.3	
F12.3		Spurious emissions	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
			Clauses 6.6.3.1, 6.6.3.2,	Clause 4.2.4	
			6.6.3.3		
F12.4		Receiver spurious emission	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
			Clause 7.9	Clause 4.2.10	
F12.5		Receiver Reference Sensitivity	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
		level	Clause 7.3	Clause 4.2.12	
F12.6		Receiver Adjacent Channel	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
		Selectivity	Clause 7.5	Clause 4.2.6	
		(ACS)			
F12.7		Receiver In-band blocking	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Same as above
			Clause 7.6.1	Clause 4.2.7	
The fo	llowing parameter '	Frequency Stability" and "Powe' Envi	r control Absolute Power T ronmental Mentoring only.		ble tor End Point Devices for
F12.8		Frequency Stability	3GPP TS 36.521-1 6.5	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Compliance to given Standard.
F12.9		Power control Absolute Power	3GPP TS 36.521-1	EN 301 908-13 (LTE)	Compliance to given Standard.

1			
	Tolerance	6.3.5.1	

# Annexure-F13: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using 5G NR-FR1 and FR2 interworking with other Radios

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard
F12.10	5G NR- FR1 and	Additional Spectrum emissions mask for inter-band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.2.3.2
F12.11	FR2 interworking	Additional Spurious emissions for inter-band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.4.3
F12.12	with other Radios	Adjacent channel leakage ratio for Inter-band EN-DC including FR2	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.2.4.3
		2CCs	
F12.13		Adjacent channel leakage ratio for inter-band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.2.3.3
F12.14		Adjacent channel selectivity for inter-band EN-DC within FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.5B.3
F12.15		Adjacent channel selectivity for intra-band contiguous EN-DC 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.5B.1
F12.16		General spurious emissions for inter-band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.3.3.1
F12.17		General spurious emissions for intra-band contiguous EN-DC	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.3.1.1
F12.18		Inband blocking for inter-band EN-DC within FR1-2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.2.3
F12.19		Inband blocking for intra-band contiguous EN-DC in FR1-2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.2.1
F12.20		Minimum output power for EN-DC Inter-band including FR2	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.3B.1.4
F12.21		Minimum Output Power for intra-band contiguous EN-DC	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.3B.1.1
F12.22		Minimum output power for intra-band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.3B.1.3
F12.23		Narrow band blocking for inter band EN DC within FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.4.3
F12.24		Narrow band blocking for intra band contiguous EN DC in FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.4.1

F12.25	Out-of-band blocking for inter-band EN-DC within FR1-2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.3.3
F12.26	Out-of-band blocking for intra-band contiguous EN-DC in FR1-2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.6B.3.1
F12.27	Reference sensitivity for EN-DC within FR1 3CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.3B.2.3_1.1
F12.28	Reference sensitivity for inter-band EN-DC including FR2	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.3B.2.4
F12.29	Reference sensitivity for inter-band EN-DC within FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.3B.2.3
F12.30	Reference sensitivity for intra-band contiguous EN-DC 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.3B.2.1
F12.31	Spectrum emissions mask for inter- band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.2.3.1
F12.32	Spectrum emissions mask for inter-band EN- DC including FR2 (2 CCs)	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.2.4.1
F12.33	Spurious emission band UE co-existence for intra-band contiguous EN-DC	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.3.1.2
F12.34	Spurious emissions band UE co-existence for inter-band within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.5B.3.3.2
F12.35	Spurious Emissions for EN DC within FR1 3CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.9B.3 1.1
F12.36	Spurious Emissions for inter band EN DC within FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.9B.3
F12.37	Spurious emissions for intra band contiguous EN DC in FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.9B.1
F12.38	Spurious Response for inter band EN DC within FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.7B.3
F12.39	Spurious Response for intra band contiguous EN DC in FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.7B.1
F12.40	UE Maximum Output Power for Inter-Band EN-DC including FR2 - EIRP and TR	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.2B.1.4.1
F12.41	UE Maximum Output Power for Inter-Band EN-DC including FR2 - Spherical Coverage	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.2B.1.4.2
F12.42	UE Maximum Output Power for Inter-Band EN-DC within FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.2B.1.3
712 :5		0.000 70.00 70.00
F12.43	UE Maximum Output Power for Intra-Band	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 6.2B.1.1

	Contiguous EN-DC	
F12.44	Wideband Intermodulation for inter band EN DC in FR1 2CCs	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.8B.2.3
F12.45	Wideband Intermodulation for intra band contiguous EN DC in FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-3 Clause 7.8B.2.1

### Annexure-F14: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using 5G NR-FR1

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard
F14.1	5G NR- FR1	Additional spectrum emission mask-Transmitter	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.2.3
F14.2		Additional spectrum emission mask for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.2.3
F14.3		Additional spurious emissions	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.3.3
F14.4		Additional spurious emissions for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.3.3
F14.5		Adjacent channel selectivity	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.5
F14.6		Adjacent channel selectivity for 2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.5A.1
F14.7		Adjacent channel selectivity for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.5D
F14.8		General spurious emissions-Transmitter	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.3.1
F14.9		General spurious emissions for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.3.1
F14.10		In-band Blocking for CA-2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6A.2.1
F14.11		Inband Blocking	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6.2
F14.12		Inband blocking for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6D.2
F14.13		Minimum output power	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.3.1
F14.14		Narrow band blocking	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6.4

F14.15	Narrow band blocking for CA-2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6A.4.1
F14.16	Narrow band blocking for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6D.4
F14.17	NR ACLR	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.2.4.1
F14.18	NR ACLR for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.2.4.1
F14.19	Out-of-band blocking	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6.3
F14.20	Out-of-band blocking for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.6D.3
F14.21	Reference sensitivity power level	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.3.2
F14.22	Reference sensitivity power level for 2DL CA without exception	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.3A.1
F14.23	Reference sensitivity power level for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.3D.2
F14.24	Spectrum Emission Mask-5G NR FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.2.2
F14.25	Spectrum emission Mask for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.2.2
F14.26	Spurious emission for 2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.9A.1
F14.27	Spurious emission for UE co-existence	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.3.2
F14.28	Spurious emission for UE co-existence for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.3.2
F14.29	Spurious emissions-5G NR FR1	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.9
F14.30	Spurious response	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.7
F14.31	Spurious response for 2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.7A.1
F14.32	Spurious response for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.7D
F14.33	UE Maximum Output Power	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.2.1
F14.34	UE maximum output power for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.2D.1
F14.35	UE maximum output power reduction for UL-MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.2D.2
F14.36	UTRA ACLR	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5.2.4.2
F14.37	UTRA ACLR for UL MIMO	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.5D.2.4.2
F14.38	Wide band Intermodulation	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.8.2
F14.39	Wide band Intermodulation for CA-2DL CA	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.8A.2.1

F14.40 Wide band Intermodulation for UL-MIMO 3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.8D.2
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# Annexure-F15: Radio Conformance Test for Devices having Cellular Wireless Interface using 5G NR-FR2

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard
F15.1	5G NR- FR2	Adjacent channel leakage ratio	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.5.2.3
F15.2		Minimum Output Power-Transmitter	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 6.3.1
F15.3		Reference sensitivity power level	3GPP TS 38.521-1 Clause 7.3.2
F15.4		Spectrum Emission Mask-5G NR FR2	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.5.2.1
F15.5		UE maximum output power-EIRP and TRP	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.2.1.1
F15.6		UE maximum output power-Spherical coverage	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.2.1.2
F15.7		UE maximum output power reduction	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.2.2
F15.8		UE maximum output power with additional requirements	3GPP TS 38.521-2 Clause 6.2.3

### Annexure-G1: Parameters for Radio Interfaces for equipment operating in delicensed frequency bands

### **Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/	Limits/ Values	Applicability/Remarks
		Parameter		
G1.1	Frequency for WiFi equipment	DoT WPC	<b>2.4 GHZ Band:</b>	Wifi Interface
		GSR No.	2.4-2.4835 GHz as per WPC	Test procedure as per Appendix-II Test-1
		45(E), 1048(E)	GSR 45(E)	
			5 GHz Band:	
			5.150-5.250 GHz, 5.250-5.350	
			GHz, 5.470-5.725 GHz, 5.725-	
			5.875 GHz as per WPC GSR	
			1048(E)	
G1.2	Frequency for PTP/ PMP Fixed Radio	DoT WPC	<b>2.4 GHZ Band:</b>	PTP/ PMP Wireless Access Equipment
	Interface	GSR No.	2.4-2.4835 GHz as per WPC	Test procedure as per Appendix-II Test-1
		45(E), 1048(E)	GSR 45(E)	
			5 GHz Band:	
			5.150- 5.250 GHz, 5.725-5.875	
			GHz as per WPC GSR 1048(E)	

### Annexure-G2: Parameters for Radio Interfaces for equipment operating in delicensed frequency bands

### **Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Remarks
G2.1	EIRP for all equipment operating in 2.4 GHz	As per Latest NFAP and GSRs issued by DoT WPC	<pre>&lt; 4 W (36dBm)  Maximum output power of transmitter ≤ 1   W (30 dBm) in spread of 10 MHz or</pre>	Wifi Interface & PTP/PMP Wireless Access Equipment in 2.4 GHz Testing as per EN 300 328 or Appendix-II Test-1
G2.2	EIRP for RLAN/ WLAN equipment operating in 5 GHz	Latest NFAP and GSRs issued by DoT WPC	Maximum conducted output power and Antenna Gain as per limits mentioned in WPC GSR 1048(E) based on type of equipment, its operational/deployment characteristics and specific condition related to Antenna Gain for different frequency bands i.e. 5.150- 5.250 GHz, 5.250- 5.350 GHz and 5.470- 5.725 GHz and 5.725-5.875 GHz.  EIRP limit = Maximum conducted output power + Antenna Gain	Wifi Interface Testing as per EN 301893 or EN 302 502 as applicable; or Appendix-II Test-1

G2.3	EIRP for PTP/ PMP fixed	Latest NFAP and GSRs	Maximum conducted output power and	PTP/PMP Wireless Access
	Radio systems operating in 5	issued by DoT WPC	Antenna Gain as per limits mentioned in <b>WPC</b>	Equipment in 5 GHz
	GHz		<b>GSR 1048(E)</b> based on type of equipment, its	Testing as per EN 301 893 or EN
			operational/deployment characteristics and	302 502, as applicable; or
			specific condition related to Antenna Gain for	Appendix-II Test-1
			different frequency bands i.e. 5.150-	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Remarks
			5.250 GHz, 5.250- 5.350 GHz and 5.470-5.725	
			GHz and 5.725-5.875 GHz.	
			EIRP limit = Maximum conducted output power + Antenna Gain	

### Annexure-G3: Parameters for Radio Interfaces for equipment operating in delicensed frequency bands

Parameter Group: Radio Conformance (RADCONF)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G3.1	Radio Conformance for all Wi-Fi equipment operating in 2.4 GHz	ETSI EN 300 328 or FCC CFR47	Refer in ETSI EN 300 328:- Clause 4.2 - Applicable category of equipment on basis of FHSS and non FHSS	Wi-Fi Interface & PTP/PMP Wireless Access Equipment in 2.4 GHz
		Part15.247 or FCC CFR47	<b>Clause 4.3 and sub clauses</b> — Conformance tests as per category in clause 4.2 with limits in sub clauses	<b>Note:</b> Radio conformance
		Part 15.249	Clause 5 – Test methods  For equipment conforming to FCC CFR 47 Part  15.247 / FCC CFR 47 Part 15.249  Radio Conformance shall be taken as indicated in the  Standard therein.	requirements/limits, mentioned in NFAP and GSR 45 (E) issued by WPC, which inter alia include effective radiated power, output power of transmitter, shall supersede the
			However, the test method shall be as per clause 5 of ETSI EN 300 328.	requirements listed here or in aforementioned International standards. However, for Test methods corresponding to such quantities,
				ETSI EN 300 328 standard shall be applicable
G3.2	Radio Conformance for RLAN/WLAN Wi-Fi	ETSI EN 301 893 or	Test requirements and limits as per EN 301 893 for frequency bands i.e. 5.150-5.250 GHz, 5.250-5.350 GHz 5.470-5.725 GHz and <b>5.725-5.875 GHz*</b> .	Wi-Fi Interface

	equipment operating in 5 GHz			Note:
	GHZ	or FCC CFR47 Part 15.407	Or  Test requirements and limits as per FCC CFR 47  Part 15.407 for <b>5.150-5.250 GHz</b> , <b>5.250- 5.350 GHz</b> , <b>5.470-5.725 GHz and 5.725- 5.875 GHz</b>	Radio conformance requirements/limits, mentioned in NFAP and GSR 1048 (E) issued by WPC, which inter alia include EIRP, power spectral density, conducted output power, bandwidth, out of band emission, shall supersede the requirements listed here or in aforementioned International standards.
				However, for Test methods corresponding to such quantities, aforementioned standards shall be applicable
G3.3	Radio Conformance for PTP/PMP Wireless Access Equipment operating in 5 GHz	ETSI EN 301 893 or ETSI EN 302 502,	Test requirements and limits as per EN 301 893 for frequency band 5.150- 5.250 GHz, 5.250-5.350 GHz, 5.470-5.725 GHz	PTP/PMP Wireless Access Equipment or PTP/PMP Fixed Radio system in 5 GHz.
		as applicable or FCC CFR47 Part 15.249	Test requirements and limits as per EN 302 502 for frequency band 5.725-5.875 GHz Except clauses 4.2.4, 4.2.6 and 4.2.8 of EN 302 502 in <b>5.725-5.875 GHz</b> band)	<b>Note:</b> Radio conformance requirements/limits, mentioned in NFAP and GSR 1048 (E) issued by WPC, which inter alia include EIRP,
		Or FCC CFR47 Part 15.407	or Test requirements and limits as per FCC CFR 47 Part 15.407 for <b>5.150-5.250 GHz</b> , <b>5.250- 5.350 GHz</b> , <b>5.470-5.725 GHz and 5.725- 5.875 GHz</b>	power spectral density, conducted output power, bandwidth, out of band emission, shall supersede the requirements listed here or in aforementioned international

<b>Or</b> Test requirements and limits as per	standards.
FCC CFR47 Part 15.249 <b>for 5.725-5.875 GHz</b>	However, for Test methods corresponding to such quantities, aforementioned standards shall be applicable.

\*Note – Standard ETSI EN 301 893 doesn't directly refer to frequency band 5.725-5.875 GHz for WLAN/RLAN equipment but the same may be referred for conformance testing for 5.725-5.875 GHz band as well.

#### Annexure-G4 Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)/ ZigBee/6LowPAN working frequency band 2.400 to 2.4835 GHz

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G4.1	Frequency of Operation of Interface	Latest NFAP Annexure-1	2.4 GHz to 2.4835 GHz (As per WPC GSR 45(E))	Test Setup No. 41
G4.2	EIRP for Interface	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	≤ 4W (36 dBm) As per WPC GSR 45(E)	Test Setup No. 42 ( Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.2.2)
G4.3	Maximum Transmit Power / RF Ouput Power of Interface	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	≤ 1 W (30dBm) As per WPC GSR 45(E)  (ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.2 or 4.3.2.2 may be referred)	Test Setup No. 42 ( Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.2.2)
G4.4	Power Spectral Density	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.2.3 (Only for non-FHSS equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.3)
G4.5	Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.3 or 4.3.2.4 (Only for non-Adaptive equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.2)
G4.6	Accumulated Transmit time, Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.4 (Only for FHSS equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.4)
G4.7	Hopping Frequency Separation	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.5 (Only for FHSS equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 5.4.5)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G4.8	Medium Utilization (MU) factor	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.6 or 4.3.2.5 (Only for non-Adaptive equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.2)
G4.9	Adaptivity	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.7 or 4.3.2.6 (Only for Adaptive equipment)	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.6)
G4.10	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.8 or 4.3.2.7	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.7)
G4.11	Transmitter unwanted emission in the OOB domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.9 or 4.3.2.8	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.8)
G4.12	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.10 or 4.3.2.9	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.9)
G4.13	Receiver spurious emissions	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.11 or 4.3.2.10	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.10)
G4.14	Receiver Blocking	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.12 or 4.3.2.11	(Test as per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)clause 5.4.11.2)
G4.15	Geo-location capability	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	As per ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) clause 4.3.1.13 or 4.3.2.12 (Only for equipment with geo-location capability)	

# Annexure-G5 LoRa/ SigFox/ RFID / RF Mesh/Wi-SUN working in frequency band 865 MHz to 8687 MHz

<b>S.</b> ]	No.	Parameter Name	Standard/	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
			Parameter		
G5	5.1	Frequency of Operation of	Latest NFAP	865 MHz to 868 MHz	
		Interface	Annexure-1	(As per WPC GSR 853 (E)865 MHz to 867 MHz	
				(As per WPC GSR 564(E))	
G5	5.2	EIRP for Interface	ETSI EN 300 220-2		Test as per ETSI EN 300
			V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per WPC GSR 853 (E) <del>&lt; 4 W</del>	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.2.2
				As per WPC GSR 564 (E)	
G5	5.3	Maximum Transmit Power	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per WPC GSR 853 (E)<1 W	Test as per ETSI EN 300
			V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per WPC GSR 564 (E)	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.2.2
				. ,	
G5	5.4	Unwanted emissions in the spurious	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2	Test as per ETSI EN 300
		domain	V3.2.1 (2018-06)	V3.2.1 clause 4.2.2	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.9.3
G5	5.5	TX effective radiated power	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2	Test as per ETSI EN 300
			V3.2.1 (2018-06)	V3.2.1 clause 4.3.1	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.2.2
G5	5.6	TX Maximum e.r.p spectral density	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2	Test as per ETSI EN 300
			V3.2.1 (2018-06)	V3.2.1 clause 4.3.2	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.3.2
				(Applies to EUT using annex B bands I, L. Applies	
				to EUT using DSSS or wideband techniques other	
,				than FHSS modulation, using annex C band X.)	
G5	5.7	TX Duty cycle	ETSI EN 300 220-2	<u>As per ETSI EN 300 220-2</u>	Test as per ETSI EN 300
			V3.2.1 (2018-06)	<u>V3.2.1 clause 4.3.3</u>	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.5.2
				(Not applicable to EUT with polite spectrum	
				access where permitted in annex B, table B.1 or	
				<u>annex C, table C.1 or any NRI.)</u> Devices falling under "Non Specific Short Range	
				Devices" i.e. Table 1 of WPC GSR 853 (E): 1%.	
				Devices i.e. Table 1 of WPC GSR 853 (E): 1%.	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
		Parameter		
			Devices falling under "Tracking, Tracing and Data	
			Acquisition Devices" i.e. Table 2 of WPC GSR 853	
			(E): $\leq 10\%$ (for network access points) otherwise $\leq$	
			2.5% As per ETSI EN 300 220-2	
			<del>V3.2.1 clause 4.3.3</del>	
			(Not applicable to EUT with polite spectrum	
			access where permitted in annex B, table B.1 or	
			annex C, table C.1 or any NRI.)	
G5.8	TX Occupied bandwidth / Carrier	ETSI EN 300 220-2	Devices falling under "Non Specific Short Range	Test as per ETSI EN 300
	bandwidth	V3.2.1 (2018-06)	Devices" i.e. Table 1 of WPC GSR 853 (E): $\leq 50$	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.6.3
			kHz for 58 or more hop channels.	
			Devices falling under "Tracking, Tracing and Data	
			Acquisition Devices" i.e. Table 2 of WPC GSR	
			853 (E): ≤ 200 kHz	
			(Ref : ETSI EN 300 220-2	
			<u>V3.2.1 clause 4.3.4 )</u> <del>200 KHz</del>	
			<del>(As per GSR 564 (E) )</del>	
			<del>(Ref : ETSI EN 300 220-2</del>	
			<del>V3.2.1 clause 4.3.4 )</del>	
G5.9	TX out of band emissions	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2	Test as per ETSI EN 300
		V3.2.1 (2018-06)	V3.2.1 clause 4.3.5	220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.8.3
			(Applies to EUT with OCW > 25 kHz.)	
G5.10	TX Transient	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.6	Test as per ETSI EN 300
		V3.2.1 (2018-06)		220-1 V3.1.1 clause
				5.10.3
07.11	COX A II	EECL ENLOGG SOC S	A PECLENI 200 200 2 7/2 2 4 1 4 2 5	
G5.11	TX Adjacent channel power	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.7	Test as per ETSI EN 300
		V3.2.1 (2018-06)	(Applies to EUT with OCW $\leq$ 25 kHz)	220-1 V3.1.1 clause
				5.11.3
G5.12	TX behaviour under low voltage	ETSI EN 300 220-2	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.8	Test as per ETCLEN 200
G5.12	conditions	V3.2.1 (2018-06)	(Applies to battery powered EUT.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause
	CONDITIONS	v 3.2.1 (2010-00)	(Applies to buttery powered EO1.)	
				5.12.3

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G5.13	TX Adaptive power control	Parameter  ETSI EN 300 220-2  V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.9 (Applies to EUT with adaptive power control using annex C band AA.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.13.3
G5.14	TX FHSS	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.10 (Applies to FHSS EUT)	Declaration to be made by Manufacturer as per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.1.1 clause 4.3.10.3
G5.15	TX Short term behaviour	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.3.11 (Applies to EUT using annex C bands Y, Z, AA, AB, AC, AD)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 clause 5.5.2
G5.16	RX sensitivity	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.4.1 (Applies to EUT with polite spectrum access.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 clause 5.14.3
G5.17	Clear channel assessment threshold	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.5.2 (Applies to EUT with polite spectrum access.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.21.2.3
G5.18	Polite spectrum access timing parameters	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.5.3 (Applies to EUT with polite spectrum access.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.21.3.2
G5.19	RX Blocking	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.4.2	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.18.6
G5.20	Adaptive Frequency Agility	ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 (2018-06)	As per ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.2.1 clause 4.5.4 (Applies to EUT with AFA.)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 clause 5.21.4

### Annexure-G6 RFID/ NFC working in frequency bands 50KHz to 200KHz or 13.553 MHz to 13.567MHz

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Paramete r	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G6.1	Frequency of Operation of Interface	Latest NFAP Annexure-1	50KHz to 200KHz (As per WPC GSR 90 (E))	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.2.
			And / OR	
			13.553 MHz to 13.567MHz (As per WPC GSR 884(E))	
G6.2	Permitted range of operating frequencies	Latest NFAP Annexure-1	50KHz to 200KHz And / OR 13.553 MHz to 13.567MHz	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.1, the permitted range of operating frequencies used by the EUT shall be declared by the manufacturer.
G6.3	Modulation bandwidth	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.3	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.3.
G6.4	Transmitter H-field requirements	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	50KHz to 200KHz (As per WPC GSR 90 (E)) OR	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.4.
			13.553 MHz to 13.567MHz (As per WPC GSR 884(E))	
G6.5	Transmitter RF carrier current	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	(Ref: ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.4) As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.5 (Only for equipment under class 3 in clause 6.1.2)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.5.

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard/ Paramete r	Applicability/Limits/ Values	Remarks
G6.6	Transmitter radiated E-field	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.6 (Only for equipment under class 3 in clause 6.1.2)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.6.
G6.7	Transmitter conducted spurious emissions	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.7 (Only for equipment under class 3 in clause 6.1.2)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.7.
G6.8	Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits < 30 MHz	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.8	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.8.
G6.9	Transmitter radiated spurious domain emission limits > 30 MHz (NA)	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.9 (For equipment under class 1, 2 and 4 in clause 6.1.2)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.9
G6.10	Transmitter Frequency stability	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.3.10 (Only for channelized systems)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.2.10
G6.11	Receiver spurious emissions	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.4.2 (Does only apply to receivers which a not co-located with transmitters)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.3.1
G6.12	Adjacent channel selectivity	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.4.3 (Only for channelized systems in clause 4.4.1)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.3.2
G6.13	Receiver blocking or desensitization	ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02)	As per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 4.4.4 (Not for tagging systems in clause 4.4.1)	Test as per ETSI EN 300 330 V2.1.1 (2017-02) clause 6.3.3

#### **Annexure-H: Ethernet Interface Parameters Parameter Group: Ethernet Interface (INTETH)**

Note: DUT needs to be tested only for those interface ranges (SR, LR, ER, FR, etc) which are mentioned in the Bill of Materials (BOM) submitted by applicant.

The new additional proposed ranges have been highlighted below

S.No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits / Values	Applicability / Remarks
H.1	Gigabit Ethernet Electrical or 10 100 1000 Base T Ethernet	Link Speed and Auto Negotiation GE	IEEE 802.3		Appendix-II, Test 4
H.2	Fast Ethernet Electrical or 10/100 Base T Ethernet	Link Speed and Auto Negotiation GE			Appendix-II, Test 4
H.3	Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Average Launch Power for 1 GE Opt	clause 38.3.1 Transmitter optical specifications of IEEE 802.3 2018 Sec-3, Short Haul	Max shall be lesser of hazard level 1 safety limit as def by 38.7.2 or avg receive power (max) def by table 38-4 Min = -9.5 dBm	
			clause 38.4.1 Transmitter optical specifications of IEEE 802.3 2018 Section-3, Long Haul	Max = -3 dBm Min = -11.5 dBm for 62.5 μm MMF, - 11.5 dBm for 50 μm MMF, - 11.0 dBm for SMF	
H.4	Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Wavelength for 1 GE opt	IEEE 802.3z CL.38, Short Haul IEEE 802.3z CL.38, Long Haul	770 – 860 nm 1270 – 1355 nm	
H.5	Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for 1 GE Opt	clause 38.3.2 Receiver optical specifications of IEEE 802.3 2018 Section-3, short haul 38.4.2, long haul	-17 dBm -19 dBm	
H.6	10 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Wavelength for 10 GE Int	IEEE 802.3ae Cl 52, Short Haul IEEE 802.3ae Cl 52, Long Haul	840 - 860 nm 1260 – 1355 nm	

			IEEE 802.3 2018, ER	1530 – 1565 nm	
H.7	10 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for 10 GE Int	table 52-9 for SR, 52-13 for LR and 52-17 for ER of IEEE 802.3ae	-11.1 dBm	
			specifications, SR		
			LR	-12.6 dBm	
			ER	-14.1 dBm	
H.8	10 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Average Launch Power for 10 GE Opt	table 52-7 for SR, 52-12 for LR and 52-16 for ER of IEEE 802.3ae specifications, Short Haul	Max shall be lesser of the hazard level 1 safety limit as def by 52.10.2 or the avg receive power(max) def by table 52-9 Min = -7.3 dBm	
			Long Haul ER	Max = 0.5 dBm Min = -8.2 dBm  Max = 4.0 dBm  Min = -4.7 dBm	
H.9	40 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Average Launch Power for 40 GE Opt	Table 86-6 for SR4 and 87-7 for LR4, ER4 of IEEE 802.3ba specifications, SR4 IEEE 802.3ba LR4	Max = 2.4 dBm Min = -7.6 dBm  Max = 2.3 dBm Min = -7 dBm	
			IEEE 802.3ba ER4	Max=4.5 dBm Min=-2.7 dBm	
H.10	40 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Wavelength for 40 GE opt	IEEE 802.3ba, SR4 IEEE 802.3ba, LR4, ER4	840 – 860 nm 1264.5 to 1277.5 nm 1284.5 to 1297.5 nm 1304.5 to 1317.5 nm 1324.5 to 1337.5 nm	
H.11	40 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for 40 GE Opt	Table 86-8 for SR4 and 87-8 for LR4 of IEEE 802.3ba specifications, SR4 LR4	-5.4 dBm -11.5 dBm	
11.40	400 Ct. 11 T.	Δ . τ .	ER4	-19 dBm	
H.12	100 Gigabit Ethernet Optical	Average Launch Power for 100 GE	Table 86-6 for SR10, 88-7 for LR4/ER4 of IEEE	Max = 2.4 dBm Min = -7.6 dBm	

		Opt	802.3ba		
			specifications, SR10 SR4	Max = 2.4dBm Min = -8.4dBm	Table 95-6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022
					1 able 95-6 of IEEE 5td 602.5-2022
			LR4	Max = 4.5 dBm	
			ED 4	Min = -4.3 dBm	
			ER4	Max=2.9 dBm	·
		•		Min=-2.9 dBm	
			FR1, Table 140.6 of IEEE	Min = -3.1dBm,	
		7.7 1 1 0 100	802.3cu	Max= 4 dBm	
H.13	100 Gigabit Ethernet	Wavelength for 100	IEEE 802.3ba, SR10	840 – 860 nm	
	Optical	GE Opt	SR4	840 to 860 nm	Table 95-6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022
			LR4/ER4	1294.53 to 1296.59 nm	Test may be carried out against any of
				1299.02 to 1301.09 nm	the specified wavelength range
				1303.54 to 1305.63 nm	
				1308.09 to 1310.19 nm	
			FR1, Table 140.6 of IEEE	1304.5 to 1317.5 nm	
			802.3cu		
H.14	100 Gigabit Ethernet	Receiver	Table 86-8 for SR10, 88-8 for	-5.4 dBm	
	Optical	Sensitivity for	LR4/ER4 of IEEE 802.3ba		
		100 GE Opt	specifications, SR10		
			SR4	-5.2 dBm (Stressed)	Table 95-7 of IEEE Std 802.3-2022
			LR4	-8.6 dBm	
			ER4	-21.4 dBm	
			FR1, Table 140.7 of IEEE	-4.5 dbm for TECQ<1.4dbm /	
			802.3cu	-5.9dBm+TECQ for	
				1.4dB<=TECQ<=3.4dBm	
H.15	Fast Ethernet Optical	Average Launch	IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	-8 dBm (Max.)	
	1	Power for FE Opt	LX10,	-15 dBm (Min.)	
		•	Table 58-3 (Long Wavelength)	,	
			IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	-8 dBm (Max.)	
			BX10	-14 dBm (Min.)	
			Table 58-5 (Bi-directional		
			Long Wavelength)		
H.16	Fast Ethernet Optical	Wavelength for	IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	1260 to 1360 nm	
5		FE opt	LX10,	<del> </del>	

	1				
			Table 58-3 (Long Wavelength)		
			IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	1480 to 1580 nm (100BASE-BX10-	
			BX10	D)	
			Table 58-5 (Bi-directional	1260 to 1360 nm (100BASE-BX10-	
			Long Wavelength)	U)	
H.17	Fast Ethernet Optical		IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	-25 dBm	
		Sensitivity for FE	LX10,		
		Opt	Table 58-4 (Long Wavelength)		
			IEEE 802.3 (2018), 100BASE-	-28.2 dBm	
			BX10		
			Table 58-6 (Bi-directional		
			Long Wavelength)		
H.18	25 Gigabit Ethernet	Average Launch	Table 114-6 for LR of IEEE	Max=2 dBm Min=-7 dBm	
	Optical	Power for 25 GE	802.3- 2018		
	1	Opt	SR	Max = 2.4dBm Min = -8.4dBm	Table 95-6 as
					mentioned in
					Section 112.6.1 of
					IEEE Std 802.3-2022
			ER	Max=6 dBm Min=-3 dBm	
H.19	25 Gigabit Ethernet	Wavelength for 25	LR	1295-1325 nm	
	Optical	GE Opt	SR	840 to 860 nm	Table 95-6 as mentioned in Section
	- P			0.00 00 000 000	112.6.1 of IEEE Std
					802.3-2022
			ER	1295-1310 nm	
H.20	25 Gigabit Ethernet	Receiver	LR	-12 dBm	
	Optical	Sensitivity for 25	SR	-5.2 dBm (Stressed)	Table 95-7 as mentioned in Section
	- P	GE Opt		SI <b>2</b> aDin (Su esseu)	112.6.2 of IEEE Std
					802.3-2022
			ER	-19 dBm	001.0 1011
H.21	50 Gigabit Ethernet	Average Launch	As per table 139.6 of IEEE	Max = 3 dbm, Min = -4.1 dbm	
11,-1	Optical	11verage Zaanen	802.3cn,	iviax 5 doin, iviiii iii doin	
	1	Power for 50 GE Opt			
		Since for 50 GE opt	SR	Max=4dBm	Table-138-8 of IEEE
				Min=-6.5dBm	802.3-2022
			LR	Max = 4.2 dbm, Min = -4.5 dbm	002.0 2022
			ER	Max = 4.2  doin, Min = -4.5  doin Max = 6.6  dbm, Min = 0.4  dbm	
			ĽIX	1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	

H.22	50 Gigabit Ethernet	Receiver	As per table 139.7 of IEEE		
11	Optical	Sensitivity for 50	802.3cn,	= max (-6.9, SECQ - 8.3) (dBm)	
	opucui	GE Opt	FR	max ( 6.5, 516Q - 6.5) (dBiii)	
			SR	$= \max (-6.5, SECQ - 7.9) (dBm)$	Table-138-9 of IEEE
					802.3-2022
			LR		
				$= \max (-8.4, SECQ - 9.8) (dBm)$	
			ER		
				$= \max (-15.1, SECQ - 16.5) (dBm)$	
H.23	50 Gigabit Ethernet	Wavelength for	As per table 139.6 of IEEE	1304.5 to 1317.5 nm (for FR, LR &	Table-138-8 of IEEE
	Optical	50 GE Opt	802.3cn SR	ER cases) 840 to 860 nm	802.3-2022
H.24	200 Gigabit	Average Launch	Table-121-6 for DR-4, 122-9	Max=3 dBm Min=-5.1 dBm	
	Ethernet Optical	Power for 200 GE	for LR4	Max=4dBm	
		Opt	and FR4 of IEEE 802.3cn ,	Min=-6.5dBm	Table-138-8 of IEEE
			DR4	Max=5.3 dBm	802.3-2022
			SR4	Min=-3.4 dBm	002.3-2022
			LR4	Max=4.7dBm Min=-4.2 dBm	
			FR4		
H.25	200 Gigabit Ethernet	Wavelength for 200	DR4	1304.5 to 1317.5 nm	
	Optical	GE Opt	SR4	840 to 860 nm	Table-138-8 of IEEE 802.3-2022
			LR4	1294.53 to 1296.59 nm	Test may be carried out against any of
				1299.02 to 1301.09 nm	the specified wavelength range
				1303.54 to 1305.63 nm	
				1308.09 to 1310.19 nm	
			FR4	1264.5 to 1277.5	Test may be carried out against any of
				1284.5 to 1297.5	the specified wavelength range
				1304.5 to 1317.5 Units (nm) to be	
				mentioned	
				1324.5 to 1337.5	
H.26	0	Receiver	DR4	max(-6.1,SECQ -7.5) dBm [ref-	
	Optical	Sensitivity for		Equation (121-13)]	
		200 GE Opt	SR4	= Max(-6.5, SECQ - 7.9)	Table 138-9 IEEE 802.3-2022
		Average launch	LR4	max(-7.2,SECQ -8.6) dBm [ref-	
		power, each		Equation (122-2)]	

		lane(max)	FR4	max(-5.5,SECQ -6.9) dBm [ref- Equation (122-1)]	
H.27	400 Gigabit Ethernet	Average Launch	Table-124-6 for DR-4, 122-10	Max=4 dBm Min=-2.9 dBm	
11,27	Optical	Power for 400 GE	for	Max 4 abiii Miii 2.5 abiii	
	Opticui	Opt Average launch	LR8 and FR8 of IEEE		
		power, each lane	802.3cn , DR4		
		,	SR8	Max=4dBm	Table-138-8 of IEEE
			5215	Min=-6.5dBm	802.3-2022
			LR8	Max=5.3 dBm Min=-2.8 dBm	
			FR8	Max=5.3 dBm	
				Min=-3.5 dBm	
H.28	400 Gigabit Ethernet	Wavelength for 400	Table-124-6 for DR4, 122-10	1304.5 to 1317.5 nm	
	Optical	GE Opt	forLR8 and FR8, DR4		
			SR8	840 to 860 nm	Table-138-8 of IEEE 802.3-2022
			LR8 and FR8	1272.55 to 1274.54 nm	Test may be carried out against any of
				1276.89 to 1278.89 nm	the specified wavelength range
				1281.25 to 1283.27 nm	
				1285.65 to 1287.68 nm	
				1294.53 to 1296.59 nm	
				1299.02 to 1301.09 nm	
				1303.54 to 1305.63 nm	
				1308.09 to 1310.19 nm	
H.29	400 Gigabit Ethernet	Receiver	DR4	max(-3.9,SECQ -5.3) dBm [ref-	
	Optical	Sensitivity for		Equation (124-1)]	
		400 GE Opt	SR8	= Max( $-6.5$ , SECQ $-7.9$ )	Table 138-9 IEEE 802.3-2022
			LR8	max(-6.6,SECQ -8) dBm [ref-	
				Equation (122-5)]	
			FR8	max(-4.8,SECQ -6.2) dBm [ref-	
				Equation (122-4)	

### ANNEXURE-H2: Technical Requirements of Hypervisor

**Parameter Group: Hypervisor** 

S. No. Parameter Name		Standard / Parameter	Test Specifications	Remarks	
H2.1	Resiliency	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.1)	OpenStack Services	As per acceptable Limits	
			HA test specifications	defined under OPNFV	

H2.2	Resiliency OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.4) Stress Test Specification		Stress Test Specification	Release 2019.12
H2.3	Role Based Access Control	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.2)	Patrole Tempest Tests	
H2.4 Role Based Access Control		OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.3)	Patrole Tempest Tests Depend on	
		Vxlan		
H2.5	Role Based Access Control	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.6)	Tempest Identity v3 test	
			specification	
H2.6	Scheduling	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.9)	VM Resource Scheduling on	
			Multiple Nodes test specification	
H2.7	Image Services	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.7)	Tempest Image test specification	
H2.8	Network Security Group	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.5)	Tempest Compute test specification	
H2.9	Interoperability	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.13)	OpenStack Interoperability test	
			specification	
H2.10	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.8)	IPv6 test specification	
H2.11	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.10) Tempest Network API test		
			specification	
H2.12	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.11)	Tempest Network Scenario test	
			specification	
H2.13	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.14)	Neutron Trunk Port Tempest Tests	
H2.14	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.16)	Tempest Volume test specification	
H2.15	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.18)	Vping test specification	
H2.16	Networking	OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.19)	VPN test specification	
H2.17 Life Cycle Events OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.1		OPNFV Release 2019.12 (Clause 8.1.15)	Common virtual machine life cycle	
			events test specification	

### **Annexure-I: PDH Interface Parameters**

Parameter Group: PDH Interface (INTPDH)

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
I.1	2Mbps-E1	Input Jitter Tolerance for 2 Mbps Int	G.823 / ETSI TBR-4	Fig 13,Clause No7.1.2	
I.2	2Mbps-E1	Input Return Loss for 2 Mbps Int	G.703 / ETSI TBR-4	51 to 102 (kHz)-12dB	
			Cl. 9.3.1	102 to 2048(kHz)-18dB	
				2048 to 3072(kHz)- 14dB	
I.3	2Mbps-E1	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 2 Mbps	G.703 / ETSI TBR-4	2048Kbps	
	•	Int	Cl. 9.2.3	1	
I.4	2Mbps-E1	Output Jitter for 2 Mbps Int	G.823 / ETSI TBR-4	20 to 100 kHz -	
				1.5(UIpp)	
				18 k to 100kHz-	
				0.2(UIpp)	
I.5	2Mbps-E1	Pulse Mask for 2 Mbps Int	G.703/ ETSI TBR-4	Figure 11-1,clause-11.2	
I.6	ISDN PRI	Input Jitter Tolerance for PRI	G.823, I.431, ETSI		
			TBR-4		
I.7	ISDN PRI	Input Return Loss for PRI	G.703, Cl. 11.3,		
			ETSI TBR-4 Cl.		
			9.3.1		
I.8	ISDN PRI	Bit Rate Tolerance PRI	G.703, Cl. 11.1,		
			ETSI TBR-4 Cl.		
			9.2.3		
I.9	ISDN PRI	Output Jitter for PRI	G.823, I.431, ETSI		
			TBR-4		
I.10	ISDN PRI	Pulse Mask for PRI	G.703, Cl. 11.2,		
			ETSI TBR-4 Cl.		
			9.2.1		
I.11	8Mbps-E2	Input Jitter Tolerance for 8 MBPS Int	G.823	Fig 14 , clause 7.1.3	
I.12	8Mbps-E2	Input Return Loss for 8 MBPS Int	G.703	211 to 422(KHz)-12dB	
				422 to 8448(KHz)-18dB	

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
				8448 to 12 672(KHZ)-	
				14dB	
I.13	8Mbps-E2	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 8 MBPS Int	G.703	8448 kbit/s	
I.14	8Mbps-E2	Output Jitter for 8 MBPS Int	G.823	20 to 400 kHz -	
				1.5(UIpp)	
				3 k to 400 kHz-	
				0.2(UIpp)	
I.15	8Mbps-E2	Pulse Mask for 8 MBPS Int	G.703	Figure 12-1, clause-12.2	
I.16	34Mbps-E3	Input Jitter Tolerance for 34 Mbps Int	G.823	Fig 15 clause-7.1.4	
I.17	34Mbps-E3		G.703	860 to 1720(kHz)-12dB	
				1720 to 34 368(kHz)-	
		Input Return Loss for 34 Mbps Int		18dB	
				34 368 to 51 550 (kHz)-	
				14dB	
I.18	34Mbps-E3	N Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 34 Mbps Int	G.703	34 368 kbit/s	
I.19	34Mbps-E3	1	G.823	100 to 800 kHz -	
	•			1.5(UIpp)	
		Output Jitter for 34 Mbps Int			
				10 k to 800 kHz-	
T 20	2.4Mb E2	Dulas Maala Can 24 Mhara Lat	C 702	0.15(UIpp)	
I.20	34Mbps-E3	Pulse Mask for 34 Mbps Int	G.703	Figure 13-1, clause-13.2	
I.21 I.22	64 Kbps	Input Jitter Tolerance for 64 KBPS Int	G.823 G.703	Figure 12, clause-7.1.1	
1.22	64 Kbps	Input Return Loss for 64 KBPS Int	G./03	4 to 13(KHz)-12dB	
				13 to 256(KHz)-18dB	
				256 to 384(KHz)-14dB	
I.23	64 Kbps	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 64 KBPS Int	G.703	64 kbit/s	
I.24	64 Kbps	Output Jitter for 64 KBPS Int	G.823	20 to 20 k -0.25(UIpp)	
				3 k to 20 kHz-	

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
				0.05(UIpp)	
I.25	64 Kbps	Pulse Mask for 64 KBPS Int	G.703	Figure 6-5, clause-6.2.1.2	
I.26	N X 64 Kbps	Input Jitter Tolerance for NX64 KBPS Int	G.823, ETSI TBR-4 Cl. 9.3.3	Figure 12, clause-7.1.1	
I.27	N X 64 Kbps	Input Return Loss for NX64 KBPS Int	G.703	4 to 13(KHz)-12dB	
				13 to 256(KHz)-18dB	
				256 to 384(KHz)-14dB	
I.28	N X 64 Kbps	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance NX64 KBPS Int	G.703	64 kbit/s	
I.29	N X 64 Kbps	Output Jitter for NX64 KBPS Int	G.823, I.431,	20 to 20 k -0.25(UIpp)	
			ETSI TBR-4 Cl.	3 k to 20 kHz-	
			9.2.4	0.05(UIpp)	
I.30	N X 64 Kbps	Pulse Mask for NX64 KBPS Int	G.703	Figure 6-5,clause-6.2.1.2	
I.31	45Mbps	Input Jitter Tolerance for 45 Mbps Int	G.824	Fig-9, clause—7.2.4	
I.32	45Mbps	DC power	G.703	No DC power	
I.33	45Mbps	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 45 Mbps Int	G.703	44 736 kbit/s	
I.34	45Mbps	Output Jitter for 45 Mbps Int	G.824	10 to 400kHz -5.0(UIpp)	
				30k to 400kHz -	
				0.1(UIpp)	
I.35	45Mbps	Pulse Mask for 45 Mbps Int	G.703	Fig 10-1 , clause 10	
I.36	140Mbps-E4	Input Jitter Tolerance for 140 MBPS Int	G.703, ETSI TBR-4	≥15 dB over frequency	
	_		Cl. 9.3.1	range 7 MHz to 210 MHz	
I.37	140Mbps-E4	Input Return Loss for 140 MBPS Int	G.703, ETSI TBR-4 Cl. 9.2.3	139264 kbit/s	
I.38	140Mbps-E4	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance 140	G.823	200 to 3.5 MHz -	
	-	MBPS Int		1.5(UIpp)	
				10 k to 3.5 MHz -	
				0.0755 (UIpp)	
I.39	140Mbps-E4	Output Jitter for 140 MBPS Int	G.703, ETSI TBR-4 Cl. 9.2.1	Fig 14.1,14.2 clause- 14.2	

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/ Values	Applicability/ Remarks
I.40	140Mbps-E4	Pulse Mask for 140 MBPS Int	G.703		
I.41	10 MBPS	Min Peak Voltage for 10 MHz Int	G.703		
I.42	10 MBPS	Max Peak Voltage for 10 MHz Int	G.823 , ETSI TBR-4	Fig 13,Clause No7.1.2	

### **Annexure-J1: xDSL Interface Parameters**

Parameter Group: DSL Interface (INTDSL)

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard	Limit/Value	Remarks
J1.1	ADSLx	Loop resistance for ADSLx	ETSI EN 300 001 Table 2.3		
J1.2	ADSLx	PSD for ADSLx Int	ITU G.992.2 Annex-II OR,		
			G.992.1(anne- A) OR,		
			G.992.3 OR,		
			G.992.5.		
J1.3	ADSLx	Bit Rate for ADSLx Int	ANSI T1.413- Issue 2 OR,		
			ITU G.992.2 OR,		
			ITU G.992.1 OR,		
			ITU G.992.1 Annex A OR,		
			ITU G.992.1 Annex B OR,		
			ITU G.992.3 Annex L OR,		
			ITU G.992.3 OR,		
			ITU G.992.4 OR,		
			ITU G.992.5 OR, ITU G.992.5 Annex M.		
J1.4	ADSLx	Insulation Test for ADSLx Int	ETSI EN 300 001 Cl. 2.2 OR		
J1.4	ADSLX	insulation Test for ADSLX int	G.992.3		
J1.5	ADSLx	Impulse Noise Protection for ADSLx Int	G.992.3 Appendix V	Better than 2	
J1.6	ADSLx	Transmitted Power At ATU-C for	G.992.3 Annexure-P	Detter than 2	
31.0	ADSLX	ADSLxInt	G.992.5 Allilexule-P		
J1.7	ADSLx	Line Port impedance for ADSLxInt	G.992.3		
J1./	ADSLX	Line Fort impedance for ADSLXIIIC	G.332.3		
J1.8	VDSLx	Insulation Test for VDSLx Int	ETSI EN 300 001		
J1.9	VDSLx	Loop resistance for VDSLx	ETSI EN 300 001		
J1.10	VDSLx	Profiles for VDSLx	G.993.1 OR G.993.2 Cl. 7.2		
J1.11	VDSLx	Return Loss for VDSLx	G.993.1 Cl. 6.5 OR G993.2		
J1.12	VDSLx	PSD for VDSLxInt	G.993.1 Cl. 6.2 OR G.993.2 Cl. 7.2		

J1.13	VDSLx	Line Port impedance for VDSLxInt	C 002 1 OP C002 2		
		-	G.993.1 OR G993.2		
J1.14	VDSLx	Transmitted Power At ATU-C for VDSLxInt	G.993.1 OR G993.2		
J1.15	VDSLx	Bit Rate for VDSLxInt	G.993.1 OR G993.2		
J1.16	G.FAST	PPPoE for G.FAST Int	RFC 2516 Functional Test		Annex-P11
J1.17	G.FAST	PVC Support for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.18	G.FAST	VPI-VCI Support for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.19	G.FAST	Loop Resistance for G.FAST IntSLx	ETSI EN 300 001		
J1.20	G.FAST	Insulation Test for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.21	G.FAST	Impulse Noise Protection for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.22	G.FAST	Throughput Test for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.23	G.FAST	Profiles for G.FAST Int	G.9700		
J1.24	G.HN	Profiles for G.HN Int	G.9960		
J1.25	G.HN	PSD for G.HN	G.9964		
J1.26	SHDSL	PSD for SHDSL Int	G.991.2	<-30dBm	
			Annex B		
J1.27	SHDSL	Return Loss for SHDSL	G.991.2	Min 14dB over frequency	
			Annex B	band of 20KHz to 2MHz at	
				input/output of interface	
J1.28	SHDSL	Transmitted Power for SHDSL Int	G.991.2	+14.5+/-0.5dBm for data	
			Annex B	rate >2048kb/s	
				+13.5+/-0.5dBm for data	
				rate <2048kb/s	
J1.29	SHDSL	Insulation Resistance for SHDSL int	G.991.2	>5 M Ohm	
J1.30	SHDSL	Throughput for SHDSL Interface	G.991.2	64Kbps to 2048Kbps	
J1.31	SHDSL	LCL for SHDSL Interface	G.991.2	>40dB over frequency	SHDSL interface
			Annex B	range of 5KHz to 2MHz	having a metallic
					termination of 135
					ohm and a
					longitudinal
					termination of
					33.8ohm

J1.32	MG.FAST	Differential port impedance for MG.FAST Int	G.9711	Ratio at different interval	Clause 14.2
				satisfy <0.20	
J1.33	MG.FAST	Longitudinal conversion loss for MG.FAST	G.9711	greater than or equal to 38	Clause 14.1.1
		Int		dB in the frequency band	
				up to 12 MHz.	
J1.34	MG.FAST	Loop Resistance for MG.FAST Int	EN 300 001.		
J1.35	MG.FAST	PSD for MG.FAST Int	G.9710.		
J1.36	MG.FAST	Profiles for MG.FAST Int	G.9711		Clause 6.0, Table-
					P1 of G.9711
J1.37	MG.FAST	Throughput Test for MG.FAST Int	G.9711	an aggregate (sum of	
				upstream and downstream)	
				data rate of up to 8 Gbit/s;	

## **Annexure-J2: PON Interface Parameters**

**Parameter Group: PON Interface (INTPON)** 

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/Values	Remarks
J2.1	GPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction for for GPON Int	G.984.2 Cl. 8.2.5.1	DS 1480-1500nm	
J2.2	GPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction for GPON Int	G.984.2 Cl. 8.2.5.2	US 1260-1360nm (Class B/B+) or 1290- 1330nm (Class C/C+/D)	
J2.3	GPON	Opt Output Power for GPON Int at OLT	G.984.2	incusured at 1 isolini at OE1 _5 i Oit port	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2.4	GPON	Opt Output Power for GPON Int at ONT	G.984.2	-3.0 to +2.0dBm (A) -2.0 to +3.0 dBm (B) +0.5 to +5.0 dBm (B+) +2.0 to +7.0 dBm (C) +0.5 to +5.0 dBm (C+) +0.5 to +5.0 dBm (D) A,B,B+,C,C+ and _D' are classes of optical link budget for PON Measured at 1490nm at OLT _s PON port	

				i.e. Rx or D/L mode. Refer following Tables of ITU-T G.984.2: (1) Table 2c & Table 2f1 for Class A, Class B, Class C (2) Table A.1 for Class B+ (3) Table V.1 for Class C+, (4) Table V.2 for Class D	
J2.5	GPON	Receiver Sensitivity for GPON Int at OLT	G.984.2	-24dBm(minimum) (A) -28 dBm(minimum) (B/B+) -29 dBm(minimum) (C) -32 dBm(minimum) (C+) -35 dBm(minimum) (D) A,B,B+,C,C+ and _D' are classes of optical link budget for PON Measured at 1490nm at OLT _s PON port i.e. Rx or D/L mode. Refer following Tables of ITU-T G.984.2: (1) Table 2c & Table 2f1 for Class A, Class B, Class C (2) Table A.1 for Class B+ (3) Table V.1 for Class D	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2.6	GPON	Receiver Sensitivity for GPON Int at ONT	G.984.2	-21dBm(minimum) (A) -21 dBm(minimum) (B) -27 dBm(minimum) (B+) -28 dBm(minimum) (C) -30 dBm(minimum) (C+) -30 dBm(minimum) (D) A,B,B+,C,C+ and _D' are classes of optical link budget for PON Measured at 1490nm at OLT _s PON port i.e. Rx or D/L mode. Refer following Tables of ITU-T G.984.2: (1) Table 2c & Table 2f1 for Class A, Class B, Class C (2) Table A.1 for Class B+ (3) Table V.1 for Class C+, (4) Table V.2 for Class D	

J2.7	GPON	Protocol Test for GPON Int	G.984.x	Refer List-1	
J2.8	EPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction for EPON Int	IEEE 802.3ah	DS 1480 -1500 nm Refer TEC GR on EPON(2019)	
J2.9	EPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction for EPON Int	IEEE 802.3ah	US 1260-1360 nm Refer TEC GR on EPON(2019)	
J2.10	EPON	Opt Output Power for EPON Int at OLT	IEEE 802.3ah		<b>Note:</b> Testing of optical class (module) shall be
J2.11	EPON	Opt Output Power for EPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3ah	-1 dbm to +4dbm Refer TEC GR on EPON(2019)	limited to the one offered in the bill of
J2.12	EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for EPON Int at OLT	IEEE 802.3ah	30dbm(minimum)(1000Base-PX20E- D) Refer TEC GR on EPON(2019)	material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2.13	EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for EPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3ah	-24dbm(minimum)(for 1000Base- PX20-U) - 27dbm(minimum)(1000Base-PX20E- U) Refer TEC GR on EPON(2019)	
J2.14	EPON	Protocol Test for EPON Int	IEEE 802.3ah. BBFTR-201. Annex- J2	Refer List-5 Clause number 5.4, 5.5 and 8.2 of BBFTR-201 (Using EPON in the Context of TR-101 Issue: 1 Corrigendum 1 Issue Date: July 2011)	
J2.15	XGPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction for XGPON Int	G.987.2	DS 1575 – 1580 nm	
J2.16	XGPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction for XGPON Int	G.987.2	US 1260 – 1280 nm	
J2.17	XGPON	Opt Output Power XGPON	G.987.2	+2.0 to +6.0 dBm (N1)	

		Int at OLT		+4.0 to +8.0 dBm (N2a) +10.0 to +12.5 dBm (N2b) +6.0 to +10.0 dBm (E1) +8.0 to +12.0 dBm (E2a) +14.5.0 to +16.5 dBm (E2b) N1, N2, E1 and E2 are classes of optical path loss. Refer following Table 9.3 of ITU-T G.987.2	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one
J2.18	XGPON	Opt Output Power XGPON Int at ONT	G.987.2	+2.0 to +7.0 dBm (N1,N2,E1, E2) Refer following Table 9.4 of ITU-T G.987.2	offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on
J2.19	XGPON	Receiver Sensitivity XGPON Int at OLT	G.987.2	-27.5dBm for (N1) -29.5dBm for (N2) -31.5dBm for (E1) -33.5dBm for (E2) Refer following Table 9.4 of ITU-T G.987.2	MTCTE Certificate also.
J2.20	XGPON	Receiver Sensitivity XGPON Int at ONT	G.987.2	-28.0dBm for (N1) -28.0dBm for (N2a) -21.5dBm for (N2b) -28.0dBm for (E1) -28.0dBm for (E2a) -21.5dBm for (E2b) Refer following Table 9.3 of ITU-T G.987.2	
J2.21	XGPON	Protocol test for XGPON Int	G.987.x	Refer List-2	

J2.22	XGSPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction XGSPON Int	G.9807.1	"DS i. 1575 – 1580 nm (Basic wavelength) ii. 1480 to 1500 nm (optional wavelength) XGS-PON systems come with two operating wavelength options Basic wavelength set: consists of XG-PON wavelength reuse, in which case the system has to accommodate both XGS-PON ONUs and legacy XG-PON ONUs Optional wavelength set: consists of G-PON wavelength reuse, for the operators having no legacy Gigabit PON in the deployment area Refer ITU-T G.9807.1"
J2.23	XGSPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction XGSPON Int	G.9807.1	"US i. 1260 – 1280 nm (Basic wavelength) ii. 1300 to 1320 nm (optional wavelength)  XGS-PON systems come with two operating wavelength options Basic wavelength set: consists of XG-PON wavelength reuse, in which case the system has to accommodate both XGS-PON ONUs and legacy XG-PON ONUS Optional wavelength set: consists of GPON wavelength reuse, for the operators having no legacy Gigabit PON in the deployment area Refer ITU-T G.9807.1"

J2.24	XGSPON	Opt Output Power XGSPON Int at OLT	G.9807.1	+2.0 to +5.0 dBm (N1) +4.0 to +7.0 dBm (N2) +6.0 to +9.0 dBm (E1) N1, N2 and E1 are classes of optical link budget for PON. Refer Table B.9.3 of standard ITU-T G.9807.1	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be
J2.25	XGSPON	Opt Output Power XGSPON Int at ONT	G.9807.1	+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (N1,N2,E1) Refer Table B.9.4 of standard ITU-T G.9807.1	mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2.26	XGSPON	Receiver Sensitivity XGSPON Int at OLT	G.9807.1	-26.0 dBm (N1) -28.0 dBm (N2) -30.0 dBm (E1)  Refer Table B.9.4 of standard ITU-T G.9807.1	
J2.27	XGSPON	Receiver Sensitivity XGSPON Int at ONT	G.9807.1	-28dBm (N1, N2 and E1) Refer Table B.9.3 of standard ITU-T G.9807.1	
J2.28	XGSPON	Protocol Test for XGSPON Int	G.9807.x	Refer List-3	
<u>J2.29</u>	COMBO-PON	Operating Wavelength Downstream Direction Combo-PON Int	G.984.2 and G.9807.1	DS 1480-1500 mm and 1575 – 1581 nm	
<u>J2.30</u>	COMBO-PON	Operating Wavelength Upstream Direction Combo- PON Int	G.984.2 and G.9807.1	US 1260-1360nm (Class B/B+) or 1290- 1330nm (Class C/C+/D)	
J2.31	COMBO-PON	Opt Output Power Combo- PON Int at OLT	G.984.2 and G.9807.1	0 to +4dBm (A) +5.0 to +9.0 dBm (B) +1.5 to +5.0 dBm (B+) +3.0 to +7.0 dBm (C/C+) +6.0 to +10.0 dBm (D) A,B,B+,C,C+ and _D' are classes of optical link budget for PON Measured at 1490nm at OLT _s PON port i.e. Rx or D/L mode.	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be

				And +2.0 to +5.0 dBm (N1) +4.0 to +7.0 dBm (N2) +6.0 to +9.0 dBm (E1) N1, N2 and E1 are classes of optical link budget for PON.	mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
<u>J2.32</u>	COMBO-PON	Protocol Test for Combo-PON Int	G.984.X and G.9807.x	Comply List-1(GPON) and List-3 (XGSPON)	
<u>J2.33</u>	COMBO-PON	Receiver Sensitivity Combo- PON Int at OLT	G.984.2 and G.9807.1	-28dB to -37dB.	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <del>29</del> <u>34</u>	WDMPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction WDMPON Int	G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM)	US 1530nm-1560nm C-Band Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017)	These are proprietary implementation
J2. <del>30</del> <u>35</u>	WDMPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction WDMPON Int	G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM)	DS 1530nm-1560nm C-Band Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017)	These are proprietary implementation
J2. <del>31</del> 36	WDMPON	Opt Output Power WDMPON Int at OLT	G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM)	+2.0 to +7.0 dBm Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017)	These are proprietary implementation  Note: Testing of
J2. <del>32</del> 37	WDMPON	Opt Output Power WDMPON Int at ONT	G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM)	-2.0 to +2.0 dBm Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017)	optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of

J2. <del>33</del> 38 J2. <del>34</del> 39	WDMPON	Receiver Sensitivity WDMPON Int at OLT  Receiver Sensitivity WDMPON Int at ONT	G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM) G.694.1 (G.989.2/p2p WDM)	-24.0 dBm Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017) -17.0 dBm Refer TEC GR on WDM-PON(2017)	material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <del>35</del> 40	WDMPON	Throughput for WDMPON Int	RFC2544		These are proprietary implementation
J2. <del>36</del> 41	WDMPON	Protocol test for WDMPON Int	G.694.1 (G.989.x/p2p WDM)	Refer List -2	These are proprietary implementation
J2. <del>37</del> 42	NGNPON2	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction NGPON2Int	G.989.2	DS 1596 -1603 nm Refer ITU-T G.989.2	
J2. <del>38</del> 43	NGNPON2	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction NGPON2Int	G.989.2	US For TWDM PON 1524-1544nm for Wideband 1528-1540nm for Reduced band 1532-1540nm for Narrow band For PtP WDM PON 1524-1625nm for Expanded Spectrum 1603-1625nm for Shared spectrum Refer ITU-T G.989.2	
J2. <del>3944</del>	NGNPON2	Opt Output Power NGPON2Int at OLT	G.989.2	For 2.48832 Gbit/s downstream Direction 0.0 to +4.0 dBm (N1) +2.0 to +6.0 dBm (N2) +4.0 to +8.0 dBm (E1) +6.0 to +10.0 dBm (E2) For 9.95328 Gbit/s downstream Direction	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on

		T		12.0 to 17.0 dD (N1)	MTCTE Certificate
				+3.0 to +7.0 dBm (N1)	
				+5.0 to +9.0 dBm (N2)	also.
				+7.0 to +11.0 dBm (E1)	
				+9.0 to +11.0 dBm (E2)	
				N1, N2, E1 and E2 are classes of optical	
				link budget for PON	
				Refer following Table 11.4 & Table 11.5	
				of ITU-T G.989.2	
J2. <del>40</del> 45	NGNPON2	Opt Output Power	G.989.2	For 2.48832 Gbit/s upstream	
		NGPON2Int at ONT		Direction	
				Type A link	Note: Testing of
				+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (N1,N2, E1, E2)	optical class (module)
				Type B link	shall be limited to the
				0 to +5.0 dBm (N1, N2, E1, E2)	one offered in the bill
				For 9.95328 Gbit/s upstream	of
				Direction	material (BOM). And
				Type A link	tested optical class
				+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (N1)	shall be mentioned on
				+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (N2)	MTCTE Certificate
				+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (E1)	also.
				NA (E2)	
				Type B link	
				+2.0 to +7.0 dBm (N1)	
				+2.0 to +7.0 dBm (N2)	
				+2.0 to +7.0 dBm (E1)	
				+4.0 to +9.0 dBm (E2	
				Type A link values assume an	
				unamplified OLT receiver	
				Type B link values assume an amplified	
				OLT receiver with the amplifier at the	
				S/R-CG reference point	
				Refer following Table 11.6 & Table 11.7	
				of ITU-T G.989.2	
				01110-1 G.989.2	

J2. <del>41</del> 46	NGNPON2	Receiver Sensitivity	G.989.2	For 2.48832 Gbit/s	
		NGPON2Int at OLT		Type A link	
				- 26.0 dBm (N1)	
				-28.0 dBm (N2)	
				-30.5 dBm (E1)	
				-32.5 dBm(E2)	
				Type B link	

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/Values	Remarks
				-30.0 dBm (N1) -32.0 dBm (N2) -34.5 dBm (E1) -36.5 dBm (E2)	
				For 9.95328 Gbit/s Type A link - 26.0 dBm (N1) -28.0 dBm (N2) -30.5 dBm (E1) Type B link - 28.0 dBm (N1) -30.0 dBm (N2) -32.5 dBm (E1) -32.5 dBm (E2)	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
				Refer following Table 11.6 & Table 11.7 of ITU-T G.989.2	
J2. <del>42</del> - <u>47</u>	NGNPON2	Receiver Sensitivity NGPON2Int at ONT	G.989.2	For 2.48832 Gbit/s - 30.0 dBm (N1,N2, E1, E2)	
				For 9.95328 Gbit/s - 28.0 dBm (N1,N2, E1, E2)	
	FD 2.20/A			Refer following Table 11.4 &	

				Table 11.5 of ITU-T G.989.2	
J2. <del>43</del> - <u>48</u>	NGNPON2	Protocol Test for NGPON2Int	G.989.x	Refer list -4	
J2. <del>44</del> - <u>49</u>	RF Video	RF Video Output Bandwidth and Level		52-870 MHz, 14 dBmV	RF video interface over coaxial F connector
J2. <del>45</del> <u>50</u>	10G- EPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction for 10GEPON Int	IEEE 802.3av.	DS 1577nm, -2,+3nm	Refer Table Number 75-1 of IEEE 802.3 (2018).
J2.46 <u>51</u>	10G- EPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction for 10GEPON Int	IEEE 802.3av.	1310± 50 nm( for PRX10/PRX20/PRX30 1Gbps US) ; or 1270± 10 nm(for 10Gbps US) Or 1310± 20 nm( for PRX40 1Gbps US)	Refer Table Number 75-1 of IEEE 802.3 (2018).
J2. <del>47</del> <u>52</u>	10G- EPON	Opt Output Power for 10GEPON Int at OLT	IEEE 802.3av.	+2.0 to +5.0 dBm (Power Class PR10/PRX10/PR30/PRX30) OR +5.0 to +9.0 dBm (Power Class PR20/PRX20/PR40/PRX40)	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.  Refer Table Number 75-5 of IEEE 802.3 (2018).

J2. <del>48</del> - <u>53</u>	10G- EPON	Opt Output Power for 10GEPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3av.	-1.0 to +4.0 dBm (PR10/PR20) OR +4.0 to +9.0 dBm (PR30) OR +6.0 to +9.0 dBm (PR40) OR -1.0 to +4.0 dBm (PRX10/PRX20) OR +0.6 to +5.6 dBm (PRX30)	Refer Table Number 75-8 to 75-9 of IEEE 802.3 (2018).
				OR +2.0 to +6.0 dBm (PRX40).	
J2. <del>49</del> - <u>54</u>	10G- EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for 10GEPON Int at OLT	IEEE 802.3av.	-24dBm (PR10/PRX10), OR 28dBm (PR20/PR30), OR -27dBm (PRX20), OR -29.8dBm (PRX30), OR -29dBm (PR40), OR -32dBm (PRX40),	Refer Table Number 75-6 to 75-7 of IEEE 802.3 (2018). Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <del>50</del> <u>55</u>	10G- EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for 10GEPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3av.	-20.5 dBm (Power Class PR10/PRX10/PR20/PRX20) OR -28.5 dBm (Power Class PR30/PRX30) OR -29.5 dBm (Power Class PR40/PX40)	Refer Table Number 75-10 of IEEE 802.3 (2018). Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.

	ID E1EC	10C EDON Int	Dueto sel test for 10C EDON	IEEE 002 2cc DDEED	Defeat ist F	All the Mandatauri
	J2. <del>51</del> <u>56</u>	10G-EPON Int		IEEE 802.3av. BBFTR- 201	Clause number 5.4, 5.5 and 8.2 of	All the —Mandatory' parameters under Clause number 142.5, Cl 143.5 and Cl 144.5 of IEEE 802.3 (2018)
	J2. <del>52</del> <u>57</u>	Nx25G- EPON	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction for Nx25G-EPON Int	IEEE 802.3ca.	Note: one wavelength for 25Gbps and	Note: OEM will support either 25Gbps or 50Gbps.  Refer Table Number 141-2 to 141-5 of IEEE 802.3ca.
	J2. <del>53</del> <u>58</u>	Nx25G- EPON	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction for Nx25GEPON Int	IEEE 802.3ca.	± 2. Note: one wavelength for	Note: OEM will support either 25Gbps or 50Gbps. Refer Table Number 141-2 to 141-5 of IEEE 802.3ca.
	J2. <del>54</del> <u>59</u>	Nx25G- EPON	Opt Output Power for Nx25GEPON Int at OLT		+5.0 dBm (max) (for 25Gbps DS) OR +8.0 dBm (max) (for 50Gbps DS, +5.0 dBm(max) per channel); OR High Power Class:	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also. Refer Table Number 141-15 to 141-16 of IEEE 802.3ca.

J2. <del>55</del> 60	Nx25G- EPON	Opt Output Power for Nx25GEPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3ca.	Medium Power Class:  +9.0 dBm (max) (for 10Gbps US) OR +7.0 dBm (max) (for 25Gbps US) OR +10.0 dBm (max) (for 50Gbps US; +7.0dBm (max) per channel); OR High Power Class:  +9.0 dBm (max) (for 25Gbps US) OR +12.0 dBm (max) (for 50Gbps US; +9.0dBm (max) per channel);	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also. Refer Table Number 141-19 to 141-20 of IEEE 802.3ca.
J2. <del>56</del> <u>61</u>	Nx25G- EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for Nx25G-EPON Int at OLT	IEEE 802.3ca.	Medium Power Class: -28.0 dBm (for 10Gbps US) OR 22.7 dBm per channel; OR High Power Class: -28.0 dBm (for 10Gbps US) OR 24.3 dBm per channel;	Refer Table Number 141-17 to 141-18 of IEEE 802.3ca.  Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
				High Power Class: -28.0 dBm (for 10Gbps US) OR 24.3 dBm per channel;	class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.

J2. <del>57</del> <u>62</u>	Nx25G- EPON	Receiver Sensitivity for Nx25G-EPON Int at ONT	IEEE 802.3ca.	Medium Power Class: -21.4 dBm per channel; OR High Power Class: -24.1 dBm per channel;	Refer Table Number 141-21 to 141-22 of IEEE 802.3ca.  Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <u>5863</u>	Nx25G-EPON Int	Protocol test for Nx25G-EPON Int	IEEE 802.3ca.	To be added	All the —Mandatory' parameters under Clause number 76.5 and Cl 77.5 of IEEE 802.3(2018)
J2. <del>59</del> <u>64</u>	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Operating Wavelength in upstream direction	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGPON.	
J2. <del>60</del> 65	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Operating Wavelength in downstream direction MPX Int	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGPON.	
J2. <del>61</del> <u>66</u>	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Opt Output Power MPX Int at OLT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	For GPON: +1.5 to +5.0 dBm (B+) OR +3.0 to +7.0 dBm (C+) OR +6.0 to +10.0 dBm (D).	Refer Table Number IV.2 of ITU-T G.984.5 (amendment 2).
				AND	Note: Testing of optical
				For XGPON: +1.0 to +5.0 dBm (B+) OR +5.0 to +9.0 dBm (C+) OR +8.0 to +12.0 dBm (D)	class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.

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J2	. <del>62</del> 67	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Opt Output Power MPX Int at ONT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGPON.	
J2	.6368	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Protocol test for MPX int	ITU-T G.984.x. AnnexJ2 and ITU-T G.987.x. Annex-J2	Comply List-1 (GPON) and List-2(XGPON)	
S.	No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/Values	Remarks
J2	. <del>64</del> <u>69</u>	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Receiver Sensitivity MPX Int at OLT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	For GPON: -28 dBm (Class B+) OR -32dBm (Class C+) OR -35dBm (Class D) AND For XGPON: -26.5 dBm (Class B+) OR -30.5 dBm (Class C+) OR -33.5 dBm (Class D)	Refer Table Number IV.2 of ITU-T G.984.5 (amendment 2).  Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2	. <del>65</del> <u>70</u>	MPX (GPON & XGPON)	Receiver Sensitivity MPX Int at ONT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGPON.	
J2	. <del>66</del> - <u>71</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Operating Wavelength in Upstream direction MPS Int	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGSPON.	
J2	. <del>67</del> - <u>72</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Operating Wavelength in Downstream direction MPS Int	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGSPON.	
J2	2. <del>68</del> <u>73</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Opt Output Power MPS Int at OLT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	For GPON: +1.5 to +5.0 dBm (B+) OR +3.0 to +7.0 dBm (C+) OR +6.0 to +10.0 dBm (D).	Refer Table Number IV.2 of ITU-T G.984.5 (amendment 2).

				AND For XGSPON: +1.0 to +4.0 dBm (B+) OR +5.0 to +8.0 dBm (C+) OR +8.0 to +11.0 dBm (D)	Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <del>69</del> - <u>74</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Opt Output Power MPS Int at ONT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGSPON.	
J2. <del>70</del> - <u>75</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Protocol test for MPS int	ITU-T G.984.x. Annex- J2 and ITU-T G.9807.x. Annex-J2	Comply List-1(GPON) and List3(XGSPON)	
J2. <del>71-</del> <u>76</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Receiver Sensitivity MPS Int at OLT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	For GPON: -28 dBm (Class B+) OR -32dBm (Class C+) OR -35dBm (Class D) AND For XGSPON: -25 dBm (Class B+) OR -29 dBm (Class C+) OR -32 dBm (Class D)	Refer Table Number IV.2 of ITU-T G.984.5 (amendment 2).  Note: Testing of optical class (module) shall be limited to the one offered in the bill of material (BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
					(BOM). And tested optical class shall be mentioned on MTCTE Certificate also.
J2. <del>72</del> _ <u>77</u>	MPS (GPON & XGS PON)	Receiver Sensitivity MPS Int at ONT	G.984.5. amendment-2. Annex-J2	Supports corresponding standard for GPON and XGSPON.	

### **Annexure-J3: PON Common Parameters**

Parameter Group: PON Common (CONFPON)

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Remarks
J3.1	DOS Prevention, SSH v1-2 for CLI in PON	ITU-T G.984.3 section V.2, IEEE 802.3ah (FOR EPON, 10FEPON, Nx25G EPON), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON), G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON), G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2),SSH v2 RFC 4251.	The denied Traffic streams should not pass through the OLT.
J3.2	Frameloss of PON	RFC 2544.	Support a BER of better than or equal to 10 <sup>-10</sup> at the MAC service interface (or the frame loss ratio equivalent)
J3.3	Latency of PON	RFC 2544.	<1.5 ms one way for 20Km of distance. refer Table I.1/G.984.1
J3.4	MAC Address Learning and Aging Control OLT	G.984.1. (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah (FOR EPON OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT), G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON OLT), G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2 OLT) IEEE 802.3av (For 10G EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca (For Nx25G EPON) , IEEE 802.1Q (Testing Procedure) & 802.3	Yes/No
J3.5	MAC Address Limitation in PON	IEEE 802.3.	The data stream is received from only the number of streams specified.
J3.6	Inbuilt port/ MAC Based 802.1x Authentication in PON	IEEE 802.1x.	Authentication based on IEEE 802.1x shall be supported.
J3.7	MAC Learning Support at OLT	IEEE 802.3.	Yes/No
S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Remarks
J3.8	Maximum Bandwidth Limiting in PON	G.984.3 Section 7.5 (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah (FOR EPON OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT),	max. 1Gbps (GPON)

		C 0007 1 (EOD VCCDON OLT)	
		G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON OLT),	
		G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2	
		OLT) IEEE 802.3av (For 10G EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca	
		(For Nx25G EPON)	
J3.9	Minimum Guaranteed Bandwidth in PON	G.984.3 Section 7.5. (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah	minimum 512Kbps
		(FOR EPON OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT),	
		G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON OLT),	
		G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2	
		OLT) IEEE 802.3av (For 10G EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca	
		(For Nx25G EPON)	
J3.10	Minimum two classes of Classification in PON	G.984.3 Section 7.5. (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah	support of all TCONT-1, 2
		(FOR EPON OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT),	,3, 4 types.
		G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON OLT),	
		G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2	
		OLT) IEEE 802.3av (For 10G EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca	
		(For Nx25G EPON)	
J3.11	Password Based Authentication in PON	ITU-T G. 988, IEEE 802.3. Annex-J3	Password based authentication
			should be supported.
J3.12	Port-id Based VLAN Support at OLT	G.984.1 (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah (FOR EPON	Yes/No Provision of
		OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT), G.9807.1 (FOR	creating multiple port-id based
		XGSPON OLT), G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT),	multiple VLAN shall exist.
		G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2 OLT) IEEE 802.3av (For 10G	•
		EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca (For Nx25G EPON)	
		& IEEE 802.1Q (Testing Procedure)	
S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Remarks

J3.13	Switch Fabric Throughput Capability OLT	G.984.1 (For GPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ah (FOR EPON OLT), G.987.2 (FOR XGPON OLT), G.9807.1 (FOR XGSPON OLT), G.694.1 (FOR WDMPON OLT), G.989.2 (FOR NGPON2 OLT), IEEE 802.3av (For 10G EPON OLT), IEEE 802.3ca (For Nx25G EPON)	Demonstrate support for full wired speed throughput by testing traffic through one randomly chosen port of switch fabric then using this value corroborate with datasheet provided by chipset vendor.
J3.14	Throughput of PON	RFC 2544 and respective standard i.e.  1)GPON-G.984.2/cl8.2.1, (2)XGPON- G.987.2/Cl 9.2.1,(3) NGPON2-G.989.2/Cl 11.1.1,(4) XGSPON- G.9807.1/Cl B.9.2.1, (5) EPON-IEEE 802.3ah (6) 10G-EPON- Table Number 75-1 of IEEE 802.3 (2018). (7) Nx25G EPON- Table Number 141-2 to 141-5 of IEEE 802.3ca.	Note: For Multi PON module interfaces i.e. MPX and MPS, throughput of corresponding standard for GPON and XGPON/XGSPON should be supported.  Note: In order to verify non-blocking of IPv4 and IPv6 traffic, Throughput test shall be carried out with IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. Refer test case number 43 for test seup
J3.15	VLAN Stacking to Network Support at OLT	IEEE 802.1ad & IEEE 802.1Q(testing procedure).	Yes/No To test the double tagging support between ONT and OLT.

## **Annexure J4 – DSLAM Functional Test**

Applicable to →  Test Parameter↓	Standard	IP- DSLAM	IP- DSLAM With splitter	Remarks
POTS SPLITTERS  The broad specifications for splitter shall be:  a. 600-ohm impedance  b. ETSI harmonized impedance splitter (ETSI TR 101 728).			Y	
VLAN Aggregation:  The DSLAM shall terminate PVCs on DSL line and aggregate them over a single or multiple Customer-VLANs, Service-VLANs as well as a combination of them, at the uplink interface. It shall also implement 802.1p priority on the Ethernet flows.	IEEE 802.1p	Y	Y	To check if more than 1 vlan can be passed over the same port in DSLAM
Protocol Support  DSLAM shall support DHCP based IP access with DHCP relay and DHCP option 82 for direct IP over Ethernet based access for video/gaming and other entertainment services.	RFC 2131 RFC 3046	Y	Y	
<b>PPPoE</b> over ATM (U-interface): Figure 1 depicts the end-to-end protocol stacks associated with PPPoE access method		Y	Y	To check PPPoE session is established on the ADSL or VDSL system. Methodology is mentioned in DSL forum technical report TR-045. <b>Annexure-E: group 3.3_test 1 &amp; Test 2 may be carried out to cater this clause.</b> It is tested through protocol simulator.

IP PPP			for IPoE	PPP PPPoE	PTA or LAC				
PPPoE		Ethernet	802.1Q, 802.1ad	802.1Q,					
	Ethernet	RFC 2684	Ethernet	802.1ad					
	RFC 2684	АТМ	1						
	ATM	DSL	Some	Some					
RG, xTU-R	DSL	DSL	802.3 Phy	802.3 Phy					
or erminal	xTU-R	DSI	LAM	В	RAS	F			
			igure 1-						
	ver ATM (U- rotocol stacks		_	_		end	Y	Y	To check if IPOE is established on the ADSL or VDSl system. Methodology is mentioned in DSL forum technical report TR-045. <b>Annexure-E: group 3.3_tes</b>
IP		IWF fo	r IPoE	IP	IP				1 & Test 2 may be carried out to cater this clause.
			•=	l II	"				is tested through protocol simulator.
	Ethernet	Ethernet	802.1Q, 802.1ad	802.1Q, 802.1ad	Some media				
	Ethernet  RFC 2684	Ethernet RFC 2684	802.1Q,	802.1Q,	Some				
	RFC		802.1Q, 802.1ad	802.1Q, 802.1ad	Some				
RG, xTU-R	RFC 2684	RFC 2684	802.1Q, 802.1ad	802.1Q, 802.1ad	Some media				
	RFC 2684 ATM	RFC 2684	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet	Some media	F			
xTU-R or	RFC 2684 ATM	RFC 2684  ATM  DSL	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet	Some media	F			
xTU-R or terminal	RFC 2684 ATM DSL xTU-R	RFC 2684  ATM  DSL  DSLA  igur  Ethernet S	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet  Some 802.3 Phy  MM  re 2  Scalability	802.1Q, 802.1ad Ethernet Some 802.3 Phy	Some media AS		Y	Y	

RFC 2236 RFC3376	Y	Y	Capability to be demonstrated as describes in clause.
RFC3376			
RFC3376			
			Enable IGMP proxy and snooping and check if multicast channel is learnt once the channel is joint
d			
:	Y	Y	Capability to be demonstrated as describes in clause.
			Set the MAC address to be allowed per port, send traffic of that mac and see it is going through. Send
			traffic of other mac and see that traffic is not going
	Y	Y	Capability to be demonstrated as describes in clause.
	a .	: Y o a . Y	: Y Y O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

PPPoE Intermediate Agent, and IGMP Snooping/ IGMP Snooping and Proxy functions.			
Protection from ARP spoofing attacks  • Source MAC Flooding  • Broadcast control  • L2 Peer to Peer ("hair-pin") Forwarding  • Source MAC Spoofing	Y	Y	<ol> <li>To check if DSLAM can block certain MAC.</li> <li>To check if broadcast mac can be controlled</li> <li>Communication on same vlan can be done or blocked.</li> <li>To check if mac is learnt on the DSLAM</li> </ol>

**Note:** Wherever RFC are referred, only 'shall' clauses given in the RFCs should be tested against the parameter referred in this ER.

# Annexure J5: Interpoerability Test

S.	Interface	Test Case	Standard	Limit/Value	Remarks
No.	Name			(Yes: Test Pass, No: Test	
				failed)	
J5.1	OLT & ONU	ONT must discover automatically on the OLT after	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		connecting fiber having -9 dBm to -28 dBm optical	G.9807.x and TR-255		
		power			
J5.2	OLT	ONT SN can be added manually without connecting	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		fiber.	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.3	OLT	ONT can be added and removed from the OLT.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
			G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.4	OLT	ONT can be activated and deactivated from the	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		OLT/EMS / Third Party Database	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.5	OLT & ONU	Update of OMCI config for ONT	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		Opuate of OMCI coning for OMI	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.6	OLT & ONU	ONT configuration via OMCI (All Standard ME	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		Support)	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.7	OLT & ONU	MIB reset functionality to be incorporated for any	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		changes performed through OMCI	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.8	OLT & ONU	ONT PON Tx power can be seen on the OLT after	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		successful registration.	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.9	OLT & ONU	ONT PON Rx power can be seen on the OLT after	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		successful registration.	G.9807.x and TR-255		
J5.10	OLT & ONU	ONT must report interface statistics related POTS.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		VEIP, Ethernet, FE /GE (number and type of	G.9807.x and TR-255		
		Ethernet port			
J5.11	OLT & ONU	Multi-Services with a Combination of TC-1,	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
		TC-2, TC-4. TC-3 and TC-5(All kind of TCONT to be	G.9807.x and TR-255		
		supported)			
J5.12	OLT & ONU	Single UNI Port. Uni-VLAN based (No Translation).	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No	
			G.9807.x and TR-255		

J5.13	OLT & ONU	Multiport. Uni-VLAN Based (without translation).	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
			G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.14	OLT & ONU	Multiport. No Uni-VLAN. One service per UNI port. C	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
			G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.15	OLT & ONU	Voice service and IP host configuration using OMCI	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		and verify E2E phone call using Pots ports	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.16	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		Forward Error Correction for each type of ONT.	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.17	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONT	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		operations for each type of ONT. (Supports all	G.9807.x and TR-255	
		standard ME's for ONT management)		
J5.18	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONT UNI	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		port operations for each type of ONT.	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.19	OLT & ONU	Verify the support of various Frame sizes 64-	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		1500 to Jumbo frame support using RFC-2544	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.20	OLT & ONU	Verify the support of configuration and working of	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		AES on ONT	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.21	OLT & ONU	Configure PPPoE service and verify bidirectional	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		traffic of end-to-end PPPoE(with single TAG and	G.9807.x and TR-255	
		Double TAG)		
J5.22	OLT & ONU	Configure IPoE service and verify bidirectional traffic	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		of end-to-end IPoE	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.23	OLT & ONU	Multiservice on the Different UNI port (one untagged	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		and many tagged services on each port)	G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.24	OLT & ONU	Verify Port Optical Characteristics on EMS	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
			G.9807.x and TR-255	
J5.25	OLT & ONU	Creation of Voice interfaces of ONT over	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988;	Yes / No
		OMCI	G.9807.x and TR-255	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		

J5.26	OLT & ONU	Voice Sip Configuration profile, User Profile Creation, IP Host and POTS association to voice service.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.27	OLT & ONU	Voice Service Activation	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.28	OLT & ONU	Voice Service Verification	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.29	OLT & ONU	Deactivation of Voice service and IP host Modification/Update restrictions as applicable	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.30	OLT & ONU	Sip profile Modification/Update	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.31	OLT & ONU	Voice port and profiles deletion	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.32	OLT & ONU	Configuration and update of static IP on IP Host Interface of ONT	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.33	OLT & ONU	Basic 2-way call	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.34	OLT & ONU	Verify Call Disconnect by calling and called party	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.35	OLT & ONU	Verify No Answer	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.36	OLT & ONU	Verify short and long 2-way call	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.37	OLT & ONU	LOAa_06: PON cable Plug IN/OUT and SFP removal should initiate the message Transmission b/w OLT and ONU and ONU is not sending back to OLT and alarm is generated.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No

J5.38	ONT/ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONU Single Homing on Type-B	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988 and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.39	ONT/ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONU IPv4 Traffic (Bridging or Routing) IPv4 Address allocation through DHCP Discover	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988 and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.40	OLT & ONU	Verify the stability of All services (VoIP, Internet, IPTV) application service & SIP user data features in OLT/ONT activate/deactivate, reboot and power cycle	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.41	OLT & ONU	EMS /OLT should support One-to-one firmware upgrade for own & third party ONT's. Any S/W upgradation performed on ONT should not impact the existing configuration of ONT including services.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.42	OLT	All type of ONT which includes own manufactured along with the third party manufactured should be configured and operated through common EMS system	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
		RG (Residential Gate	way) Mode Test	Case
J5.43	OLT & ONU	Multi-Services with a Combination of (Committed, Assured and Non-assured components) and Triple play service with TCONT type of services.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.44	OLT & ONU	Verify Port Optical Characteristics on EMS (with ONT Monitor)	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.45	OLT & ONU	Verify ONT Alarms at EMS like ONT LOS, Dying Gasp.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.46	OLT & ONU	Verify ONT events on EMS for every operation performed on ONT (Reboot, deactivate, delete, re-add, reactivate)	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No

J5.47	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of Forward Error Correction for each type of ONT. (upstream and downstream enable and disable)	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.48	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONT operations for each type of ONT.	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.49	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONU IPv4 Traffic (Routing) IPv4 Address allocation through Dhcp	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.50	OLT & ONU	Verify the support of various Frame sizes 64- 1500 or till 9k to Jumbo frame support using RFC- 2544	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.51	OLT & ONU	Verify the support of configuration and working of AES on ONT	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.52	OLT & ONU	Demonstrate Configuration of IPoE and verify IPoE capabilities	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.53	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONT operations of ONT. (Add, Activate, Edit, Reboot, Deactivate, Delete) based on serial number and registration ID	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.54	OLT & ONU	Verify the configurability and support of ONT port operations of ONT. (Activate, Edit, Deactivate) based on serial number and registration ID	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No
J5.55	OLT & ONU	Verify Bi-directional traffic by assigning following WAN connection types:  IPv4/IPv6/Static IP add and vlan	ITU-T Rec G.984.x ; G.988; G.9807.x and TR-255	Yes / No

Note: a) For interoperability testing of OLT: - (i) In case the prescribed tests be done through OLT emulator, it shall be performed with three different make MTCTE certified ONUs / ONTs and / or BBF TR-247 certified ONUs / ONTs (including own make, if any), and (ii) In case the prescribed tests be done without OLT emulator, it shall be performed with five different make MTCTE certified ONUs / ONTs and / or BBF TR-247 certified ONUs / ONTs (including own make, if any); b) For interoperability testing of ONU/ ONT:- (i) In case the prescribed tests be done through OLT emulator, it shall be performed with three different make OLTs (including own make, if any), and (ii) In case the prescribed tests be done without OLT emulator, it shall be performed with five different make OLTs

(including own make, if any). Further, device manufacturer /OEM of OLT and ONT/ONU shall give an undertaking that their respective OLT and ONT/ONU are interoperable with all makes of equipments and in case of any problems / issues, the concerned device manufacturer will help in solving the problems / issues.

## **Annexure-K: SDH Interface Parameters**

Parameter Group: SDH Interface (INTSDH).

No.	Interface	Parameter Name	Standard/	Limits/Values	Applicability/
	Name		Parameter		Remarks
K.1	STM-1	Input Jitter Tolerance STM-1	G.825	Table 4, Fig-1 clause-6.1.2.1	
	Electrical	Electrical			
K.2	STM-1	Input Return Loss for STM-1	G.703	≥15 dB over frequency range 8 MHz to 240	
	Electrical	Electrical		MHz	
К.3	STM-1	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance	G.703	155520 Kbps	
	Electrical	STM-1 Electrical Int			
K.4	STM-1	Output Jitter for STM-1	G.825	500 to 1.3 MHz - 1.5(UIpp)	
	Electrical	Electrical Int		65 k to 1.3 MHz- 0.075 (UIpp)	
K.5	STM-1	Pulse Mask for STM-1 Electrical	G.703	Fig 17-1 & 17-2 clause-17.4	
	Electrical	Int			

K.6	STM-1 Optical	Input Jitter Tolerance for STM-1 Opt	G.825	Table 3/G.	.825 – STM-	1 input jitter	Refer Table 3 and Fig. 1, clause- 6.1.2.1 of ITU-T
					tolerance lin		G.825
				Freque	ency	Requirement	
				f(H:	z)	(Peak-Peak)	
				2048 kbit/s	1544 kbit/s		
				networks	networks	10.0 717	
				-	10 < f ≤ 68.7	10.9 UI	
				10 < f ≤ 19.3	-	38.9 UI (0.25 μs)	
				19.3 < f ≤ 68.7	-	750 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				68.7 < f	≤ 500	750 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				500 < f <	≤ <b>6.5</b> k	1.5 UI	
				6.5 k < f	≤ 65 k	$9.8 \times 10^3  \mathrm{f}^{-1}  \mathrm{UI}$	
				65 k < f ≤	4 1.3 M	0.15 UI	
				€ 1.0E+02			
				1.0E+01 (No	te)		
				3 1.0E+00			
				_	1.0E+02 1.0E+03 1.0E+04 Frequency (Hz	1 1.0E+05 1.0E+06 1.0E+07 T1310810-90	
				NOTE – The dashed curve is the r	equirement for 1544 kbit/s net	works for frequencies less than 68.7 Hz.	
				Figure 1/G.8	25 – STM-1	jitter tolerance	

<b>K.</b> 7	STM-1	Mean Launched Power for STM-1	G.957									For values, refer
	Optical	Opt Int	3.57		Un it			Va	lues			Table 2 of ITU-T G.957. For
				Appli		I-	S-	S-	L-	L-	L-	different
				catio		1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	Application Codes,
				code								refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
				Mean launc								
				hed	dB	-8	-8	-8	0	0	0	
				powe	m	&	&	& - 15	-5	-5	& -5	
				r: maxi		-	-15	15	-5	-0	<b>-</b> 0	
				mum		1 5						
				&		3						
				mini mum								
K.8	STM-1	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance	G.957			1	1555	20 Kł	ps			
	Optical	STM-1 Opt Int										

K.9	STM-1 Optical	Operating Wavelength Range for STM-1 Opt Int	G.957	Appli	U n i t	I-1	S	l e	-1.2	L -	L	T .	1.3	For values, refer Table 2 of ITU-T G.957. For different
				catio		1-1	- 1.		1,2	1.1	- 1.		1.5	Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				code			1				2			ITU-T G.957.
				Oper ating Wave lengt h Rang e	n m	60° ) _ 13 60	1 2 6 1 a 3 6 0 c ratio	1 4 3 0- 1 5 7 6	1 4 3 0- 1 5 8 0	126 3ª) - 136 0	1 4 8 0- 1 5 8 0	15 34 - 15 66/ 15 23 - 15 77	1 4 8 0- 1 5 8 0	
K.10	STM-1 Optical	Output Jitter for STM-1 Opt Int	G.783				o 1.	3 <b>M</b> ]		0.30 0.10 ns)				

K.11	STM-1 Optical	Receiver Overload for STM-1 Opt Int	G.957	Appli cation code	Unit	I- 1	S - 1.1	Va S - 1.2	L - 1.1	L- 1,2	L- 1.3	For values refer Table 2 of ITU-T G. 957. For different Application Codes,
				Mini mum Overl oad	dB m	-8	-8	-8	-10	-10	-10	refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
K.12	STM-1 Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for STM-1 Opt Int	G.957		U n it			Va	lues			For values refer Table 2 of ITU-T G.957. For
				Applicat on code	1	I- 1	S- 1.1	S- 1.2	L - 1.1	L- 1.2	L- 1.3	different Application Codes,
				Minimu m Sensitivi y <sup>b)</sup>	В	23	-28	-28	-34	-34	-34	refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
					b)	 See cla	use 6 o	f ITU-T	G.957			

K.13	STM-4	Input Jitter Tolerance for STM-4	G.825				Refer Table 5 and
	Optical	Opt					Fig. 3, clause-
				Table 5/G.825 -	- STM-4 input jitte	r tolerance limit	6.1.2.2 of ITU-T G.825
					quency (Hz)	Requirement (Peak-Peak)	
				2048 kbit/s networks	1544 kbit/s networks		
				-	10 < f ≤ 18.5	277.5 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				-	18.5 < f ≤ 100	15 UI	
				9.65 < f ≤ 100	-	1500 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				100 <	f ≤ 1000	1500 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				1 k <	f ≤ 25 k	1.5 UI	
				25 k <	f ≤ 250 k	3.8 × 10 <sup>4</sup> f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				250 k	< f ≤ 5 M	0.15 UI	
				五 章 章 1.0E+00 1.0E+00 1.0E+0	(Note)  11 1.0E+02 1.0E+03 1.0E+04 1.0 Frequency (Hz) the requirement for 1544 kbit/s networks		
				Figure 3/G.	.825–STM-4 jitt	er tolerance	

K.14	STM-4 Optical	Mean Launched Power for STM-4 Opt Int	G.957,G.691		U ni t	_			alues			For values, refer Table 3 of ITU-T G. 957. For
				Appli cation code		I- 4	S - 4.1	S - 4. 2	L - 4.1	L- 4.2	L- 4.3	different Application Codes, refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
				Mean launc hed power : maxi mum & minim um	d B m	-8 & - 15	-8 & -15	-8 & - 1 5	+2 & -3	+2 & - 3	+2 & - 3	116 1 6.557.
K.15	STM-4 Optical	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance STM-4 Opt Int	G.957			(	522080	Kbı	OS .			

K.16	STM-4 Optical	Operating Wavelength Range for STM-4 Opt Int	G.957	U Values n i t	For values, refer Table 3 of ITU-T G. 957. For different Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				A   I-   S-4.1   S-   L-4.1   L-   L-	ITU-T G.957.
				O n 12 1293 14 1300 - 12 14 14 pe m 61 - 30 1325/ 80 80 80 ra a' 1334/ - 1296	
K.17	STM-4 Optical	Output Jitter for STM-4 Opt Int	G.783	1k to 5 MHz - 0.30(UI)  250 k to 5 MHz - 0.10 (UI)  (1UI=1.61ns)	

K.18	STM-4 Optical	Receiver Overload for STM-4 Opt Int	G.957		u ni t			\	alues	3		For values, refer Table 3 of ITU-T G. 957. For different
				Appl icati on code		I - 4	S - 4. 1	S - 4. 2	L - 4.1	L- 4. 2	L-4.3	Application Codes, refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
				Mini mu m overl oad	d B m	8	-8	-8	-8	-8	-8	
K.19	STM-4 Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for STM-4 Opt Int	G.957		u ni t		'	,	Value	S		For values, refer Table 3 of ITU-T G. 957. For
				Appli cation code		I - 4	4.	S - 4. 2	L - 4. 1	L- 4.2	1	different Application Codes, refer Table 1 of ITU-T G.957.
				Mini mum sensit ivity <sup>b)</sup>	d B m	2	28	28	28	-28	28	
				b	) See	cla	use 6	of I	L Γ <b>U-T</b>	⊥ G.957	7	

K.20	STM-16 Optical	Input Jitter Tolerance for STM-16 Opt	G.825		325 – STM- 1 tolerance lim	6 input jitter it	Refer Table 6 and
				Freque		Requirement (Peak-Peak)	Fig. 4, clause- 6.1.2.3 of ITU-T G.825
				2048 kbit/s networks	1544 kbit/s networks		
				-	$10 < f \le 70.9$	1063.5 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				-	70.9 < f ≤ 500	15 UI	
				10 < f ≤ 12.1	-	622 UI	
				$12.1 < f \le 500$	-	7500 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				500 < f	≤ 5 k	7500 f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				5 k < f ≤	100 k	1.5 UI	
				100 k < f	f ≤ 1 M	$1.5 \times 10^5  \mathrm{f}^{-1}  \mathrm{UI}$	
				1 M < f s	≤ 20 M	0.15 UI	
				NOTE - The dashed curve is the	requirement for 1544 kbit/s net	0E+05 1.0E+06 1.0E+07 1.0E+08 TYNINGHOOK vorks for frequencies less than 500 Hz.  itter tolerance	

K.21	STM-16 Optical	Mean Launched Power for STM- 16 Opt Int	G.957	Applica tion	U ni t	I- 1	S - 16.1	S - 16.	L - 16.	L- 16.	L- 16.3	For values, refer Table 4 of ITU-T Rec. G.957. For different
				code		6		2	1	2		Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				Mean launche d	d B	-3 &	0 & -5	0 & -5	+3 & -2	+3 & -2	+3 & - 2	ITU-T G.957.
				power:	m	1 0			-2	-2	2	
				um &								
				minimu m								
K.22	STM-16 Optical	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance STM-16 Opt Int	G.957			2	48832	0 kbp	S			

K.23	STM-16	Operating Wavelength Range for	G.957									For values, refer
	Optical	STM-16 Opt Int			u n it			V	alues			Table 4 of ITU-T G.957. For different
				Appli cation code		I-16	S - 16.1	S - 16.2	L -16.1	L- 16.2	L- 16.3	Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				Opera ting Wavel ength Range	n m	126 6 <sup>a)</sup> - 136 0	126 0 <sup>a)</sup> - 136 0	143 0 - 158 0	1280 - 1335	150 0 - 158 0	150 0 - 158 0	ITU-T G.957.
				<sup>a)</sup> Som	 e Adı	 ministra	tions m	 nay requ	uire a limit	 of 1270	nm.	
K.24	STM-16 Optical	Output Jitter for STM-16 Opt Int	G.783						0.30(UI) - 0.10 (			
								=0.40	·	-		

K.25	STM-16 Optical	Receiver Overload for STM-16 Opt Int	G.957		U ni t			,	Values			For values, refer Table 4 of ITU-T G.957. For
				Applic ation code		I - 1 6	S - 16. 1	S - 16. 2	L - 16.1	L- 16.2	L- 16.3	different Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				Minim um overlo ad	d B m	3	0	0	-9	-9	-9	ITU-T G.957.
K.26	STM-16 Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for STM-16 Opt Int	G.957		U ni t				Values			For values, refer Table 4 of ITU-T G.957. For
				Applic ation code		I - 1 6	S - 16. 1	S - 16. 2	L - 16.1	L- 16.2	L- 16.3	different Application Codes, refer Table 1 of
				Minim um sensiti vity <sup>b)</sup>	d B m	- 1 8	-18	-18	-27	-28	-27	ITU-T G.957.
					b)	See	clause (	of ITU	J- <b>T G.9</b> 5	57		

K.27	STM-64 Optical	Input Jitter Tolerance for STM64 Opt	G.825	Table 7/G.8	325 – STM- 64 inpo	ut jitter tolerance limit	Table 7 and Fig. 5, clause-6.1.2.4 of ITU-T G.825
				Free	quency	Requirement	
				f(	(Hz)	(Peak - Peak)	
				2048 kbit/s networks	1544 kbit/s networks		
				-	10 < f ≤ 296	4446f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				-	296 < f ≤ 2000	15 UI	
				10 < f ≤ 12.1	-	2490 UI (0.25 μs)	
				12.1 < f ≤ 2000	-	3.0 × 10 <sup>4</sup> f <sup>-1</sup>	
				2000 <	f ≤ 20 k	$3.0 \times 10^4 f^{-1}$	
				20k <	f ≤ 400 k	1.5 UI	
				400 k	< f ≤ 4 M	6.0 × 10 <sup>5</sup> f <sup>-1</sup> UI	
				4 M <	f ≤ 80 M	0.15 UI	
				NOTE – The dashed curv	requent for 1544 kbit/s	1.0E+05 1.0E+06 1.0E+07 1.0E+08 TSISESOS networks for frequencies less than 2 kHz.  64 jitter tolerance	

K.28	STM-64 Optical	Mean Launched Power for STM- 64 Opt Int	G.691	Refer Tables 5a, 5b, 5c and 5d of ITU-T G.691(attached)	For different Application Codes, refer Clause 5 and Table 1 of ITU-T G.691.
K.29	STM-64 Optical	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance STM-64 Opt Int	G.707	9953280 Kbps	
K.30	STM-64 Optical	Operating Wavelength Range for STM-64 Opt Int	G.691	Refer Tables 5a, 5b, 5c and 5d of ITU-T G.691(attached)	For different Application Codes, refer Clause 5 and Table 1 of ITU-T G.691.
K.31	STM-64 Optical	Output Jitter for STM-64 Opt Int	G.783	20k to 80 MHz - 0.30(UI) 4000 k to 80 MHz - 0.10 (UI) (1UI=0.10ns)	
K.32	STM-64 Optical	Receiver Overload for STM-64 Opt Int	G.691	Refer Tables 5a, 5b, 5c and 5d of ITU-T G.691(attached)	For different Application Codes, refer Clause 5 and Table 1 of ITU-T G.691.
K.33	STM-64 Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for STM-64 Opt Int	G.691	Refer Tables 5a, 5b, 5c and 5d of ITU-T G.691(attached)	For different Application Codes, refer Clause 5 and Table 1 of ITU-T G.691.
K.34	STM-256 Optical	Input Jitter Tolerance for STM- 256 Opt	G.825	Table 8 Fig 6 Amd.1	

K.35	STM-256 Optical	Mean Launched Power for STM- 256 Opt Int	G.693	Table 4 & 6	
K.36	STM-256 Optical	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance STM-256 Opt Int	G.693	NRZ 40G	
K.37	STM-256 Optical	Operating Wavelength Range for STM-256 Opt Int	G.693	Table 4 & 6	
K.38	STM-256 Optical	Output Jitter for STM-256 Opt Int	G.783	FFS to FFS -FFS  16000 k to 320 MHz – 0.10 (UI)  (1UI=0.025ns)	
K.39	STM-256 Optical	Receiver Overload for STM-256 Opt Int	G.693	Table 4 & 6	
K.40	STM-256 Optical	Receiver Sensitivity for STM-256 Opt Int	G.693	Table 4, Fig-1 clause-6.1.2.1	

Note: - Attachment to Annexure-K is placed at the end of document

# **Annexure-L: OTN Interface Parameters**

Parameter Group: OTN Interface (INTOTN)

S.No	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard/ Parameter	Limits/Values	Applicability/Remarks
L.1	OTU-1	Central Frequency for OTU-1 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-1, 8-4, 8-7,8-8, 8-9 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached)	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1.
L.2	OTU-1	Input Jitter Tolerance for OTU-1 Int	G.8251	Table 7.1-1,Figure 7.1-1	
L.3	OTU-1	Mean total Input Power for OTU-1 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-1, 8-4, 8-7,8-8, 8-9 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached)	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1.
L.4	OTU-1	Mean total Output Power for OTU-1 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-1, 8-4, 8-7,8-8, 8-9 of ITU-T G.959.1(attached)	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1.
L.5	OTU-1	Minimum Receiver Overload for OTU-1	G.959.1,G.693		
L.6	OTU-1	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance OTU- 1 Int	G.709	255/238 × 2 488 320kbit/s ± 20 ppm (2666057.143 kbit/s ± 20 ppm)	Refer Table 7-1 of ITU-T G.709
L.7	OTU-1	Output Jitter for OTU-1 Int	G.8251	5k to 20 M:1.5(UIpp)  1M to 20 M:0.15 (UIpp)	
L.8	OTU-1	Receiver Sensitivity for OTU-1 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-1, 8-4, 8-7,8-8, 8-9 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1
L.9	OTU-2	Central Frequency for OTU-2 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-2, 8-3, 8-4, 8-10, 8-11, 8-12,8-13,8-14, 8-15 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).  Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T G.693 (attached).	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693
L.10	OTU-2	Input Jitter Tolerance for OTU-2 Int	G.8251	Table 7.1-2, Figure 7.1-2	
L.11	OTU-2	Mean total Input Power for OTU-2 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-2, 8-3, 8-4,8-10, 8- 11,	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1.

				8-12,8-13,8-14, 8-15 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).	
L.12	OTU-2	Mean total Output Power for OTU-2 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-2, 8-3, 8-4,8-10, 8- 11, 8-12,8-13,8-14, 8-15 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).	For Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693
				Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T G.693 (attached).	
L.13	OTU-2	Minimum Receiver Overload for OTU-2 Int	G.959.1, G.693	-1dBm	
L.14	OTU-2	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance OTU- 2 Int	G.709	255/237 × 9 953 280kbit/s ± 20 ppm (10709225.316 kbit/s ± 20 ppm)	Refer Table 7-1 of ITU-T G.709
L.15	OTU-2	Output Jitter for OTU-2 Int	G.8251	20k to 80 M :1.5(UIpp)  4M to 20 M: 0.15 (UIpp)	
L.16	OTU-2	Receiver Sensitivity for OTU-2 Int	G.959.1 Cl. 7, 8, G.693 Cl. 6, 7	Refer Tables 8-2, 8-3, 8-4,8-10, 8-11, 8-12,8-13,8-14, 8-15 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).  Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T G.693	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693.
L.17	OTU-3	Central Frequency for OTU-3 Int	G.959.1, G.693	(attached).  Refer Tables 8-16, 8-17, 8-18 of ITU-T G.959.1(attached).  Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T G.693(attached).	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693.
L.18	OTU-3	Mean total Input Power for OTU-3 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-16, 8-17, 8-18 of ITU-T G.959.1(attached).	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1.

L.19	OTU-3	Mean total Output Power for OTU-3 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-16, 8-17, 8-18 of ITU-T G.959.1 (attached).  Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693.
L.20	OTU-3	Minimum Receiver	G.959.1, G.693	G.693(attached). +3dBm	
		Overload for OTU-3 Int	,		
L.21	OTU-3	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance OTU- 3 Int	G.709	255/236 × 39 813 120 kbit/s ± 20 ppm (43018413.559 kbit/s ± 20 ppm)	Refer Table 7-1 of ITU-T G.709
L.22	OTU-3	Receiver Sensitivity for OTU-3 Int	G.959.1, G.693	Refer Tables 8-16, 8-17, 8-18 of ITU-T G.959.1(attached).	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.693.
				Refer Clause 7 of ITU-T G.693(attached).	·
L.23	OTU-4	Central Frequency for OTU-4 Int	G.959.1, G.695	229.0 + 0.8 m, m = 0 to 3	
	0777			(THz)	- 1100 A 11 A
L.24	OTU-4	Mean total input Power for OTU-4 Int	G.959.1, G.695	Table 8-5, 8-6 G.959.1/Table 8-23 G.695(attached)	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.695
L.25	OTU-4	Mean Total Output Power for OTU-4int	G.959.1, G.695	Table 8-5, 8-6 G.959.1/Table 8-23 G.695(attached)	For different Application codes*, refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1 and G.695
L.26	OTU-4	Minimum receiver overload for OTU-4 Int	G.959.1, G.695		
L.27	OTU-4	Nominal Bit Rate with Tolerance OTU- 4 Int	G.709	255/227 × 99 532 800 kbit/s ± 20 ppm (111809973.568 kbit/s ± 20 ppm)	Refer Table 7-1 of ITU-T G.709
L.28	OTU-4	Receiver Sensitivity	G.959.1, G.695	Table 8-5, 8-6 G.959.1/Table 8-23	For different Application codes*,

for OTU-4 Int	G.695(attached)	refer to Clause 5 of ITU-T G.959.1
		and G.695

<sup>\*</sup>Application codes differ based on the fibre, no of channels, span distance/attenuation etc., so the respective tables may be referred for the value.

Note:- Attachment to Annexure-L is placed at the end of document

### **Annexure-M: Mobile Handset and Tablet Test Parameters**

**Parameter Group: Mobile Functional (MOBFUNC)** 

S. No.	Applicability	Parameter Name	Standard	Test Procedure
M.1	Mobile Handset and Tablet	Mobile device - Non-Zero IMEI/MEID/ESN	GSMA official document IMEI Allocation & Approval Process	Appendix-II, Test-30
M.2	Mobile Handset – Feature Phone	Mobile Emergency Support - Panic Button	G.S.R. No. 436 (E) dated 22-04-2016, 3GPP TS 22.101 for GSM/ UMTS/ LTE, 3GPP2 C.S0023 for CDMA.	Appendix-II, Test-31
M.3	Mobile Handset – Smart Phone	Mobile Emergency Support - Panic Button	G.S.R. No. 436 (E) dated 22-04-2016, 3GPP TS 22.101 for GSM/ UMTS/ LTE, 3GPP2 C.S0023 for CDMA.	Appendix-II, Test-32
M.4	Mobile Handset – Smart Phone	Mobile Emergency Support - GPS Location	G.S.R. No. 1441 (E) dated 23-11-2017.	Appendix-II, Test-33
M.5	Mobile Handset	Mobile Emergency Support - Call on 112	DoT 16-04/2015-AS-III/NP/67/120 dt 4.5.16, 3GPP2 C.S0023 for CDMA 2000, 3GPP TS 22.101 and TS 24.008 for GSM/ UMTS/ LTE.	Appendix-II, Test-34
M.6	Mobile Handset	Mobile Device Indian Language Support	IS 16333 (Part 3).	Appendix-II, Test-37
M.7	Mobile Handset	SAR Display for Mobile Handset	TEC/GR/SAR/001/01.MAR.09 or IEC Standard 62209-1	Appendix-II, Test-35
M.8	Mobile Handset	SAR Value for Mobile Handset	IEC 62209-1:2005 TEC/GR/SAR/001/01.MAR.09	62209-1: 2005 or later version

M.9	IoT Devices	IoT Dev - Non-0 IMEI or MEID or Unique MAC	GSMA official document IMEI Allocation & Approval Process (for IMEI / MEID)	Device manufacturer shall mention the suitable procedure for testing IMEI/ MEID/ MAC address/ any other unique ID by connecting device to smart phone/ tablet/ PC and without using any specialised test equipment
M.10	(i) SAR values for IoT devices expected to be worn on the body.	Parameters given in section 4.2.1, table- iv of STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023	STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023, Section 4.2.1 Table -iv	As per STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023
	(ii) SAR values for IoT devices expected to be worn on the body near the head.	Parameters given in section 4.2.1, table- v of STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023	STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023, Section 4.2.1 Table -v	As per STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023
	(iii) SAR values for IoT devices expected to be used in close proximity of 20 cm or less to the body	Parameters given in section 4.2.1, table- vi of STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023	STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023, Section 4.2.1 Table -vi	As per STANDARD No.: TEC 13016:2023
M.11	Fixed Wireless Phone (FWP)	FWP Emergency Support - Call on 112	DoT 16-04/2015-AS-III/NP/67/120 dt 4.5.16, 3GPP2 C.S0023 for CDMA 2000, 3GPP TS 22.101 and TS 24.008 for GSM/ UMTS/ LTE.	Appendix-II, Test-45

# Annexure-P1: IP Conformance Parameters – SIP and SIPI – RFC 3261 and Q.1912.5

**Parameter Group: IP Conformance** 

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P1.1	SIP Parameters Set-A	SIP Header : Message Body Type	RFC 3261	Clause 7.4.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.2	SIP Parameters Set-A	Generating SIP request  (To, R-URI, From, Call-ID, CSeq, Max-Forwards, Via)	RFC 3261	Clause 8.1.1, 8.1.1.2 to 8.1.1.7	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.3	SIP Parameters Set-A	SIP Dialog and Transaction	RFC 3261	Clause 12, 12.1.1, 12.1.2	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.4	SIP Parameters Set-A	SIP Terminating a Session with a BYE request.	RFC 3261	Clause 15	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.5	SIP Parameters Set-A	SIP Creating the initial invite	RFC 3261	Clause 13.2.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.6	SIP Parameters Set-A	User Authentication	RFC 3261	Clause 21	SIP Terminal, PABX
P1.7	SIP Parameters Set-B	SIP - Call Flow	RFC 3261	Clause 4	LMGW
P1.8	SIP Parameters Set-B	SIP Header : Message Body Type	RFC 3261	Clause 7.4.1	LMGW
P1.9	SIP Parameters Set-B	Generating SIP request (To, R-URI, From, Call-ID, CSeq, Max-Forwards, Via)	RFC 3261	Clause 8.1.1, 8.1.1.2 to 8.1.1.7	LMGW
P1.10	SIP Parameters Set-B	SIP Dialog and Transaction	RFC 3261	Clause 12, 12.1.1, 12.1.2	LMGW
P1.11	SIP Parameters Set-B	SIP Terminating a Session with a BYE request.	RFC 3261	Clause 15	LMGW
P1.12	SIP Parameters Set-B	SIP Creating the initial invite	RFC 3261	Clause 13.2.1	LMGW
P1.13	SIP Parameters Set-B	User Authentication	RFC 3261	Clause 21	LMGW

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P1.14	SIP Parameters Set-C	SIP - Max Forwards (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 8.1.1.6	SBC
P1.15	SIP Parameters Set-C	SIP - Message Body length (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 7.4.2	SBC
P1.16	SIP Parameters Set-C	SIP - Responses (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 7.2	SBC
P1.17	SIP Parameters Set-D	SIP - Max Forwards (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 8.1.1.6	SOFT SWITCH
P1.18	SIP Parameters Set-D	SIP - Message Body length (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 7.4.2	SOFT SWITCH
P1.19	SIP Parameters Set-D	SIP - Responses (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 7.2	SOFT SWITCH
P1.20	SIP Parameters Set-D	SIP - Cancelling a Request	RFC 3261	Clause 9	SOFT SWITCH
P1.21	SIP Parameters Set-D	SIP - Client Behaviour (Not for SIPS URI)	RFC 3261	Clause 9.1	SOFT SWITCH
P1.22	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - Conventions for representation of ISUP PDU	Q 1912.5	Clause 5.1	SOFT SWITCH
P1.23	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - Conventions for representation of SIP/SDP information	Q 1912.5	Clause 5.2	SOFT SWITCH
P1.24	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - IAM parameters	Q 1912.5	Clause 6.1.3	SOFT SWITCH
P1.25	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - INVITE received with an SDP offer	Q 1912.5	Clause 6.1.2	SOFT SWITCH
P1.26	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - INVITE received without an SDP offer	Q 1912.5	Clause 6.1.1	SOFT SWITCH
P1.27	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - ISUP encapsulation – detailed procedures	Q 1912.5	Clause 5.4	SOFT SWITCH

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P1.28	SIPI Parameters	SIPI - Sending of Initial Address Message (IAM)	Q 1912.5	Clause 6.1	SOFT SWITCH

# <u>Annexure-P2: IP Conformance Parameters – RTP – RFC 3550</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P2.1	RTP Parameters Set-A	RTP: Sender report RTCP packet version	RFC 3550	Clause 6.4.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P2.2	RTP Parameters Set-A	RTP: Sequence number	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P2.3	RTP Parameters Set-A	RTP: Version and Port	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P2.4	RTP Parameters Set-A	RTP: Payload Type	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P2.5	RTP Parameters Set-A	RTP: SSRC Identification	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	SIP Terminal, PABX
P2.6	RTP Parameters Set-B	RTP: Sender report RTCP packet version	RFC 3550	Clause 6.4.1	LMGW, MGW
P2.7	RTP Parameters Set-B	RTP: Sequence number	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	LMGW, MGW
P2.8	RTP Parameters Set-B	RTP: Version and Port	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	LMGW, MGW
P2.9	RTP Parameters Set-B	RTP: Payload Type	RFC 3550	Clause 5.1	LMGW, MGW
P2.10	RTP Parameters Set-C	RTP: Byte Order, Alignment, and Time Format	RFC 3550	Clause 4	Session Border Controller
P2.11	RTP Parameters Set-C	RTP: Simple Multicast Audio Conference	RFC 3550	Clause 2.1	Session Border Controller

# **Annexure-P3: IP Conformance Parameters – RTCP – RFC 3551**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P3.1	RTCP Parameters Set-A	RTCP: Port Assignment	RFC 3551	Clause 8	SIP Terminal
P3.2	RTCP Parameters Set-A	RTCP: Registering Additional Encodings	RFC 3551	Clause 3	SIP Terminal
P3.3	RTCP Parameters Set-A	RTCP: GSM-EFR	RFC 3551	Clause 4.5.9	SIP Terminal
P3.4	RTCP Parameters Set-A	RTCP: Guidelines 1 for sample-based audio encodings	RFC 3551	Clause 4.3	SIP Terminal
P3.5	RTCP Parameters Set-A	RTCP: Guidelines 2 for sample-based audio encodings	RFC 3551	Clause 4.4	SIP Terminal
P3.6	RTCP Parameters Set-B	RTCP: Port Assignment	RFC 3551	Clause 8	Session Border Controller
P3.7	RTCP Parameters Set-B	RTCP: Registering Additional Encodings	RFC 3551	Clause 3	Session Border Controller

### <u>Annexure-P4: IP Conformance Parameters – TCP – RFC 793</u>

#### **Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P4.1	TCP Parameters	Header Format and Sequence Numbers	RFC 793	Clause 3.1, 3.3	MGW, SIP Terminal, PABX
				Clause 1.4, 2.3, 3.1,	SBC
				Test terminology as per clause 3.2	

### <u>Annexure-P5: IP Conformance Parameters – UDP – RFC 768 and MGCP – H.248</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P5.1	UDP Parameters	UDP Format	RFC 768		MGW, LMGW, SBC, Soft Switch, PABX
P5.2	UDP Parameters	User Terminology	RFC 768		MGW, LMGW, SBC, Soft Switch, PABX
P5.3	MGCP Parameters	Connection Model	H.248	Clauses 6.1 & 6.2	MGW, LMGW, Soft Switch

### Annexure-P6: IP Conformance Parameters – IPV4 and Dual Stack – RFC 791 and RFC 4213

**Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)** (For IoT devices / gateways: - IPv4/ Dual IP parameters will be tested if feature is available.)

(For IP Terminals: - Dual IP layer operation: DNS parameters will be tested if the feature is available.)

**Note:** Applicable for ONT Product variant in ER on PON family: The Test parameters i.e. (i) Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 – Address, (ii) Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 – DNS, will not be applicable for products which supports only bridge mode. In such case, non-blocking of IPv4/IPv6 shall be verified with

test report for throughput with IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. Refer Test Case No. 43

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P6.1	IPV4 Parameters Set-A	Model of operation	RFC 791	Clause 2.2	MGW, SGW, PABX
P6.2	IPV4 Parameters Set-A	Internet Header Format	RFC 791	Clause 3.1	MGW, SGW, PABX, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Standalone tracking device for VehicleTracking device, Smart camera, Smart Watch
P6.3	IPV4 Parameters Set-A	Addressing	RFC 791	Clause 3.2	MGW, SGW, PABX
P6.4	IPV4 Parameters Set-B	Model of operation	RFC 791	Clause 2.2	SBC
P6.5	IPV4 Parameters Set-B	Gateways	RFC 791	Clause 2.4	SBC <del>, IoT Gateway</del>
P6.6	IPV4 Parameters Set-B	Interfaces	RFC 791	Clause 3.3	SBC
P6.7	IPV4 Parameters Set-C	Function Description	RFC 791	Clause 2.3	SOFT SWITCH
P6.8	IPV4 Parameters Set-C	Gateways	RFC 791	Clause 2.4	SOFT SWITCH
P6.9	IPV4 Parameters Set-C	Interfaces	RFC 791	Clause 3.3	SOFT SWITCH
P6.10	Dual IP layer operation: Address	Dual IP layer operation: Address Configuration	RFC 4213	Clause 2.1	WiFi Access Point, WiFi CPE, DSL NT Modem, ONU, ONT, SBC, IP Terminal, , IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, Smart camera, Smart Watch

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
					Product should demostrate support to all IPv6 services through respective RFCs and clause numbers.
P6.11	Dual IP layer operation: DNS	Dual IP layer operation: DNS	RFC 4213	Clause 2.2	SBC, IP Terminal, PON ONT  Product should demostrate support to all IPv6 services through respective RFCs and clause numbers.
P6.12	Dual IP layer operation: Tunnelling	Dual IP layer operation: Tunnelling	RFC 4213	Clause 3	WiFi Access Point, WiFi CPE, DSL NT Modem, ONU, ONT, OLT, MGW, LMGW, PABX, SBC, Mobile Device, CCNProduct should demostrate support to all IPv6 services through respective RFCs and clause numbers.
P6.13	Dual IP layer operation: Tunnelling	Dual IP layer operation: Tunnelling	RFC 4213	Clause 3.2.1	IoT Gateway
P6.14	Dual IP layer operation: Decapsulation	Dual IP layer operation: Decapsulation	RFC 4213	Clause 3.6	IoT Gateway
P6.15	Dual IP layer operation: Link Local Address	Dual IP layer operation: Link Local Address	RFC 4213	Clause 3.7	IoT Gateway
P6.16	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Static Tunnel MTU	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Static Tunnel MTU	RFC 4213	Clause No. 3.2.1	
P6.17	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Decapsulation	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Decapsulation	RFC 4213	Clause No. 3.6	
P6.18	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Link-Local Addresses	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Link-Local Addresses	RFC 4213	Clause No. 3.7	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P6.19	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Neighbor Discovery over Tunnels	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Neighbor Discovery over Tunnels	RFC 4213	Clause No. 3.8	
P6.20	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Security Considerations	Dual IP Layer Operation RFC 4213 - Security Considerations	RFC 4213	Clause No. 5	

# **Annexure-P7: IPv6 Conformance Parameters**

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP) ( For IoT devices / gateways:- IPv6 parameters will be tested if feature is available. )

**Note :** Applicable for ONT Product variant in ER on PON family: The Test parameters i.e. (i) IPV6 Header Parameters, (ii) IPV6 Extn Header Parameters, will not be applicable for products which supports only bridge mode. In such case, non-blocking of IPv4/IPv6 shall be verified with test report for throughput with IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. Refer Test Case No. 43.

	S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
	P7.1	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Version Field	RFC 2460 /	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile
				RFC 8200		Device, ONU, ONT, OLT,
						CCN, <b>IoT Gateway,</b>
						Feedback device, Smart
						Electricity meter, Tracking
						device <del>, Smart camera,</del>
						Smart Watch
ł	P7.2	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Traffic Class	RFC 2460 /	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile
	17.2	11 Vo Header Faranceers	ricuder. Trairie Glass	RFC 8200	Gladoc 5	Device, ONU, ONT, OLT,
				14 6 6266		CCN, <b>IoT Gateway</b> ,
						Feedback device, Smart
						Electricity meter, Tracking
						device <del>, Smart camera,</del>
						Smart Watch

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P7.3	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Flow Label	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental MonitoringSmart camera, Smart Watch
P7.4	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Payload Length	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.5	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: No next header after IPv6 Header	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.6	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Hop Limit	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, <b>IoT Gateway,</b>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
					Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, , End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.7	IPV6 Header Parameters	Header: Source and Destination Address	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 3	SIP Terminal, SBC, Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.8	IPV6 Extn. Header Parameters	IPv6 Extension Header Order	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 4.1	Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.9	IPV6 Extn. Header Parameters	IPv6 Extension Header Options	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 4.2	Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN
P7.10	IPV6 Extn. Header Parameters	IPv6 Extension Header Hop by Hop Options	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause 4.3	Mobile Device, ONU, ONT, OLT, CCN
P7.11	IPV6 Extn. Header Parameters	IPv6 Extension Header Routing	RFC 2460 /	Clause 4.4	Mobile Device, ONU, ONT,

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
			RFC 8200		OLT,CCN, IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring, Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.12	IPV6 Extn. Header Parameters	IPV6 Extn. Header Fragment Header	RFC 8200	Clause 4.5	IoT Gateway, Feedback device, Smart Electricity meter, Tracking device, End Point Device for Environmental Monitoring, Smart camera, Smart Watch
P7.13	IPV6 Packet Size Issues parameter	IPV6 Packet Size Issues	RFC 8200	Clause 5	IoT Gateway
P7.14	IPV6 Extension Header Order	IPV6 Extension Header Order	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200 Clause No. 4.1 RFC 4213	Clause No. 4, 5 Annexure-P7	
P7.15	IPV6 Options	IPV6 Options	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause No. 4.2 Annexure-P7	
P7.16	IPV6 Routing Header	IPV6 Routing Header	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause No. 4.4 Annexure-P7	
P7.17	IPV6 Fragment Header	IPV6 Fragment Header	RFC 2460 / RFC 8200	Clause No. 4.5 Annexure-P7	
			1		

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P7.18	IPV6 Destination Options Header	IPV6 Destination Options Header	RFC 2460 /	Clause No. 4.6	
			RFC 8200	Annexure-P7	
P7.19	IPV6 No Next Header	IPV6 No Next Header	RFC 2460 /	Clause No. 4.7	
			RFC 8200	Annexure-P7	
P7.20	IPV6 Packet Size Issues	IPV6 Packet Size Issues	RFC 2460 /	Clause No. 5	
			RFC 8200	Annexure-P7	
P7.21	IPV6 Upper-Layer Checksums	IPV6 Upper-Layer Checksums	RFC 2460 /	Clause No. 8.1	
		11 3	RFC 8200	Annexure-P7	
P7.22	IPV6 Responding to Packets	IPV6 Responding to Packets	RFC 2460 /	Clause No. 8.4	
	Carrying Routing Headers	Carrying Routing Headers	RFC 8200	Annexure-P7	

# <u>Annexure-P8: IP Conformance Parameters – DTMF – RFC 4733</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P8.1	DTMF Parameters Set-A	RTP payload format for named telephones events	RFC 4733	Clause 2	MGW,LMGW
P8.2	DTMF Parameters Set-A	Use of RTP header fields	RFC 4733	Clause 2.2	MGW,LMGW
P8.3	DTMF Parameters Set-A	Payload Format	RFC 4733	Clause 2.3	MGW,LMGW
P8.4	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Applications	RFC 4733 Clause 3.		Soft Switch
P8.5	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Congestion Consideration	RFC 4733	Clause 3.3	Soft Switch
P8.6	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Events	RFC 4733	Clause 3.2	Soft Switch
P8.7	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Payload Format	RFC 4733	Clause 2.3	Soft Switch
P8.8	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: RTP payload format for named telephones events	RFC 4733	Clause 2	Soft Switch
P8.9	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Specification of Events codes for DTMF events	RFC 4733	Clause 3	Soft Switch
P8.10	DTMF Parameters Set-B	DTMF: Use of RTP header fields	RFC 4733	Clause 2.2	Soft Switch
P8.11	DTMF Parameters Set-C	DTMF: Duration negotiation	RFC 4733	Clause 2.3.5	PABX
P8.12	DTMF Parameters Set-C	DTMF: Negotiation of Payload	RFC 4733	Clause 2.5.1.1	PABX
P8.13	DTMF Parameters Set-C	DTMF: Transmission of Event Packet	RFC 4733	Clause 2.5.1.2	PABX
P8.14	DTMF Parameters Set-C	DTMF: Verification of sequence no. and time stamp	RFC 4733	Clause 2.2.1	PABX

# <u>Annexure-P9: IP Conformance Parameters – SCTP – RFC 4960</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P9.1	SCTP Parameters Set-A	SCTP packet Format	RFC 4960	Clause 3	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.2	SCTP Parameters Set-A	SCTP common header field descriptions	RFC 4960	Clause 3.1	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.3	SCTP Parameters Set-A	Chunk field descriptions	RFC 4960	Clause 3.2	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.4	SCTP Parameters Set-A	Optional/variable-length parameters format	RFC 4960	Clause 3.2.1	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.5	SCTP Parameters Set-A	Reporting of unrecognized parameters	RFC 4960	Clause 3.2.2	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.6	SCTP Parameters Set-A	SCTP association state diagram	RFC 4960	Clause 4	MGW, LMGW, SGW
P9.7	SCTP Parameters Set-B	User Data Fragmentation	RFC 4960	Clause 1.5.3	SBC, Soft Switch
P9.8	SCTP Parameters Set-B	Path Management	RFC 4960	Clause 1.5.7	SBC, Soft Switch
P9.9	SCTP Parameters Set-B	Transmission of DATA Chunks	RFC 4960	Clause 6.1	SBC, Soft Switch
P9.10	SCTP Parameters Set-B	Path Failure Detection	RFC 4960	Clause 8.2	SBC, Soft Switch

# <u>Annexure-P10: IP Conformance Parameters – M3UA – RFC 4960 and Signalling over IP – RFC 2719</u>

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
P10.1	M3UA Parameters	Procedures to Support the M3UA-User	RFC 3332	Clause 4.1	Soft Switch, SGW
P10.2	M3UA Parameters	Establishment of Association and Traffic Between SGs and ASPs	RFC 3332	Clause 5.1	Soft Switch, SGW
P10.3	M3UA Parameters	M3UA Port Number	RFC 3332	Clause 7.2	Soft Switch, SGW
P10.4	M3UA Protocol Extensions Parameter	M3UA Protocol Extensions	RFC 3332	Clause 7.3	Soft Switch, SGW
P10.5	Signalling Protocol Over IP	Gateway Component Functions	RFC2719	Clause 2.1	SGW
P10.6	Signalling Protocol Over IP	SS7 Interworking for Connection Control	RFC2719	Clause 2.2	SGW
P10.7	Signalling Protocol Over IP	ISDN Interworking for Connection Control	RFC2719	Clause 2.3	SGW
P10.8	Signalling Protocol Over IP	Architecture for Database Access	RFC2719	Clause 2.4	SGW
P10.9	Signalling Protocol Over IP	SG to SG	RFC2719	Clause 3.5	SGW

# **Annexure-P11: IP Conformance Parameters – Functional Tests for IP**

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/
		Name			Remarks
P11.1	IPV4 Parameters Set-D	IPV4 Functional Tests	RFC 791	Appendix-II, Test-5	LAN Switch,
					Router
P11.2	SNMPv2 Parameters	SNMPv2 Functional Tests	RFC 3416	Appendix-II, Test-38	LAN Switch,
					Router, IP
					Security Products
P11.3	SNMPv3 Parameters	SNMPv3 Functional Tests	RFC 3410	Appendix-II, Test-39,	LAN Switch,
					Router, IP
D11.4	CNIMED 2 O D / 1	CNIMP 2 O D / 1		A 1' II T . C	Security Products
P11.4	SNMPv2 or Qx Protocol	SNMPv2 or Qx Protocol		Appendix-II, Test-6	LAN Switch,
	Parameters	functional test			Router
P11.5	SNMPv3 or Qx Protocol	SNMPv3 or Qx Protocol		Appendix-II, Test-7, 77	LAN Switch,
	Parameters	functional test			Router
P11.6	Netconf/Yang	Netconf/Yang Functional	RFC 6241	Appendix-II, Test-68	LAN Switch,
111.0	recessing rung	test	RFC 6020	rippenant ii, rest oo	Router, IP
		test			Security Products
P11.7	Dynamic Routing	Dynamic Routing		Appendix-II, Test-8	Router, L3 switch
	, , ,	Functional Tests			
P11.8	Static Routing	Static Routing Functional		Appendix-II, Test-9	Router, L3 switch
	State Housing	Tests		12990 12, 1000 0	
P11.9	TCP Parameters	TCP Functional Tests	RFC 793	Appendix-II, Test-10	Router
P11.10	Mac Learning & Pkt Fwdg	Mac Learning and Packet		Appendix-II, Test-11	LAN Switch
		Forwarding			
					7.437.0
P11.11	Spanning Tree Protocol Test	Spanning Tree Protocol	IEEE 802.1d	Appendix-II, Test-12	LAN Switch
		Root Bridge Election			

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/
		Name			Remarks
		Functional Test			
P11.12	Spanning Tree Protocol Test	Spanning Tree Protocol	IEEE 802.1d	Appendix-II, Test-13	LAN Switch
		Port Blocking Functional			
		Test			
P11.13	OSPFv2	OSPFv2	RFC2328	Appendix-I, Table-1	
P11.14	OSPFv3 for IPv6	OSPFV3	RFC2740	Appendix-I, Table-2	
P11.15	IPV6 Complete Suite	RFC 2460 or 8200	RFC2460/820	Appendix-I, Table-3	
			0		
P11.16	IPV6 Complete Suite	RFC 4861	RFC4862	Appendix-I, Table-4	
P11.17	IPV6 Complete Suite	RFC 4862	RFC4862	Appendix-I, Table-5	
P11.18	IPV6 Complete Suite	RFC 1981	RFC1981	Appendix-I, Table-6	
P11.19	IPV6 Complete Suite	RFC 4443	RFC4443	Appendix-I, Table-7	
P11.20	BGP for IPv6	BGP for IPV6	RFC2545	Appendix-I, Table-8	
P11.21	BGP4		RFC4271	Appendix-I, Table-9	
P11.22	MBGP		RFC4760	Appendix-I, Table-10	
P11.23	LDP		RFC5036	Appendix-I, Table-11	
P11.24	IPSec Functional Test	IPSec Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-16	
P11.25	NAT Functional Test	NAT Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-17, 18	
P11.26	Policy Functional Test	Policy Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-19	
P11.27	IDS Functional Test	IDS Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-20, 21	
P11.28	IDS for Management &	IDS Functional Test for		Appendix-II, Test-69	
	Analytic Equipment	i. Network Security			
		Management			
		Equipment			
		Network Security Analytic			
		equipment (Managed &			
		Unmanaged)			
P11.29	IPS Functional Test	IPS Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-22, 23	IP Security

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
					Products
P11.30	UTM URL, Content & Anti- Virus Filtering Functional Test	UTM URL, Content & Anti- Virus Filtering Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-24, 25, 26	IP Security Products
P11.31	Profile for frequency synchronisation	Profile for frequency synchronisation		Appendix-II, Test-27	PTP GM
P11.32	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with full timing support	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with full timing support		Appendix-II, Test-28	PTP GM
P11.33	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with partial timing support	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with partial timing support		Appendix-II, Test-29	PTP GM
P11.34	PPPoE	PPPoE Functional Test	RFC2516	Appendix-II, Test-14	PON, Router
P11.35	Radius / AAA/ Diameter	Radius Functional Test	RFC2865/ 3539 6733	Appendix-II, Test-15, 67	Router, IP Security Products
P11.36	MPLS-TP Requirement	MPLS-TP Requirement	RFC 5654	Clause 2	MPLS TP CEN Switch (Conformance testing)
P11.37	Ethernet PWE and Service Identification	Ethernet PWE and Service Identification	RFC 4448	Clause 4	MPLS TP Switch (Conformance testing)
P11.38	TDM PWE and Service Identification	TDM PWE and Service Identification	RFC 3916	Clause 4 & Clause 7.1	MPLS TP Switch (Conformance testing)
P.11.39	Network Visibility, Monitoring and Logging	Network Visibility, Monitoring and Logging Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-46	IP Security Products

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/
		Name			Remarks
P11.40	Encrypted traffic analysis	Encrypted traffic analysis		Appendix-II, Test-47	IP Security
		Functional test			Products
P11.41	Application visibility and	Application visibility and		Appendix-II, Test-48	IP Security
	control	control Functional Test			Products
P11.42	SSL Proxy	SSL Proxy Functional test		Appendix-II, Test-49	IP Security
					Products
P11.43	Data Loss Prevention	Data Loss Prevention		Appendix-II, Test-50	IP Security
		Functional Test			Products
P11.44	L3 DDoS protection	L3 DDoS protection		Appendix-II, Test-51	IP Security
		Functional Test			Products
P11.45	L4 DDoS protection	L4 DDoS protection		Appendix-II, Test-52	IP Security
		Functional Test			Products
P11.46	L7 DDoS protection	L7 DDoS protection		Appendix-II, Test-53	IP Security
		Functional Test			Products
P11.47	Static Analysis	Static Analysis Functional		Appendix-II, Test-54	IP Security
		Test			Products
P11.48	Manageability SNMPV3	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-81	LAN Switch,
					Router, IP Security
					Products
P11.49	Dynamic Analysis	Dynamic Analysis		Appendix-II, Test-55	IP Security
		Functional Test			Products
P11.50	Protecting against common	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-56	IP Security
	vulnerabilities -SQL injection				Products
P11.51	Protecting against common	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-57	IP Security
	vulnerabilities – Cross Site				Products
	Scripting (XSS)				
P11.52	Protecting against common	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-58	IP Security
	vulnerabilities – Protection				Products

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
	against Brute forcing.				
P11.53	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-59	IP Security Products
P11.54	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – HTTP method validation	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-60	IP Security Products
P11.55	Protecting against common vulnerabilities -Protection against File inclusion attack	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-61	IP Security Products
P11.56	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – Command Injection	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-62	IP Security Products
P11.57	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – Path traversal	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-63	IP Security Products
P11.58	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – Client Side Request Forgery (CSRF)	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-64	IP Security Products
P11.59	Protecting against common vulnerabilities – Monitoring & Audit event generation	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-65	IP Security Products
P11.60	Reverse Proxy	Functional Test		Appendix-II, Test-66	IP Security Products
P11.61	FC Zone Server	Functional Test	RFC 4936	Appendix-II, Test-70, 71, 72, 73, 74	LAN Switch
P11.62	FC Logins	Functional Test	RFC 4172	Appendix-II, Test-75	LAN Switch
P11.63	FC Name Server	Functional Test	RFC 4438	Appendix-II, Test-76	LAN Switch
P11.64	FC Registered State Change	Functional Test	RFC 4983	Appendix-II, Test-77	LAN Switch

S. No.	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	IETF RFC	Clause/ Section	Applicability/ Remarks
	NIat:f: aati aaa	rame			Reilidiks
	Notifications				
P11.65	FC Management	Functional Test	RFC 4044	Appendix-II, Test-78	LAN Switch
P11.66	FC Frame Encapsulation	Functional Test	RFC 3643	Appendix-II, Test-79	LAN Switch
P11.67	FC Packet Forwarding	Functional Test	RFC 2625	Appendix-II, Test-80	LAN Switch
P11.68	FC Static Routing	Functional Test	RFC 2625	Appendix-II, Test-82	LAN Switch
P11.69	FC Dynamic Routing	Functional Test	RFC 4626	Appendix-II, Test-83	LAN Switch
P11.70	FC Security Protocols	Functional Test	RFC 5324	Appendix-II, Test-84	LAN Switch

## **Annexure-P12: IP Conformance Parameters- DHCP**

**Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)** 

S. No	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	IETF RFC	Clause / Section
P12.1	DHCP client v4/v6	DHCP 4o6 Client Behavior	RFC 7341	Clause 9
P12.2		DHCP Unique Identifier (DUID)	RFC 8415	Clause 11

## **Annxeure Q: Optical Fibre (Single Mode) Tests**

## I. ITU-T G.652.D Optical Fibre – (Variant 1)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1310 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	9.2 ± 0.4 μm
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 0.7 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.5 µm
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	≤ ≤ 12 μm
7	Transmission Characteristics	At 1310 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.34 dB/km
8	(Attenuation of uncabled fibre)	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.20 dB/km
9		At 1490 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.24 dB/km
10		At 1270 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/km
11		At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.23 dB/km
12		Water peak attenuation at 1380 to 1390 nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.34 dB/km
13		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.1 dB
14	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 18.0 ps/nm.Km
15	(Chromatic Dispersion)	At 1625nm	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 22.0 ps/nm.Km

	In 1285-1330nm band	ITU-T G.652 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC	≤ 3.5 ps/nm.Km
	In 1270-1340nm band	·	$\leq$ 5.3 ps/nm.Km
	Zero Dispersion slope	I	$\leq 0.092 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$
	Zero Dispersion wavelength range		1300 - 1324nm
	Uncabled Fiber		$\leq$ 0.15 ps/ $\sqrt{km}$
		60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	
` _	T. 1 1	TELL THE COSTS A VIEW AND COSTS A VIEW	
mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	I	$\leq$ 0.06 ps/ $\sqrt{km}$
			40.00
	Cable cut-off wavelength		1260nm Max
		60/93-2-50 and IEC 60/93-1-44	
`			
		TELL TO CED TELL TO CED 4 TEC	, 0.05 ID , 4550
			≤ 0.05 dB at 1550 nm
		60/93-2-50 and IEC 60/93-1-4/	$\leq 0.1 \text{ dB at } 1625 \text{ nm}$
`		ITH TO CENTER TO CENTER	≤ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm
ioss)			≤ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm
		60/93-2-50 and IEC 60/93-1-4/	≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 lim
	diameter mandrei		
	Change in attenuation, when fiber is	ITILT C 652 ITILT C 650 1 IEC	≤ 0.05 dB at 1310 nm
			2 0.03 ab at 1310 iiii
		00/33-2-30 and IEC 00/33-1-4/	
Machanical		ITU T C 652 C 650 1 and IEC 60793 2	1%
	1 root test for infilling strain level		170
Characteristics	Deak Stripability force to remove	·	$1.0 \le N \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
		ILC 00755-2-50, 00755-1-52	$1.0 \le 10 \le 0.5 \text{ N} \text{ (Feak)}$ $1.0 \le N \le 5.0 \text{ N} \text{ (Average)}$
			1.0 \(\(\frac{1}{2}\) 1\(\frac{2}{2}\) 5.0 \(\frac{1}{4}\) (HVCluge)
-		IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
	Dynamic Tenone outlingui on agea)	112 00/35 2 50 tild 112 00/35-1-31	2 330 IXI 01 (3.000pa)
	Dynamic Tensile Strength	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
	Aged (Damp heat aged)		1 /
	<u> </u>	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-33	≥ 20
	y G		
	Transmission Characteristics (Polarization mode dispersion)  Transmission Characteristics (Cutoff wavelength) Transmission Characteristics (Fibre Macro bend loss)  Mechanical Characteristics	Transmission Characteristics (Polarization mode dispersion)  Transmission Characteristics ( Cutoff wavelength)  Transmission Characteristics ( Cutoff wavelength)  Transmission Characteristics (Fibre Macro bend loss)  Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 100 turns on 60 ±1.0 mm diameter mandrel  Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 1 turn around 32 ± 0.5 mm diameter mandrel  Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 100 turns on 50 ±0.5 mm diameter mandrel  Proof test for minimum strain level  Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged Dynamic Tensile Strength Un aged)  Dynamic Tensile Strength	In 1270-1340nm band

		(Unaged and Damp heat aged)		
31		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
32	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber for both color and uncolor	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation: Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -60°C to +85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-52	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
33	fibres	Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10C TO +85°C and 95% relative humidity	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
34		Water Immersion Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to water immersion at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-53	≤ 0.05dB/Km
35		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to Temperature aging at $85 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
36		Retention of Coating Color: Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C temperature with 95% Humidity and then 20 days in 85°C dry heat	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	No change in colour of coated fibre
37		High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
38		Cable Material Compatibility test for fibre: Fibre to be aged with filling compound for 30 days at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013; Draft IEC 60794-1-219	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 8.9 N (Peak)         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 5.0 N (Average)         <ul> <li>Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:</li> <li>No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or delamination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling compound.</li> <li>MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in</li> </ul>

				test no 39.
39	Colour	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent)
	qualification for			tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional
	color fibres			on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace
				shall be observed on tissue paper after
				testing.
40	Material	Fiber Materials: The substances of	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.
	Properties:	which the fibres are made		•

## II. ITU-T G.655 Optical Fibre (Variant 2)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	9.6 ± 0.4 μm
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 0.7 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.5 µm
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	$242 \pm 5$ μm (uncolor); $252 \pm 10$ μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	≤ ≤ 12 µm
7	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.21 dB/km
8	(Attenuation of uncabled fibre)	At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.23 dB/km
9		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.1 dB
10	Transmission Characteristics (Chromatic	At 1530 to 1565 nm	ITU-T G.655, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	Min value of Dmin - 1.0 ps/nm.Km Max value of Dmax - 10.0 ps/nm.Km Dmax – Dmin: ≤5.0 ps/nm.km
11	Dispersion)	At 1565 to 1625nm	ITU-T G.655, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	Min value of Dmin - 4.0 ps/nm.Km Max value of Dmax - 14.0 ps/nm.Km

12		Dispersion slope at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.655, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	$\leq$ 0.09 ps/(nm <sup>2</sup> Km)
13	Transmission Characteristics	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.15 ps/√km
14	(Polarization mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.1 ps/√km
15	Transmission Characteristics ( Cutoff Wavelength)	Cable cut off wavelength	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-44	1450 nm Max
16	Transmission Characteristics (Fibre Macro bend	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 100 turns on 60 ±1.0 mm diameter mandrel	ITU-T G.655 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC 60793- 2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	$\leq$ 0.05 dB at 1550 nm $\leq$ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm
17	loss)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 1 turn around 32 ± 0.5 mm diameter mandrel	ITU-T G.655 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC 60793- 2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	$\leq$ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm $\leq$ 0.5 dB at 1625 nm
18	Mechanical Characteristics	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.655, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	1%
19		Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
20		Dynamic Tensile Strength (Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
21		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
22		Dynamic Fatigue (Unaged and Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-33	≥ 20
23		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
24	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber (for both color and uncolor	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation: Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -60°C to +85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-52	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
25	fibres)	Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test:	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
	· · ·		·	

26		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and 95% relative humidity  Water Immersion Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to water immersion at 23 ± 2°C  Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to Temperature aging at 85 ± 2° C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-53 IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	≤ 0.05dB/Km ≤ 0.05 dB/Km
28		Retention of Coating Color: Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C temperature with 95% Humidity and then 20 days in 85°C dry heat	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	No change in colour of coated fibre
29		High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
30		Cable Material Compatibility test for fibre: Fibre to be aged with filling compound for 30 days at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013; Draft IEC 60794-1-219	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 8.9 N (Peak)         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 5.0 N (Average)         <ul> <li>Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:</li> <li>No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or delamination.</li> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling compound.</li> </ul> </li> <li>MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 31.</li> </ul>
31	Colour qualification	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue paper after testing.
32	Material	Fiber Materials:	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.

N.B.: Latest issue of above mentioned Standards may be referred.

#### III. ITU-T G.656 Optical Fibre (Variant 3)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
	Geometrical	Mode Field Diameter at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1;	$9.2 \pm 0.4 \ \mu m$
1	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	
			45	10- 0-
		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1;	125 ± 0.7 μm
2			IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1- 20	
		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1;	≤ 1 %
3		Cladding Non-circularity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ 1 70
			20	
		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1;	≤ 0.5 μm
4		core chair concentrately error	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	_ 0.0 p.m
			20	
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor);
5			21	252 ± 10μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ ≤ 12 μm
			21	
7	Transmission	At 1460	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	≤ 0.26 dB/km
,	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-40	
8	(Attenuation of	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	≤ 0.21 dB/km
	uncabled fibre)	A . 4 CDE	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-40	4.0.2.4 ID //
9		At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	≤ 0.24 dB/km
		A	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-40	< 0.4 dD/l
10		At 1383 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-40	≤ 0.4 dB/km
10			1EC 00/33-2-30, 00/33-1-40	
11		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013	≤ 0.05 dB

12	Transmission	At 1460 to 1550 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	1.0- 9.28 ps/nm.Km
	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	•
13	(Chromatic	At 1550 to 1625 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	3.6 – 14.0 ps/nm.Km
	Dispersion)		IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	
14		Dispersion slope at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	$\leq 0.07 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$
			IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	
15	Transmission	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1;	$\leq 0.15 \text{ ps/}\sqrt{\text{km}}$
	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	
1.0	(Polarization	7.1.1.1.01	48	2.2 ( //
16	mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.655 and ITU-T G.650.1;	≤ 0.2 ps/√km
			IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	
	Transmission	C-l-ll	48	1450 nm Max
	Characteristics	Cable cutoff wavelength	ITU-T G.656 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	1450 IIII Max
17	(Cut off		44	
	wavelength)		44	
	Transmission	Change in attenuation when fiber is	ITU-T G.656 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC	≤ 0.05 dB at 1550 nm
18	Characteristics	coiled with 100 turns on 60 ±1.0 mm	60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	≤ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm
	(Fibre Macro bend	diameter mandrel	30,00 <b>2</b> 00 and 120 00,00 1	= 0.1 dB dt 10 <b>=</b> 5 mm
	loss)	Change in attenuation when fiber is	ITU-T G.656 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC	≤ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm
19	,	coiled with 1 turn around $32 \pm 0.5$ mm	60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	≤ 0.5 dB at 1625 nm
		diameter mandrel		
20	Mechanical	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.656, G.650.1 and	1%
20	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	
		Peak Stripability force to remove	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
21		primary coating of the fiber		$1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
		(Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged		
		Demonstrate Town 11, Cr. 11	IEC (0702 2 E0 1 IEC (0702 4	> FEO MDCL (2.00C - )
22		Dynamic Tensile Strength	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
		(Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	> 440 VDCI (2 00C==)
23		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
		Dynamic Fatigue	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≥ 20
24		Dynamic rangue	33	≥ ∠U
<b></b>		Unaged and Damp heat aged	55	
		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
25		riber Guir	110 00/30 2 30, 00/30-1-04	= 7 Meter radius of carvature

	Environmental	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
26	Characteristics of	Dependence of Attenuation : Induced	52	
20	Fiber for both	Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm		
	color and uncolor	at -60°C to +85°C		
	fibres	Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test:	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
27		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and		
21		1625 nm at -10°C to +85°C and 95%		
		relative humidity		
		Water Immersion Test: Induced	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ 0.05dB/Km
28		attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm	53	
		due to water immersion at 23 ± 2°C		
		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test:	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
20		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and	51	
29		1625 nm due to Temperature aging at		
		85 ± 2° C		
		Retention of Coating Color:	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	No change in colour of coated fibre
20		Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C	51	, and the second
30		temperature with 95% Humidity and		
		then 20 days in 85°C dry heat		
31		High Temperature and High Humidity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		(Damp Heat) Test: Induced	50	
		attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at		
		85°C temperature and 85% Relative		
		Humidity for 30 days		
32		Cable Material Compatibility test for	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013;	Aged coating strip force:
		fibre : Fibre to be aged with filling	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
		compound for 30 days at 85°C		$1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
		temperature and 85% Relative		Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:
		Humidity		No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or
		Ĭ		delamination.
				<ul> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be</li> </ul>
				identifiable and no colour transfers to the
				filling compound.
				MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no
				33.
33	Colour	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue
	qualification	Ketone)		paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm
	7			length of the fiber. No color trace shall be

				observed on tissue paper after testing.
34	Material	Fiber Materials:	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.
	Properties:	The substances of which the fibres are		_
		made		

### IV. ITU-T G.657.A1 Optical Fibre (Variant 4)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	$(8.8-9.2) \pm 0.4 \mu m$
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 0.7 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.5 μm
5		Coating diameter a) 250µm fibre	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-21	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10 μm (color)
		b) 200μm fibre		180-210 μm (uncolor); 180-220μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity a) 250µm fibre b) 200µm fibre	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-21	≤ ≤ 12 μm ≤ 10 μm
7	Transmission Characteristics (Attenuation of	At 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.34 dB/km

8	uncabled fibre)	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	≤ 0.20 dB/km
			IEC 60793-1-40	
		At 1490 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.24 dB/km
9			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-40	
		At 1270 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.40 dB/km
10			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-40	
		At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.23 dB/km
11			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-40	
12		Water peak attenuation at 1380 to	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.34 dB/km
		1390 nm	G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-40	
13		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013	≤ 0.1 dB
			and IEC 60793-1-40	
14	Transmission	At 1550nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 18.0 ps/nm.Km
	Characteristics		G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	-
	(Chromatic		IEC 60793-1-42	
15	Dispersion)	At 1625nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 22.0 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
16		In 1285-1330nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 3.5 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
17		In 1270-1340nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 5.3 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
18		Zero Dispersion slope	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	$\leq 0.092 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
19		Zero Dispersion wavelength range	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1300 - 1324nm
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
20	Transmission	Un-cabled Fiber	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.15 ps/√km
	Characteristics		G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	

	(Polarization		IEC 60793-1-48	
	mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.06 ps/√km
21			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-48	
	Transmission	Fiber cut off wavelength for fibre used	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1260nm Max
22	Characteristics	in Patch cords & Pig-tails (2m sample)	G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
	(Cut-off wavelength)	Cable cut off wavelength	IEC 60793-1-44 ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1260nm Max
22	wavelengin)	Cable cut off wavelength	G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	1200IIII Max
23			IEC 60793-1-44	
			120 007 00 1 11	
24	Transmission Characteristics	Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 10 turns on 15 mm radius	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and	$\leq$ 0.25 dB at 1550 nm $\leq$ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm
24	(Fibre Macro bend	mandrel	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm
	loss)	Change in attenuation when fibre is		≤ 0.75 dB at 1550 nm
25		coiled with 1 turn on 10 mm radius	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and	≤ 1.5 dB at 1625 nm
		mandrel	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	
26	Mechanical	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and	1%
20	Characteristics		IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	
		Peak Stripability force to remove	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	
		primary coating of the fiber (Unaged,		
		Water aged, Damp heat aged) a) 250 μm fibre		
27		α) 250 μm nore		$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
		b) 200µm fibre		$1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
		, =====================================		
				$0.4 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
				$0.4 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
28		Dynamic Tensile Strength	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
		(Un aged)	1-31	
29		Dynamic Tensile Strength	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
		Aged (Damp heat aged)  Dynamic Fatigue	1-31 IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≥ 20
		Dynamic Faugue	1-33	≥ 20
30		(Unaged and Damp heat aged)	1 00	
		(gea and 2 amp near agea)		
31		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
31				

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	Environmental	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
	Characteristics of	Dependence of Attenuation : Induced	1-52	
32	Fiber for both	Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm		
	color and uncolor	at -60°C to +85°C		
	fibres			
		Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test:	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and		
33		1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and		
		95% relative humidity		
		3570 relative maintaity		
	-	Water Immersion Test: Induced	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≤ 0.05dB/Km
34		attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm	1-53	2 0.03dD/14III
54		due to water immersion at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C	1-33	
		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test:	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and	1-51	≥ 0.05 UD/KIII
25			1-51	
35		1625 nm due to Temperature aging at		
		85 ± 2° C		
2.0				
36		Retention of Coating Color:		
		Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	No change in colour of coated fibre
		temperature with 95% Humidity and	1-51	The change in colour of coulcu fibre
		then 20 days in 85°C dry heat		
37		High Temperature and High Humidity		
		(Damp Heat) Test: Induced	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	
		attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at	1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		85°C temperature and 85% Relative	1-30	
		Humidity for 30 days		
38		Cable Material Compatibility test for	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013;	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:</li> </ul>
		fibre : Fibre to be aged with filling	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
		compound for 30 days at 85°C		$1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
		temperature and 85% Relative		Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:
		Humidity		No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or
				delamination.
				<ul> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be</li> </ul>
				identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling
				compound.
				MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 39.
				▼ IVIEN KUD Test as illelitioned below ill test no 39.

39	Colour qualification	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue paper after testing.
40	Material Properties :	Fiber Materials: The substances of which the fibres are made	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.

N.B.: Latest issue of above mentioned Standards may be referred.

### V. ITU-T G.657.A2 Optical Fibre (Variant 5)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	(8.6 to 9.2) ± 0.4 μm
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 0.7 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.5 µm
5		Coating diameter a) 250µm fibre b) 200µm fibre	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-21	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10 μm (color) 180-210 μm (uncolor); 180-220μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity a) 250µm fibre b) 200µm fibre	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-21	≤ ≤ 12 μm ≤ 10 μm
7	Transmission Characteristics (Attenuation of	At 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.35 dB/km
8	uncabled fibre)	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.21 dB/km
9		At 1490 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.24 dB/km
10		At 1270 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/km
11		At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	≤ 0.23 dB/km

		T		
			IEC 60793-1-40	222.72
12		Water peak attenuation at 1380 to	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.35 dB/km
		1390 nm	G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-40	
13		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013	≤ 0.1 dB
			and IEC 60793-1-40	
14	Transmission	At 1550nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 18.0 ps/nm.Km
	Characteristics		G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
	(Chromatic		IEC 60793-1-42	
15	Dispersion)	At 1625nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 22.0 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
16		In 1285-1330nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 3.5 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
17		In 1270-1340nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 5.3 ps/nm.Km
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	•
			IEC 60793-1-42	
18		Zero Dispersion slope	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	$\leq 0.092 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
19		Zero Dispersion wavelength range	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1300 - 1324nm
			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-42	
20	Transmission	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.2 ps/√km
	Characteristics		G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	_
	(Polarization		IEC 60793-1-48	
	mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	≤ 0.06 ps/√km
21			G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	-
			IEC 60793-1-48	
	Transmission	Fiber cut off wavelength for fibre used	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1260nm Max
22	Characteristics	in Patch cords & Pig-tails (2m sample)	G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
	(Cut off		IEC 60793-1-44	
	wavelength)	Cable cut-off wavelength	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T	1260nm Max
23	<b>.</b>		G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	
			IEC 60793-1-44	
24	Transmission	Change in attenuation when fibre is	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and	≤ 0.03 dB at 1550 nm
				1

	Characteristics (Fibre Macro bend	coiled with 10 turns on 15 mm radius mandrel	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	≤ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm
25	loss)	Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 1 turn on 10 mm radius mandrel	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	≤ 0.1 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.2 dB at 1625 nm
26		Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 1 turn on 7.5 mm radius mandrel	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	≤ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm
27	Mechanical Characteristics	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	1%
28		Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged)  a) 250 µm fibre  b) 200µm fibre	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$ $0.4 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $0.4 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
29		Dynamic Tensile Strength (Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
30		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
31		Dynamic Fatigue Unaged and Damp heat aged	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-33	≥ 20
32		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
33	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber for both color and uncolor fibres	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation : Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -60°C to +85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793- 1-52	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
34		Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and 95% relative humidity	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km

		Water Immersion Test: Induced	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≤ 0.05dB/Km
35		attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm	1-53	
		due to water immersion at 23±2°C		
36		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test:	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and	1-51	⊇ 0.05 dD/1tm
		1625 nm due to Temperature aging at	1-31	
		1 0 0		
		85±2° C		
0.7				
37		Retention of Coating Color:		
		Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	No change in colour of coated fibre
		temperature with 95% Humidity and	1-51	110 change in colour of coated fibre
		then 20 days in 85°C dry heat		
38		High Temperature and High Humidity		
		(Damp Heat) Test: Induced	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-	
		attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at		≤ 0.05 dB/Km
		85°C temperature and 85% Relative	1-50	
		Humidity for 30 days		
39		Cable Material Compatibility test for	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013;	Aged coating strip force:
		fibre : Fibre to be aged with filling	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$
		compound for 30 days at 85°C		$1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
		temperature and 85% Relative		Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:
		Humidity		No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or
		Trainierty		delamination.
				For coloured fibres, colour to be
				identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling
				compound.
				MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 40.
40	Colour	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper
40			Didit 1EC 00/34-1-219	for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the
	qualification	Ketone)		
				fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue
		Til. 3.5	D 110 0 (D11 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	paper after testing.
41	Material	Fiber Materials:	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.
	Properties:	The substances of which the fibres are		
		made		

 $\it N.B.: Latest issue of above mentioned Standards may be referred.$ 

### VI. G.657.B3 Optical Fibre (Variant 6)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	$8.6\pm0.4~\mu m$
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 0.7 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.5 µm
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	242 ± 7 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10 μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	≤ ≤ 12 μm
7	Transmission Characteristics	At 1310 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.35 dB/km
8	(Attenuation of uncabled fibre)	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/km
9		At 1490 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.24 dB/km
10		At 1270 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/km
11		At 1625 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.24 dB/km
12		Water peak attenuation at 1380 to 1390 nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.35 dB/km
13		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.1 dB
14	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 18.0 ps/nm.Km
15	(Chromatic Dispersion)	At 1625nm	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 22.0 ps/nm.Km
16		In 1285-1330nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 3.5 ps/nm.Km

17		In 1270-1340nm band	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	≤ 5.3 ps/nm.Km
18		Zero Dispersion slope	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	$\leq 0.092 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$
19		Zero Dispersion wavelength range	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-42	1300 – 1350 nm
20	Transmission Characteristics	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.2 ps/√km
21	(Polarization mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.06 ps/√km
22	Transmission Characteristics	Fiber cut off wavelength for fibre used in Patch cords & Pig-tails	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-44	1260nm Max
23	(Cut-off wavelength)	Cable cutoff wavelength	ITU-T G.657 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-44	1260nm Max
24	Transmission Characteristics (Fibre Macro bend	Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 1 turn on 10 mm radius mandrel	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	$\leq 0.03~dB$ at 1550 nm $\leq 0.1~dB$ at 1625 nm
25	loss)	Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 1 turn on 7.5 mm radius mandrel	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1	$\leq 0.08~dB$ at 1550 nm $\leq 0.25~dB$ at 1625 nm
26		Change in attenuation when fibre is coiled with 1 turn on 5 mm radius mandrel	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-47	$\leq 0.15~dB$ at 1550 nm $\leq 0.45~dB$ at 1625 nm
27	Mechanical Characteristics	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.657, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	1%
28		Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
29		Dynamic Tensile Strength (Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
30		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
31		Dynamic Fatigue  (Unaged and Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-33	≥ 20
32		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature

33	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber for both color and uncolor fibres	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation: Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -60°C to +85°C Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test:	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-52  EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km ≤ 0.05 dB/Km
34		Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and 95% relative humidity	EIA/11A 455-75	≥ 0.03 db/Rill
35		Water Immersion Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to water immersion at 23 ± 2°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-53	≤ 0.05dB/Km
36		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to Temperature aging at $85 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
37		Retention of Coating Color: Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C temperature with 95% Humidity and then 20 days in 85°C dry heat	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	No change in colour of coated fibre
38		High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
39		Cable Material Compatibility test for fibre: Fibre to be aged with filling compound for 30 days at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013; Draft IEC 60794-1-219	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 8.9 N (Peak)         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 5.0 N (Average)         <ul> <li>Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:</li> <li>No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or delamination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling compound.</li> <li>MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 40.</li> </ul>

40	Colour qualification	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue paper after testing.
41	Material Properties :	Fiber Materials: The substances of which the fibres are made	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.

N.B.: Latest issue of above mentioned Standards may be referred.

### VII. G.654.D Optical Fibre (Variant 7)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	(11.5 to 15.0) ± 0.7 μm
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 1 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 2.0 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 µm
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10 μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	≤ 12 µm
7	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.20 dB/km
8	(Attenuation of uncabled fibre)	At 1625nm	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/km
9		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013 and IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.1 dB
10	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-	Maximum 23 ps/nm.Km
11	(Chromatic Dispersion)	Dispersion slope at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-42	$\leq 0.070 \text{ ps/(nm}^2 \text{Km)}$

12	Transmission	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and	≤ 0.20 ps/√km
12	Characteristics(P		IEC 60793-1-48	_
13	olarization mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.20 ps/√km
14	Transmission Characteristics ( Cut-off wavelength)	Cable cut-off wavelength	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-44	1530 nm Max
15	Transmission Characteristic (Fibre Macro bend loss)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 100 turns on 60 ±1.0 mm diameter mandrel	ITU-T G.654 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	≤ 2.0 dB at 1625 nm
16	Mechanical Characteristics	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1- 30	Minimum 0.69 GPa
17		Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
18		Dynamic Tensile Strength (Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
19		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
20		Dynamic Fatigue (Unaged and Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-33	≥ 20
21		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
22	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber for both color and uncolor fibres	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation: Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -60°C to +85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-52	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
23		Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and 95% relative humidity	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
24		Water Immersion Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-53	≤ 0.05dB/Km

		1 -		
		due to water immersion at $23 \pm 2$ °C		
25		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to Temperature aging at 85 ± 2° C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
26		Retention of Coating Color: Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C temperature with 95% Humidity and then 20 days in 85°C dry heat	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	No change in colour of coated fibre
27		High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
28		Cable Material Compatibility test for fibre: Fibre to be aged with filling compound for 30 days at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013; Draft IEC 60794-1-219	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 8.9 N (Peak)         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 5.0 N (Average)</li> <li>Visual Inspection under 5X magnification:         No fibre coatings cracking, splitting, or delamination.</li> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling compound.</li> <li>MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 29.</li> </ul>
29	Colour qualification	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue paper after testing.

30	Material	Fiber Materials:	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS
	Properties :	The substances of which the fibres		complied.
		are made		

### VIII. ITU-T G.654.E Optical Fibre (Variant 8)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/ Values
1	Geometrical Characteristics	Mode Field Diameter at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-45	(11.5 to 12.5) ± 0.7 μm
2		Cladding Diameter	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	125 ± 1 μm
3		Cladding Non-circularity	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 2.0 %
4		Core Clad concentricity error	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-20	≤ 0.8 µm
5		Coating diameter	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	242 ± 5 μm (uncolor); 252 ± 10 μm (color)
6		Coating /Cladding concentricity	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-21	≤ ≤ 12 μm
7	Transmission Characteristics (Attenuation of	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2- 50, 60793-1-40	≤ 0.23 dB/km
8	uncabled fibre)	At 1530nm - 1612nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2- 50, 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/km
9		At 1612nm - 1625nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2- 50, 60793-1-40	≤ 0.35 dB/km
10		Sudden irregularity in attenuation	Telcordia GR-20-CORE, 2013, IEC 60793- 1-40	≤ 0.1 dB
11	Transmission Characteristics	At 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2- 50, 60793-1-42	17 - 23 ps/nm.Km
12	(Chromatic Dispersion)	Dispersion slope at 1550 nm	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2- 50, 60793-1-42	0.050 - 0.070 ps/(nm <sup>2</sup> Km)
13	Transmission Characteristics	Uncabled Fiber	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.20 ps/√km
14	(Polarization mode dispersion)	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.20 ps/√km
15	Transmission Characteristics (Cut-off wavelength)	Cable cutoff wavelength	ITU-T G.654 and ITU-T G.650.1; IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-44	1530 nm Max

	Transmission Characteristics	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 100 turns on 60 ±1.0 mm	ITU-T G.654 ,ITU-T G.650.1, IEC 60793- 2-50 and IEC 60793-1-47	≤ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm
16	(Fibre Macro bend loss)	diameter mandrel	2 50 and 120 00755 1 17	
17	Mechanical Characteristics	Proof test for minimum strain level	ITU-T G.654, G.650.1 and IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-30	Minimum 0.69 GPa
18		Peak Stripability force to remove primary coating of the fiber (Unaged, Water aged, Damp heat aged	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-32	$1.0 \le F \le 8.9 \text{ N (Peak)}$ $1.0 \le F \le 5.0 \text{ N (Average)}$
19		Dynamic Tensile Strength (Un aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 550 KPSI (3.80Gpa)
20		Dynamic Tensile Strength Aged (Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-31	≥ 440 KPSI (3.00Gpa)
21		Dynamic Fatigue (Unaged and Damp heat aged)	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-33	≥ 20
22		Fiber Curl	IEC 60793-2-50, 60793-1-34	≥ 4 Meter radius of curvature
23	Environmental Characteristics of Fiber for both color and uncolor	Temperature Cycle Test: Temperature Dependence of Attenuation: Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at - 60°C to +85°C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-52	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
24	fibres	Temperature-Humidity Cycle Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm at -10° C TO +85° C and 95% relative humidity	EIA/TIA 455-73	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
25		Water Immersion Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to water immersion at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-53	≤ 0.05dB/Km
26		Accelerated Aging (Dry Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm and 1625 nm due to Temperature aging at $85 \pm 2^{\circ}$	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	≤ 0.05 dB/Km

27		Retention of Coating Color: Coated fibre aged for 30 days at 85°C temperature with 95% Humidity and then 20 days in 85°C dry heat	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-51	No change in colour of coated fibre
28		High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat) Test: Induced attenuation at 1550 nm & 1625 nm at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days	IEC 60793-2-50 and IEC 60793-1-50	≤ 0.05 dB/Km
29		Cable Material Compatibility test for fibre: Fibre to be aged with filling compound for 30 days at 85°C temperature and 85% Relative Humidity	Telcordia GR-20-CORE,2013; Draft IEC 60794-1-219	<ul> <li>Aged coating strip force:         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 8.9 N (Peak)         1.0 ≤ F ≤ 5.0 N (Average)</li> <li>Visual Inspection under 5X         magnification:         No fibre coatings cracking,         splitting, or delamination.</li> <li>For coloured fibres, colour to be identifiable and no colour transfers to the filling compound.</li> <li>MEK Rub Test as mentioned below in test no 30.</li> </ul>
30	Colour qualification	MEK RUB Test (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Draft IEC 60794-1-219	To be tested by using socked (solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10cm length of the fiber. No color trace shall be observed on tissue paper after testing.
31	Material Properties :	Fiber Materials: The substances of which the fibres are made	RoHS 3 (EU 2015/863)	Fibre material to be RoHS complied.

# **Annexure-R: Energy Consumption Rating (ECR) Group: ECR**

S. No.	Interface Name	Parameter Name	Standard	Limits/Values	Remarks
			Name		
R.1	ECR (Energy Consumption	ECR	TEC 74046	No limit for ECR	
	Rating) parameter			value.	
R.2	EP (Energy Passport)	EP	TEC 74046	No Test	Note: EP value will be
	parameter				generated by TEC based on
					ECR
					parameter.

# Annexure-S: Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) Group: SIM

SIM Form	Product Variant	Cellular Technology Features				Pre-personalize Application	Remarks
factor		GSM	WCDMA	LTE/ LTE(A)	5G	rippicution	Tema Ko
eUICC	eUICC-M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	SIM USIM ISIM	Single or multiple profile with GSMA Remote Service Provisioning
(M2M)	eUICC- M2M (Non-GSMA compliance)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	SIM USIM ISIM	Single or multiple profile without GSMA Remote Service Provisioning
eUICC (Consumer)	eUICC – Consumer (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-Consumer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	None	
UICC	SIM	Yes				SIM	
(Pluggable)	USIM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	USIM/SIM	
(1 luggable)	ISIM			Yes	Yes	USIM/ ISIM	

S. No.	Parameter Name	Standard	Test Specification	Applicability/ Remarks
S.1	Answer to reset eUICC	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Test Spec Clause 6 of ETSI 131 120 Clause 6.1 of ETSI TS 102 230-1Rel 11 and above	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.2	Physical and Logical Characteristics eSIM	Clause 7 of ETSI TS 102 671 Rel 9 and above	Clause 4 and 5 of test specification ETSI TS 131 120	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.3	Voltage classes eUICC	Clause 5.0 ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9, ETSI TS 102 671 (UICC shall not Power Class A) Rel 9 and above	ETSI TS 131 120 Clause 5	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.4	There shall be only one ISD-R and it is personalized by EUM during manufacturing	Clause 2.2.1.1. GSMA SGP .02 v4.2.1 and above		eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.5	No LOCKED state supported to ISD-R	Clause 2.2.1.1. GSMA SGP .02 v4.2.1	Clause 5.2.2 of GSMA SGP .11 v4.1	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.6	ISD-R shall be able to perform Platform management function on ISD-Ps	Clause 2.2.1.1. GSMA SGP .02 v4.2.1	Clause 4.2.3 ISDP creation and management	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.7	There will be only one ECASD present	Clause 2.2.1.2. GSMA SGP .02 v4.2.1	Clause 5.2 GSMA SGP 11 v4.1	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.8	The ECASD application SHALL be installed by the EUM during eUICC manufacturing	GSMA-SAS-UP compliance manufacturing certificate	GSMA SAS -UP Certificate	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.9	The eUICC SHALL support SCP80 and SCP81	Clause 4.2 of ETSI 102 225 rel 9 and above Clause 5, 7, 8 of ETSI 102 226 rel 9 and above Global Platform Card Specification 2.2 Amendment B v1.1.3 – RAM over HTTP	Global Platform card specification 2.2.1: 2011	eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M

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S.10	Executing ISD-P creation, key	Clause 3.1 GSMA SGP .02	Clause 4. of GSMA SGP	eUICC - M2M (GSMA
	establishment, and profile	v4.2.1	.11v 4.1 interface	compliance) / eSIM-M2M
	download	V 7,2,1	compliance testing	
S.11	Subscription Manager sends		Clause 4. of GSMA SGP	eUICC - M2M (GSMA
	enable commands to the eUICC	Clause 4.1.1.2 GSMA SGP	.11v 4.1 interface	compliance) / eSIM-M2M
	with a previously	.02 v4.2.1	compliance testing	
	downloaded profile			
S.12	Subscription Manager sends		Clause 4. of GSMA SGP	eUICC - M2M (GSMA
	disable profile commands to the	Clause 4.1.1.3 GSMA SGP	.11v 4.1 interface	compliance) / eSIM-M2M
	eUICC with a previously	.02 v4.2.1	compliance testing	
	enabled profile			
S.13	Subscription Manager sends	Classes 4.1.1.4.CCMA CCD	Clause 4. of GSMA SGP	eUICC - M2M (GSMA
	commands to delete a disabled	Clause 4.1.1.4 GSMA SGP	.11v 4.1 interface	compliance) / eSIM-M2M
	profile	.02 v4.2.1	compliance testing	
S.14	eUICC Profile Package:	T	eUICC-Interop-Profile-	eUICC - M2M (GSMA
	Interoperable Format Technical	Trusted connectivity alliance	Test-Specification-v3.3.1	compliance) / eSIM-M2M
	Specification	V3.3.1 and above	from TCA	
S.15			Test Spec Clause 6 of	eUICC – Consumer
		Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102	ETSI 131 120 Rel 9	(GSMA compliance) /
	Answer to reset eSIM content	221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.1 of ETSI TS	eSIM-Consumer
			102 230-1 Rel 11	
			and above	
S.16		Clause 5.0 ETSI TS 102 221	Clause 5.2 ETSI TS 131	eUICC – Consumer
	Voltage classes eUICC	Rel 9 and above	120	(GSMA compliance) /
		Rei 9 and above		eSIM-Consumer
S.17	If there is no Enabled Profile on the	Clause 3.4.3 of GSMA SGP	Using simulator to Test	eUICC – Consumer
	eUICC	.22 RSP Technical	using LPA in eSIM	(GSMA compliance) /
	60100	Specification v3 and above	enabled handset	eSIM-Consumer
S.18	Remote provisioning – Profile	Clause 3.1 of GSMA SGP	Clause 4 of the test	eUICC – Consumer
	download initiation	.22 RSP Technical	specification GSMA	(GSMA compliance) /
	download illidadoli	Specification v3 and above	SGP .23 v3.1	eSIM-Consumer
S.19	Remote provisioning – Profile	Clause 3.1.3 of GSMA SGP	Clause 4 of the test	eUICC – Consumer
	download and installation	.22 RSP Technical	specification GSMA	(GSMA compliance) /
	uowiiioau anu iiistanation	Specification v3 and above	SGP .23 v3.1	eSIM-Consumer
S.20	Local Profile Management –	Clause 3.2 of GSMA SGP	Clause 4 of the test	eUICC – Consumer
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	disable profile, enable profile,	.22 RSP Technical	specification GSMA	(GSMA compliance) /
	Delete profile, list of profile	Specification v3 and above	SGP .23 v3.1	eSIM-Consumer
S.21	Local eUICC management -	Clause 3.3 of GSMA SGP .22 RSP Technical	Clause 4 of the test	eUICC – Consumer
	Retrieve eID, eUICC memory		specification GSMA	(GSMA compliance) /
S.22	Reset	Specification v3 and above	SGP .23 v3.1	eSIM-Consumer
5.22	Administrative commands for		Clause 6.6 of ETSI TS	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	telecommunications	Clause 6 of ETSI TS 102	151 017 rel 4	compliance)
	applications in Integrated	222 Rel 9 and above	Clause 7.3 of ETSI TS	
	Circuit Cards (ICC) USIM		131 122 rel 17	
S.23			Transmission protocol	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	Transmission protocols USIM	Clause 7 of ETSI TS 102	tests clause 7 of ETSI	compliance)
		221 Rel 9 and above	131 230 -1Rel 11	
			and above	
S.24	Minimum application clock	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102 221	Clause 7 of ETSI TS 131	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	frequency USIM	Rel 9 and above	230-1 Rel 9 and above	compliance)
S.25	Electrical specification of	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	UICC with terminal interface	221 Rel 9 and above	230-1 Rel 11 and above	compliance)
S.26	Security mechanisms for the	Clause 5 6 7 8 9 of ETSI TS	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	(U)SIM application toolkit Stage 2	123.048	048 Release 5	compliance)
		(Release 5.and above)		
S.27	USIM shall support special SSD	Clause 7.2 of Global	Global Platform	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	(Supplementary Secure Domain	Platform Specifications	Specifications Version	compliance)
		Version 2.1.1 or higher	2.1.1 or higher	
S.28	Subscriber Identity Module		Clause 5 of Test	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	Application Programming	Clause 6 and annexure A of	specification for SIM API	compliance)
	Interface (SIM API) for Java	ETSI TS 143 019	for Java Card ETSI TS	
	Card	Rel 5 and above	151 013 rel 13 and above	
S.29		ISO7816 4 Clause 9 of ETSI	Clause 6.6.2.9.3 of ETSI TS	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	Support for PIN and PUK USIM	TS 102 221 Rel 9	151 017 rel 4	compliance)
	Support for Tirk and Tork Convi	10 102 221 1161 0	and above	- ,
S.30			Clause 6.4.2 of ETSI TS102	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	Transmission Speed USIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102	230-2 Rel 11	compliance)
	Transmission opeca convi	221 Rel 9 and above	and above	• /
S.31	Voltage classes (Class A Class B		1 2 2 2 2 2	eUICC -M2M (Non-GSMA
	Class C at least two	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102	compliance)

	consecutive classes Eg AB or BC) USIM	221 Release 9 and above	230-1 Rel 11 and above	
S.32	Interface protocols SIM	Clause 7A of ETSI TS 131.101 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.5.2.2 of ETSI TS 102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.33	Minimum application clock frequency SIM	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.3.4 of ETSI TS 102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.34	Network Security (at least but not limited to A3 A8 algorithm) SIM	Clause 7.1, 7.2 of ETSI TS 151 011 Rel 4	Clause 6.4 of ETSI 151 017 Rel 4	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.35	Passive authentication SIM	Clause 7 of ETSI TS 151 011 Rel 4	Clause 6.4 of ETSI 151 017 Rel 4	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.36	Physical and Logical Characteristics SIM	Clause 4 Of ETSI TS 131 101 Rel.9 and above	Clause 4 of ETSI TS 102 230-1 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.37	Read or Update access to NVM controlled by Operating System and Issuer SIM application.	ISO 7816 4, Clause 9 of ETSI TS 151 011 Rel 4	Clause 6 of ETSI TS 151 017 Rel 4 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.38	Security mechanisms for the SIM application toolkit Stage 2	Clause 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 of ETSI 123 048 Rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 048 Release 5	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.39	SIM Application	Clause 4,5,6,7 of ETSI TS 102 223 Rel 9 and above	Clause 27 of ETSI TS 131 124 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.40	SIM shall support special SSD (Supplementary Secure Domain) for SIM based apps.	Clause 7.2 of Global Platform Specifications of SIM Alliance Forum Version 2.1.1 or higher	Global Platform Specifications Version 2.1.1 or higher	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.41	Subscriber Identity Module Application Programming Interface (SIM API)	Clause 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 ETSI 142 019 rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 213 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.42	Subscriber Identity Module Application Programming Interface (SIM API) for Java	Clause 6 and Annexure-A of ETSI TS 143 019 Rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 213 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor

	Card TM			
S.43	Transmission Speed SIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.4.2 of ETSI TS102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.44	Voltage classes (Class A Class B Class C at least two consecutive classes eg AB or BC) SIM	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131.101 Rel 9 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102 230-1 Rel 11 and above	SIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.45	Administrative commands for telecommunications applications in Integrated Circuit Cards (ICC) ISIM	Clause 6 of ETSI TS 102 222 Rel 5 and above Clause 4, 5, 6, 7 of ETSI TS 131 103 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.6 of ETSI TS 151 017 rel 4 Clause 7.3 of ETSI TS 131 122 rel 17	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.46	Interface protocols ISIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102 221 rel 9 and above	Clause 6.5.2.2 of ETSI TS 102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.47	Minimum application clock frequency ISIM	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.3.4 of ETSI TS 102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.48	Physical and Logical Characteristics ISIM	Clause 4 Of ETSI TS 131 101 Rel.9 and above	Clause 4 of ETSI TS 102 230-1 Rel 11 and above	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.49	Security mechanisms for the (U)SIM application toolkit Stage 2 ISIM	Clause 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 of ETSI 123 048 rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 048 Release 5	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.50	SIM shall support special SSD (Supplementary Secure Domain) for SIM based apps ISIM.	Clause 7.2 of Global Platform Specifications of SIM Alliance Forum version 2.1.1 or higher	Global Platform Specifications Version 2.1.1 or higher	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.51	Support for PIN and PUK Characteristics of the IP Multimedia Services Identity Module (ISIM) application	ISO7816 4 Clause 9 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.6.2.9.3 of ETSI TS151 017 Rel 4	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.52	Transmission Speed ISIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.4.2 of ETSI TS102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	UICC based ISIM – Pluggable Form Factor

S.53	Voltage classes (Class A Class B	Clause 5 of ETSI TS		UICC based ISIM –
	Class C at least two consecutive	131.101 Rel 9 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102	Pluggable Form Factor
	classes e.g. AB or		230-1 Rel 11 and above	
	BC)			
S.54	ISIM commands	Clause 7 of ETSI 131 103	Clause 7.2 3GPP TR	UICC based ISIM –
0.55		Rel 9 and above	31.829 V13	Pluggable Form Factor
S.55	Hardware accelerator to enable	Clause 4.4.11.8 of ETSI 131	Clause 5.3.3, 5.3.4 of	UICC based ISIM –
	Subscription Concealed Identifier	102 Rel 16 and above	ETSI 131 121 rel 15	Pluggable Form Factor
S.56	(SUCI) Subscription Permanent	Clause 4.4.11.10 of ETSI	and above	UICC based ISIM –
3.30	Identifier (SUPI)	131 102 Rel 16 and above	Testing with 5G NR Simulator	Pluggable Form Factor
S.57	UE Route Selection Policy	Clause 5.2.34 of ETSI 131	Testing with 5G NR	UICC based ISIM –
3.57	(URSP)	102 Rel 16 and above	Simulator	Pluggable Form Factor
S.58	(GIGI)	102 Itel 10 and above	Clause 5.3.3 of ETSI	UICC based ISIM –
	GET IDENTITY ( SUCI	Clause 7.5 of ETSI 131 102 Rel	131 121 Rel 16	Pluggable Form Factor
	initiation)	16 and above	and above	
	,		Clause 7.3.3 of ETSI	
			131 122 Rel 17	
S.59	Get IDENTITY for SUPI type	Clause 7.5.2.1 of ETSI TS	Clause 7.3.3 of ETSI 131	UICC based ISIM –
	NSI or GLI when SUCI calc	131 102 Rel 17 and above	122 Rel 16 and above	Pluggable Form Factor
	done by USIM Hw	131 102 Ref 17 and above		
S.60	Administrative commands for	_	Clause 6.6 of ETSI TS	USIM – Pluggable
	telecommunications	Clause 6 of ETSI TS 102	151 017 rel 4	Form Factor
	applications in Integrated	222 Release 5 and above	Clause 7.3 of ETSI TS	
S.61	Circuit Cards (ICC) USIM		131 122 rel 17	LICINA Disaggalia
3.01	Interface protectle LICIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102	Clause 6.5.2.2 of ETSI TS 102 230-2 Rel 11	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
	Interface protocols USIM	221 rel 9 and above	and above	FORM Factor
S.62			Clause 6.3.4 of ETSI TS	USIM – Pluggable
3.02	Minimum application clock	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102	102 230-2 Rel 11	Form Factor
	frequency USIM	221 Rel 9 and above	and above	1 offir I detoi
S.63	Physical and Logical	Clause 4 Of ETSI TS 131	Clause 4 of ETSI TS 102	USIM – Pluggable
	Characteristics USIM	101 Rel.9 and above	230-1 Rel 11 and above	Form Factor

S.64	Security mechanisms for the (U)SIM application toolkit Stage 2	Clause 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 of ETSI 123 048 rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 048 Release 5	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.65	SIM shall support special SSD (Supplementary Secure Domain) for SIM based apps.	Clause 7.2 of Global Platform Specifications of SIM Alliance Forum Version 2.1.1 or higher	Global Platform Specifications Version 2.1.1 or higher	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.66	Subscriber Identity Module Application Programming Interface (SIM API) for Java CardV TM Stage 2 USIM	Clause 6 7 of ETSI TS 143.019 (Release V5.6.0 and above)	Clause 6 and Annexure-A of ETSI TS 143 019 Rel 5 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.67	Subscriber Identity Module Application Programming Interface (SIM API) Stage 1 USIM	Clause 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 ETSI 142 019 rel 5 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131 213 Rel 11 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.68	Support for PIN and PUK USIM	ISO7816 4 Clause 9 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9	Clause 6.6.2.9.3 of ETSI TS151 017 rel 4	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.69	Transmission Speed USIM	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.4.2 of ETSI TS102 230-2 Rel 11 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.70	Voltage classes (Class A Class B Class C at least two consecutive classes Eg AB or BC)	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 131.101 Rel.9 and above	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 102 230-1 Rel 11 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.71	Authentication 3G/4G procedure	Clause 11.1.16 of ETSI 102 221 Rel 17 Auth Procedure Clause 7.1 of ETSI 131 102 Rel 15	Clause 3 of ETSI TS 135 206 rel 14	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.72	Characteristics of the Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) application	Clause 4.0 of ETSI 131 102 Rel 16 and above	Clause 4,6,7 of ETSI 131 122 Rel 16 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.73	Hardware accelerator to enable Subscription Concealed Identifier (SUCI)	Clause 4.4.11.8 of ETSI 131 102 Rel 16 and above	Clause 5.3.3, 5.3.4 of ETSI 131 121 rel 15 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor

S.74	Subscription Permanent	Clause 4.4.11.10 of ETSI 131	Testing with 5G NR	USIM – Pluggable
	Identifier (SUPI)	102 Rel 16 and above	Simulator	Form Factor
S.75	UE Route Selection Policy (URSP)	Clause 5.2.34 of ETSI 131 102 Rel 16 and above	Testing with 5G NR Simulator	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.76	GET IDENTITY ( SUCI initiation)	Clause 7.5 of ETSI 131 102 Rel 16 and above	Clause 5.3.3 of ETSI 131 121 Rel 16 and above Clause 7.3.3 of ETSI 131 122 Rel 17	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.77	Power saving mode	Clause 5.1.10 of ETSI 102 Rel 15 and above	Clause 13 of ETSI 131 121 Rel 15 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.78	Get IDENTITY for SUPI type NSI or GLI when SUCI calc done by USIM Hw	Clause 7.5.2.1 of ETSI TS 131 102 Rel 17 and above	Clause 7.3.3 of ETSI 131 122 Rel 16 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.79	Authentication procedure for 5G AKA	Clause 6.1.3.2 of ETSI TS 133 501 Rel 17 and above	Clause 7.3.1 of ETSI 131 122 Rel 16 and above	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.80	Manage Channel	Clause 11.1.17 od ETSI 102 221 Rel 17 and above	Clause 6.5.7 of ETSI TS 131 122 Rel 11	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.81	Get Challenge	Clause 11.1.18 of ETSI 102 221 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6.8.1.18 of ETSI 131 122 Rel 11	USIM – Pluggable Form Factor
S.82	Pre-personalized Profiles ISIM	Clause 4 of ETSI TS 131 103 Rel 9 and above	Clause 6 of ETSI TS 131 103 Rel 9 and above	Pre-personalized Profiles ISIM for eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.83	Pre-personalized Profiles SIM	Clause 10 of ETSI TS 151.011 Rel 4	Clause 5 of ETSI TS 151.017 release 4	Pre-personalized Profiles SIM for eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM-M2M
S.84	Pre-personalized Profiles USIM	Clause 4,5 of ETSI TS 131 102 Rel 12 and above	Clause 7 of ETSI TS 131 102 Rel 12 and above	Pre-personalized Profiles USIM for eUICC - M2M (GSMA compliance) / eSIM- M2M

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S.85	Specification of the Subscriber	Clause 5, 6 of ETSI TS 151	Clause 6.3 of ETSI TS	SIM-ME-USIM Interface
	Identity Module Mobile	011 Release 4	151 017 rel 4	for eUICC - M2M (Non-
	Equipment (SIM ME) interface			GSMA
	USIM			compliance)
S.86		Clause 4 of ETSI TS 131	Clause 6 of ETSI TS	Pre-personalized Profiles
	Pre-personalized Profiles ISIM	103 Rel 9 and above	131 103 Rel 5 and	ISIM for eUICC - M2M
		103 Kei 9 aliu above	above	(Non- GSMA compliance)
S.87		Clause 10 of ETSI TS	Clause 5 of ETSI TS	Pre-personalized Profiles
	Pre-personalized Profiles SIM	151.011 Rel 4	151.011	ISIM for eUICC - M2M
		131.011 101 4	151.011	(Non-
				GSMA compliance)
S.88	Pre-personalized Profiles	Clause 4. 5 of ETSI TS 131	Clause 7 of ETSI TS	Pre-personalized Profiles
	USIM	102 Rel 9 and above	131 102 Rel 9 and	ISIM for eUICC - M2M
	OSHVI	102 Rei 3 and above	above	(Non- GSMA compliance)
S.89	Software Components shall	Clause 4,5,6,7 of ETSI TS	Clause 27 of ETSI TS	SIM-ME Interface for SIM
	include Operating System and	102 223 Rel 9 and above	131 124 Rel 11	<ul> <li>Pluggable Form Factor</li> </ul>
	SIM Tool Kit Applications	102 223 Rei 3 and above	and above	
S.90	Specification of the			SIM-ME Interface for SIM
	Subscriber Identity Module	ISO-7816-4 ETSI TS	Clause 6.6.2.9.3 of ETSI	<ul> <li>Pluggable Form Factor</li> </ul>
	Mobile Equipment	151.011 Release 4 or higher.	TS151 017 rel 4	
	(SIM ME) interface			
S.91	Specification of the			SIM-ME-USIM for USIM –
	Subscriber Identity	ISO-7816-4 ETSI TS	Clause 6.6.2.9.3 of ETSI	Pluggable Form Factor
	Module Mobile	151.011 Release 4 or higher.	TS151 017 rel 4	
	Equipment (SIM ME)			
	interface USIM- Pluggable			

## ANNEXURE TO ER of RADIO BROADCAST RECEIVER

Annex-R-A1-Safety	As per Annexure I

Annex-R-A1-Freq	As per Annexure II, Table I.
	Testing as per Test Setup I in Annexure III.
Annex-R-A1-Navigation	GPS     NavIC (Regional GNSS system of India) Testing as per As per Test Setup II in Annexure III.
Annex-R-A1-Radio_conformance	As per Annexure-IV

## **Annexure I**

Conformance to following safety standards is required:	Testing requirements
a) The equipment shall conform to IS 616:2017/IEC 60065:2014 -,,Audio, Video and similar electronic apparatus- Safety requirements".	
OR	
The equipment shall conform to IEC 62368- 1: 2018 "Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements".	Test results from Designated CAB of TEC to be submitted for compliance
b) In case of secondary cells and batteries used in portable equipments, conformance to standard IS 16046(Part2): 2018/ IEC 62133-2: 2017)  "Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made from them, for use in portable applications": Lithium systems.	

Table 1

Frequency bands		Applications
Medium Frequency (MF)	526, 5 kHz to 1 606, 5 kHz.	
High Frequency (HF):	3 950 kHz to 4 000 kHz, 5	
	900 kHz to 6 200 kHz, 7 200	
	kHz to 7 450 kHz, 9 400 kHz	
	to 9 900 kHz, 11 600 kHz to	
	12 100 kHz, 13 570 kHz to 13	
	870 kHz, 15 100 kHz to 15	Radio Broadcasting
	800 kHz, 17 480 kHz to 17	
	900 kHz, 18 900 kHz to 19	
	020 kHz, 21 450 kHz to 21	
	850 kHz and 25 670 kHz to	
	26 100 kHz	
VHF band I:	47 MHz to 68 MHz.	
VHF band II:	87,5 MHz to 108 MHz.	
VHF band III:	174 MHz to 230 MHz.	
L band I	1 164 MHz to 1 300 MHz	GNSS
L band II	1 559 MHz to 1 610 MHz	
S band	2483.5 MHZ to 2500 MHz	

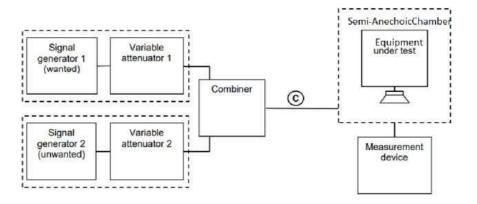
Note:

- i. The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed in Table 1 above.
- ii. The above mentioned frequencies are for the purpose of prescribing technical specifications and don't specify the actual allocation of above mentioned services in India. The actual allocation w.r.t to any services will be as per license conditions/regulations of Government of India.
  - iii. All the frequency bands mentioned in the table above, may be revised as per the "National Frequency Allocation Plan (NFAP)" in force.

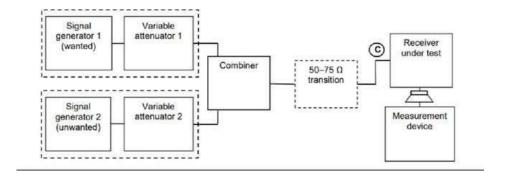
#### Test Setup I: To verify the frequency of operation of the ET (as per applicability defined in standard ETSI EN 303 345-1)

The setups are representative and may vary depending on the equipment under test and specific test methodology.

I. General Test requirement – Radiated Measurements



II. General Test requirement – Conducted Measurements



## **Test Setup II: To verify support for GNSS**

## a) To verify support for GPS/NaVIC

Parameter Name	Support for geolocation through GPS/NaVIC
Test Details	Test for facility of identifying the location through satellite- based GPS/NaVIC
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT (Equipment Under Test)
Test Procedure	i. Power on the EUT. ii. If the EUT is SIM enabled then deactivate the SIM. iii. Go to Settings through appropriate menu in the device to enable GPS/NaVIC functionality. iv. Locate the settings to turn Location "ON".
Expected Result	i. Verify that the device is able to display location using satellite b ased GPS/NaVIC, when SIM (if present) is deactivated.

		Conformance to the following latest in force/valid versions of standards as applicab	Annexure IV
Sr. No.	Standard	Applicability	
1.	ETSI EN 303 345	Applicable to Radio broadcast receivers, intended to support analog AM/FM or DRM digital modulation only.	Test results and certificate from TEC
		Note: Conformance shall only be required for each of the frequency bands co-located Annexure I Table I of this documents and ETSI EN303 345-1.	Designated CAB shall be submitted for compliance.
2.	ETSI EN 303 413	Applicable to Radio broadcast receivers intended for reception of GNSS signals	

### ANNEXURES TO ER FOR OPTICAL FIBRE CABLE

**Annexure-Tx-A1-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cable for Duct Applications (Duct, Micro Duct)

**Annexure-Tx-A2-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cable for Direct Buried application

**Annexure-Tx-A3-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cable for Aerial Applications

(ADSS along Power Line, ADSS on Aerial alignment, and Optical Ground Wire-

OPGW)

**Annexure-Tx-A4-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cable for Access Network Applications

(Indoor Cable, Access Outdoor Cable, Indoor-Outdoor Cable, In-Home Cable)

**Annexure-Tx-A5-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cable for Direct Surface Application (DSA)

**Annexure-Tx-A6-OFC:** Hybrid Cable (Optical and Metallic)

# **Annexure-Tx-A1-OFC:** Optical Fibre Cables for Duct Application (Duct, Micro-duct)

A1.1 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cables- Duct

SN	Parameter Name	Individual	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
		Parameter			
		Name			
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	-	
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1.3 W Newton (where, W- mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a Compressive load of	1500 N (for Un- armoured)

				1500 N/2000N	2000N (for Armoured)
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 10Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles.	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D-diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104.  Total number of cycles be 25.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15 dB when subjected to following temperature cycle: TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1 temperature: - 10°C	

				TB1 temperature: + 60°C TB2 temperature: + 70°C. No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test / Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
16		Termite and Rodent Test	The manufacturer shall submit Undertaking that the Anti-termite/Anti-Rodent dopants used if any, are non-toxic and non-hazardous		
17		Electrical continuity test	IEC 60794-1-24/IEC 60794-1-403	The metallic elements shall be continuous.	Applicable for cable having Metallic Armoured/ metallic Strength element
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
19	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
20	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul><li>Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li><li>The fibre breakout procedure shall not be</li></ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only

		T	I	1	T I
				permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;  - Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.	
21		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: $\leq 0.05$ dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
23	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non- toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.	
24	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shal	l submit MTCTE Certificate pe of Optical fibre used in t	e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. he cable	TEC70112401 or latest
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)		l submit MTCTE Certificato pe of Optical fibre used in t	e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. he cable	TEC70112401 or latest
26	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			

27	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
28	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
		OR
		Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

A1.2 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cables- Micro Duct

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		_
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1 W Newton (where, W - mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	

7	Cru	ush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a compressive load of 500N	
8	lmp	pact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 1 Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9	Ber	nd Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles	
10	Rep	peated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D-diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104.  Total number of cycles be 25.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
11	Tor	rsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12	Cab	ble Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.

				or oily impression on the	
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	paper.  Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when subjected to following temperature cycle:  TA2 temperature: - 20°C  TA1 temperature: - 10°C  TB1 temperature: + 60°C  TB2 temperature: + 70°C.  No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
16		Termite and Rodent Test	The manufacturer shall submit Undertaking that the Anti- termite/Anti-Rodent dopants used if any, are non-toxic and non-hazardous		
17	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and

	(Buffer Tube)			15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Micromodule.
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
19	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.	11
				- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;	
				- Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other	
20		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794- 1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
21		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.	
23	Geometrical	The manufacturer shall sub	mit MTCTE Certificate in compliar	nce to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. T	EC70112401 or latest

	Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
24	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
26	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
27	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable OR Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

# **Annexure-Tx-A2-OFC: Optical Fibre Cables for Direct Buried Application**

A2.1 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable- Direct Buried

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	— ≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	_ 0.0 ps, viiii	
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1.3 W Newton (where, W-mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm : ≤ 0.05 dB when subjected to a compressive load of 2500 N/3500 N	2500 N (for Un-armoured cable) 3500 N (for Armoured cable)
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1310 & 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 25Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm:≤	

10				0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles.	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D- diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
				Total number of cycles be 25.	
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours.	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.
				There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when subjected to following temperature cycle: TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1 temperature: - 10°C TB1 temperature: + 60°C TB2 temperature: + 70°C No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm:	

				$\leq$ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C $\pm$ 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
16		Termite and Rodent Test	The manufacturer shall submit Undertaking that the Anti-termite/ Anti-Rodent dopants used if any, are non-toxic and non-hazardous		
17		Electrical continuity test	IEC 60794-1-24/IEC 60794-1-403	The metallic elements shall be continuous.	Applicable for cable having Metallic Armoured/ metallic Strength element
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
19	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
20	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only

				<ul> <li>The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;</li> <li>Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.</li> </ul>	
21		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20 /IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
23	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be nontoxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.	
24	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable		submit MTCTE Certificato be of Optical fibre used in	e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(E the cable	R No. TEC70112401 or latest
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			

	Dispersion)	
26	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
27	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
28	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable  OR  Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

# Annexure-Tx-A3-OFC: Optical Fibre Cables for Aerial Applications (ADSS along Power line, ADSS on Aerial alignment and Optical Ground Wire-OPGW)

A3.1 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable-ADSS along Power Line

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in

					the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6 % when subjected to following Tensile load (in Newton) for Span Length as under:    Span Length   Tensile Load	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a compressive load of 1500N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 10 Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles	

10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D- diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104. Total number of cycles be 25.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry- Dry Cable Design.
13		Galloping Test	IEC 60794-1-21 / IEEE 1222	Galloping cycles – 100000 The test frequency shall be the single- loop resonant frequency. The minimum peak topeak antinode amplitude/loop length ratio shall be maintained at a value of 1/25, as measured in the active span. Change in attenuation at 1310 & 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB after the test	
14	-	Electrical Test/ Tracking & Erosion Test	IEC 60794-4-20/ IEEE Std 1222/ASTM D 2309-97	Tracking on the outside of sheath shall not result in erosion at any point of sheath.	Applicable for ADSS cable with Anti-track PE Jacket over power line ≥ 33 kV
15	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when subjected to following temperature cycle:  TA2 temperature: - 20°C  TA1 temperature: - 10°C	

16		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	TB1 temperature: + 60°C TB2 temperature: + 70°C No. of temperature cycle: 2 Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
17		Water Blocking Test/Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
19	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Ribboned Fibre)	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
20	(Kibbolied Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul> <li>- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li> <li>- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;</li> <li>- Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable</li> </ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only

				individual fibres to be distinguished		
				from each other.		
21		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only	
22		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only	
23	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.		
24	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable		hall submit MTCTE Certifica e type of Optical fibre used	ate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC in the cable	270112401 or latest	
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)		The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			
26	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro		The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest ssue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			

	bend loss)	
27	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
28	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable  OR  Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

#### A 3.2 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable-ADSS on Aerial alignment

**Individual Parameter** Limits/Values SN **Parameter Name Standard Name Applicability** Name Applicable to **Transmission** Attenuation at 1310nm IEC 60793-1-40 ≤ 0.36 dB/Km 1 respective type of Characteristics Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x Attenuation at 1550nm IEC 60793-1-40 2 ≤ 0.22 dB/Km --Do--Attenuation at 1625nm IEC 60793-1-40 3 ≤ 0.25 dB/Km --Do--IEC 60793-1-48 PMD Cabled Loose Fibre 4 PMD Cabled Ribbon IEC 60793-1-48 ≤ 0.3 ps/√km 5 --Do--Fibre

6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6 % when subjected to following Tensile load (in Newton) for Span Length as under:    Span Length	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a compressive load of 1500N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm:  ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 10Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D- diameter of	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from

				cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104. Total number of cycles be 25.	any optical & visual physical damage.
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry- Dry Cable Design.
13		Galloping Test	IEC 60794-1-21/ IEEE 1222	Galloping cycles – 100000 The test frequency shall be the single-loop resonant frequency. The minimum peak to-peak antinode amplitude/loop length ratio shall be maintained at a value of 1/25, as measured in the active span. Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB after the test	
14	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when subjected to following temperature cycle:  TA2 temperature: - 20°C  TA1 temperature: - 10°C  TB1 temperature: + 60°C  TB2 temperature: + 70°C  No. of temperature cycle: 2	
15		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: $\leq$ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C $\pm$ 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
16		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m	No water shall be detected at the

				Water Head Height: 1m  No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
17	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
19	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
				- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;	
				- Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.	
20		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
21		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the	·

		in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		requirement.		
23	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall sub issue) for respective type o		n compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. e cable	TEC70112401 or latest	
24	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)	The manufacturer shall sub issue) for respective type o		n compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. e cable	TEC70112401 or latest	
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)		The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			
26	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable				
27	Colour qualification for color fibres	issue) for respective type o	f Optical fibre used in th	n compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. e cable	TEC70112401 or latest	
		Test shall be carried as per	IEC 60794-1-219			

A3.3 Parameter Group: Optical Ground Wire - OPGW

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2	_	Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		Do
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength (Ultimate)	IEEE 1138	The ultimate tensile strength of the OPGW cable shall meet or exceed 100% of the RTS of the cable. Any outer layer strand failing below 75 % of the cable RTS shall constitute cable failure.	
7		Creep Test	IEEE 1138	Elongation of the cable for desired TS should meet the criteria.	
8		Stress Strain Test	IEEE 1138	(i) The breaking strength of the OPGW cable shall meet or exceed 100% of the RTS of the cable.	
				(ii) Should meet the specified Modulus of elasticity(MOE) value of the OPGW cable.	
9		Strain Margin Test/ MRDT Test	IEEE 1138	The cable shall show no permanent increase in optical attenuation greater than 0.05 dB from preload to the maximum rated design tension (MRDT) of the cable at 1550nm	

			wavelength	
10	Sheave Test	IEEE 1138 /IEC- 60794- 1-2-E9	(i) The Ovality of the cable or optical units at the measured locations shall not exceed 10 %.	
			(ii) There shall be no cracking or breaking of any component of the OPGW cable. This shall be visually examined.	
			(iii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.1 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm wavelength	
11	Crush Test	IEEE 1138 / IEC		
		60794- 1-2-E3	(i) Ovality of the cable or	
			optical fiber units shall	
			be < 10 %.	
			(ii)There shall be no	
			cracking or breaking of	
			any component of the	
			OPGW cable. This	
			shall be visually	
			examined	
			(iii) Attenuation shall	
			not be greater than 0.05	
			dB/ fiber at 1550nm	
			wavelength	

12	Bend Test	IEEE 1138 / IEC 60794-1-2-E11 (Procedure-I)	(i) There shall be no cracking or breaking of any component of the OPGW cable. This shall be visually examined (ii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.05 dB/fiber at 1550nm wavelength	
13	Torsion Test/Twist Test	IEEE 1138	<ul> <li>(i) There shall be no cracking or breaking of any component of the OPGW cable. This shall be visually examined.</li> <li>(ii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.10 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm wavelength</li> </ul>	
14	Aeolian Vibration Test	IEEE 1138	<ul> <li>(i) There shall be no cracking or breaking of any component of the OPGW cable or the supporting hardware. This shall be visually examined.</li> <li>(ii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.2 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm wavelength</li> </ul>	
15	Galloping Test	IEEE 1138	(i) There shall be no Cracking or	

16		Drip Test	IEEE 1138	breaking of any component of the OPGW cable or the supporting hardware. This shall be visually examined.  (ii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.2 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm wavelength  At the end of 24 h, the water-blocking compound shall not flow (drip or leak) at 65 °C. Flow quantity should meet the criteria.	
17	Electrical Characteristics	DC Resistance	IEEE 1138	The actual dc resistance of the OPGW cable shall not exceed the dc resistance stated by the manufacturer at the specified temperature.	
18		Short Circuit Test	IEEE 1138 /IEC 60794- 1-2-H1	<ul> <li>(i) Any cracking or breaking of any component of the optical sample shall constitute failure. This assessment is made with the naked eye.</li> <li>(ii) Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.05 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm wavelength</li> <li>(iii) There shall be no birdcaging of any of the strands of the optical sample.</li> <li>(iv) Temperature of any</li> </ul>	

metallic component and inside of fiber unit shall not exceed the criteria.  Lightning Arc Test  Lightning				,
application, the cable sample shall experience no permanent increase in optical attenuation greater than 0.10 dB for the concatenated loop at nominally 1550 nm wavelength.  (ii) In all five qualifying lightning strike locations, visually, there shall be no damage (holes, cracks, etc.) to the integrity of the metallic tube.  (iii) The minimum remaining strength of any of the tested cable sections shall be greater			inside of fiber unit shall	
	19	Lightning Arc Test	application, the cable sample shall experience no permanent increase in optical attenuation greater than 0.10 dB for the concatenated loop at nominally 1550 nm wavelength.  (ii) In all five qualifying lightning strike locations, visually, there shall be no damage (holes, cracks, etc.) to the integrity of the metallic tube.  (iii) The minimum remaining strength of any of the tested cable	

				cable RTS	
00	For the control	Make Berete Francisch	IEEE 4400		
20	Environmental Characteristics	Water Penetration Test	IEEE 1138	(i) A 1.0 m section of	
	Characteristics			OPGW cable shall be	
				prepared for this test.All	
				components of the cable	
				shall be removed from	
				the fluid-blocked optical	
				fiber unit that contains	
				the optical fibers.	
				(ii) No water shall leak	
				through the open end of	
				the 1.0 m sample. If the	
				first sample fails, one	
				additional 1.0 m sample,	
				taken from a section of	
				OPGW cable	
				immediately adjacent to	
				the first sample, may be	
				tested for acceptance.	
21		Tamananahuna Cuala Taat	IEEE 4400	•	
21		Temperature Cycle Test	IEEE 1138	Attenuation shall not be greater than 0.2 dB/test fiber km at 1550nm	
				wavelength	
22	Safety Requirement	The material used in the		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS	
		manufacturing of the		(Material safety Data Sheet) for all the	
		OFC shall be non-toxic		material used in manufacturing of	
		and dermatologically		Optical fibre cable to substantiate the	

		safe in its life time and		requirement.	
		shall not be hazardous			
		to health.			
23	Geometrical			e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(El	R No. TEC70112401 or latest
	Characteristics of	issue) for respective type	of Optical fibre used in t	he cable	
	Fibre used in the				
	cable				
24	Transmission			e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(EI	R No. TEC70112401 or latest
	Characteristics of	issue) for respective type	of Optical fibre used in t	the cable	
	Fibre used in the				
	Cable (Chromatic				
	Dispersion)				
25	Transmission			e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(El	R No. TEC70112401 or latest
	Characteristics of	issue) for respective type	of Optical fibre used in t	he cable	
	Fibre used in the				
	cable (Fibre Macro				
	bend loss)				
26	Mechanical			e in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(El	R No. TEC70112401 or latest
	Characteristics of	issue) for respective type	of Optical fibre used in t	he cable	
	Fibre used in the				
	cable				
27	Colour qualification	The manufacturer shall su	bmit MTCTE Certificate i	n compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No	o. TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	for color fibres	for respective type of Opti	ical fibre used in the cabl	e	
		OR			
		Test shall be carried out as	per IEC 60794-1-219		

# Annexure-Tx-A4-OFC: Optical Fibre Cables for Access Network Applications (Indoor Cable, Access Outdoor Cable, Indoor-Outdoor Cable, In-Home Cable)

A4.1 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable -Indoor

SN	Parameter	Individual Parameter	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
	Name	Name			
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.657
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.30 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1 W Newton (where, W-mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a compressive load of 1000N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 1 Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles	

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10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D- diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104.  Total number of cycles be 25.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15 dB when subjected to following temperature cycle: TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1 temperature: - 10°C TB1 temperature: + 60°C TB2 temperature: + 70°C No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: $\leq$ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C $\pm$ 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	

15		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination. Water Blocking Test/Water Penetration Test not applicable for Riser Optical Fibre Cable.
16	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
17	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
18	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul> <li>- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li> <li>- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;</li> <li>- Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact</li> </ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
				to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.	
19		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20 /IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only

				completion of the twist test.	
20		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
21	Safety Requirement	Flame Spread-Single cable/Flame propagation for single cable/Flame retardant test single cable/ Flammability test single cable	IEC 60332-1-2	Char less than 0.54 m at completion of test	
22		Flame Spread- Bunched cable/ Flame propagation for bunched cable/Flame retardant test bunched cable/Flammability test bunched cable	IEC 60332-3-24, Cat C	Char less than 2.5 m at completion of the test	Applicable for riser applications only
23		Smoke Test/Smoke density/Smoke density under fire conditions/Smoke density of cable burning	IEC 61034-2	Minimum transmittance 60%	
24		Acid gas (Toxicity) (Test on toxic gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables)/pH Test/pH & Conductivity/Conductivity Test/Degree of acidity	IEC 60754-2	pH not less than 4.3 Conductivity not more than 10 μS/mm	
25		The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the statement.	

		health.						
26	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable		e manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest ue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable					
27	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)		he manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest sue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable					
28	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable						
29	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable		anufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable					
30	Colour qualification for color fibres		r shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest ive type of Optical fibre used in the cable ed as per IEC 60794-1-219					

#### A4.2 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable- Access Outdoor

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
		Name			
1	Transmission	Attenuation at 1310 nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective
	Characteristics				type of Optical fibre used in
					the cable as per ITU-T G.65x

2		Attenuation at 1550 nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	402 mg////	
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
6	Mechanical	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550	
	Characteristics			nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤	
				0.6% when subjected to a Tensile	
				load of 9.81 x 1 W Newton	
				(where, W- mass of 1 Km of cable	
				in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	
				1550nm: ≤0.05dB when	
				subjected to a compressive load	
				of 500N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	3 Impact at 3 locations
				1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when	
				subjected to Impact of 10Nm.	
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	
				1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when	
				subjected to Bend around a	
				mandrel of diameter of 20D for	
				10 cycles.	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	The bending rate shall be
				1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is	approximately one cycle in
				flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5	2s to 5s and cable shall be
				sec with Pulley diameter of 20D	free from any optical &
				(D- diameter of cable) and Load	visual physical damage.
				shall be as per FOTP 104.	
				Total number of cycles be 25.	
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	Cable shall be free from any
				1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when	optical & visual physical
				subjected to Torsion with a load	damage.
				as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	

12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.
				for 24 hours at 70° C and	
				examine the paper placed below	
				the cable for dripping of the jelly	
				after 24 hours. There should be	
				no jelly drip or oily impression on	
				the paper.	
13	Environmental	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at	
	Characteristics			1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when	
				subjected to following	
				temperature cycle:	
				TA2 temperature: - 20°C	
				TA1temperature:-10°C	
				TB1 temperature:+60°C.	
				TB2 temperature: +70°C.	
				No. of temperature cycle : 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm:	
				$\leq$ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed	
				to 85 °C $\pm$ 2 °C for a minimum of	
4.5	_	Maken Die aking	IEC 60794-1-22	168 hours.  Test duration: 24 Hours	No water shall be detected
15		Water Blocking	IEC 60/94-1-22	Sample length: 3 m	
		Test/Water Penetration		Water Head Height: 1m	at the unsealed end of the
		Test		No dye shall be detected when	sample. If a fluorescent dye
				the end of the 3m length is	is used, an ultraviolet light
				examined with ultraviolet light	may be used for the
				detector.	examination.
16	Characteristics of	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface	Applicable for all type
	Cable Elements			of tube when tested 4 times	of Loose tube, Tight
	(Buffer Tube)			with Kink radius less than	Buffer
	(Ballel labe)			15xD, D is the diameter of the	and Micromodule.
				tube.	

17	Characteristics of	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only		
18	Cable Elements (Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only		
				- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;			
				- Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.			
19		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only		
20		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only		
21	Safety Requirement	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.			
22	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable			mpliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No able	o. TEC70112401 or latest		
23	Transmission	The manufacturer shall sub	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest				

	Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)	issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
24	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
25	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
26	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable  OR  Test shall be carried out as per IEC 60794-1-219

#### A4.3 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cables - Indoor-Outdoor

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
		Name			

1	Transmission	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km (A1)	Applicable to respective type
-	Characteristics	, tecorreacion de 2010imi		≤ 0.37 dB/Km (A2)	of Optical fibre used in the
	Gridi decer isties			≤ 0.37 dB/Km (B3)	cable as per ITU-T G.657
2	-	Attenuation at 1550nm		≤ 0.22 dB/Km (A1)	•
			IEC 60793-1-40	$\leq 0.23 \text{ dB/Km (A2)}$	Do
				≤ 0.24 dB/Km (B3)	
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km (A)	
				≤ 0.26 dB/Km (B3)	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre			
			IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		Do
6	Mechanical	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤	
	Characteristics			0.05dB when subjected to a Tensile	
				load of 9.81 x 1W Newton (where,	
				W-mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	
				1550nm : $\leq$ 0.05dB when	
				subjected to a compressive load	
				of 1000 N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	3 Impact at 3 locations
				1550nm : $\leq$ 0.05dB when	
				subjected to Impact of 10Nm	
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	
				1550nm: $\leq$ 0.05dB when	
				subjected to Bend around a	
				mandrel of diameter of 20D for	
	_			10 cycles	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at	The bending rate shall
				$1550$ nm: $\leq 0.05$ dB when cable	be approximately one
				is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to	cycle in 2s to 5s and
				5 sec with Pulley diameter of	cable shall
				20D (D- diameter of cable) and	be free from any optical &
				Load shall be as per FOTP 104.	visual physical damage.
				Total number of cycles be 25.	

11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry- Dry Cable Design.
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15 dB when subjected to following temperature cycle: TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1 temperature: - 10°C TB1 temperature: + 60°C TB2 temperature: + 70°C No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
16	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.

				the tube.	
17	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Ribboned Fibre)	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
18		Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul> <li>Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li> </ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
				- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;	
				<ul> <li>Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.</li> </ul>	
19		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
20		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
21	Safety Requirement	Flame Spread-Single cable/Flame propagation for single cable/Flame retardant test single cable/Flammability test single cable	IEC 60332-1-2	Char less than 0.54 m at completion of test	Test applicable only for indoor component of the cable in case cable design involves part of main cable to be used as indoor cable
22		Smoke Test/Smoke density/Smoke density under fire conditions/Smoke density of cable burning	IEC 61034-2	Minimum transmittance 60%	Test applicable only for indoor component of the cable in case cable design involves part of main cable to be used as indoor cable
23		Acid gas (Toxicity)	IEC 60754-2	pH not less than 4.3	Test applicable only for

		(Test on toxic gases evolved during	Conductivity not more than 10 µS/mm	indoor component of the cable in case cable design		
		combustion of		involves part of main cable		
		materials from cables) /pH		to be used as indoor cable		
		Test/pH &				
		Conductivity/Conductivity				
		Test/Degree of acidity				
24		The material used in the	The manufacturer shall submit			
		manufacturing of the	MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet)			
		OFC shall be non-toxic	for all the material used in			
		and dermatologically	manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.			
		safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to	to substantiate the requirement.			
		health.				
25		neatti.				
23	Geometrical					
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in com	ppliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TE	C70112401 or latest issue)		
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable				
	cable					
26	Transmission					
	Characteristics of					
	Fibre used in the	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in com	ipliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TE	C70112401 or latest issue)		
	Cable (Chromatic	for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable				
	Dispersion)					
27						
	Transmission					
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in com	pliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TE	C70112401 or latest issue)		
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable				
	cable (Fibre Macro					
	bend loss)					
28	Mechanical					
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue)				
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable	-	·		
	cable					

29	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable  OR	
		Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219	

#### A4.4 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable - In-home

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter	Standard Name	Limits/Values	Applicability
		Name		(as per ITU-T L.111)	
1	Transmission	Attenuation at			Applicable to respective type
	Characteristics	1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	of Optical fibre used in the
					cable as per ITU-T G.657
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.30 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre		≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
			IEC 60793-1-48		
6	Mechanical	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21, /ITU-	Length under test:0.5 m.	
	Characteristics		T Rec. L.111	Test loads: rated tensile load,	

			TS = 5 N, long term load,	
			TL = 30 %  of TS.	
			Attenuation change: no change at	
			1550nm	
			No fibre and cable breakage.	
7	Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21,	Compressive force: 490 N/ 100 mm.	
		/ITU-T Rec. L.111	Compression time:1 min.	
			Attenuation change: 0.20 dB under	
			the load, no change after test at	
			1550 nm. No fibre and cable	
			breakage.	
8	Impact	IEC 60794-1-21, /ITU-	Impact energy:0.3 kg at 0.1 m	
		T Rec. L.111	height. Hammer: flat hammer.	
			Number/location of impacts: 3	
			places separated at least 0.5 m, 1	
			impacts at each place.	
			Maximum attenuation change: no	
			change after the test at 1550 nm.	
			No fibre and cable breakage,	
			imprint on cable could be	
			compromised.	
9	Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21, /ITU-	Number of turns in the helix: 4	
		T Rec. L.111	Mandrel diameter: minimum bend	
			diameter (as per 6.2.1/L.111) + 10	
			%. Test temperature: -10 °C.	
			Maximum attenuation change: 0.20	
			dB during the test, no change after	
			the test at 1550 nm.	
			No fibre and cable breakage.	
10	Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21, /ITU-	Number of cycles:10.	
		T Rec. L.111	Tensioning: minimum tension;	
			support the specimen as needed.	
			Bending radius: per 6.2.1.	
			Maximum attenuation change: no	
			change after the test at 1550 nm.	

				No Characa de adula harakasa	
	_			No fibre and cable breakage.	
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21, /ITU-	Test gauge length:0.5 m.	
			T Rec. L.111	Tensioning: minimum tension;	
				support the specimen as	
				needed.	
				Attenuation change: no change	
				at 1550 nm	
				No fibre and cable breakage.	
12	Environmental	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22, /ITU-	Change in attenuation at	
	Characteristics		T Rec. L.111	1550nm: ≤ 0.15 dB when	
				subjected to following	
				temperature cycle:	
				TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1	
				temperature: - 10°C. TB1	
				temperature: + 60°C. TB2	
				temperature: + 70°C. No. of	
				temperature cycle : 2	
13		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22, /ITU-	Change in attenuation at	
			T Rec. L.111	1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable	
				is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a	
				minimum of 168 hours.	
14	Safety	Flame Spread-Single	IEC 60332-1-2	Char less than 0.54 m at	
	Requirement	cable/Flame propagation		completion	
	-	for single cable/Flame		of test	
		retardant test single			
		cable/ Flammability test			
		single cable			
15		Smoke Test/Smoke	IEC 61034-2	Minimum transmittance 60%	
13		· ·	ILC 01034-2	ivinimum transmittance 00/0	
		density/Smoke density under fire			
		conditions/Smoke density			
		of cable burning			
16		Acid gas (Toxicity) (Test	IEC 60754-2	pH not less than 4.3	

		4:		C	
		on toxic gases evolved		Conductivity not more than 10	
		during combustion of		μS/mm	
		materials from cables)			
		/pH Test/pH &			
		Conductivity/Conductivity			
		Test/Degree of acidity			
17		The material used in the		The manufacturer shall submit	
		manufacturing of the OFC		MSDS (Material safety Data	
		shall be non-toxic and		Sheet) for all the material used in	
		dermatologically safe in		manufacturing of Optical fibre	
		its life time and shall not		cable to substantiate the	
		be hazardous to health.		requirement.	
18	Geometrical				
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit	MTCTE Certificate in	compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	lo. TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fil	bre used in the cable		
	cable				
19	Transmission				
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit	MTCTE Cortificate in	compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	lo TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fil		·	io. TEC/0112401 of latest issue)
	Cable (Chromatic	To Tespective type of Optical III	bie useu iii tile cable		
	Dispersion)				
20	Transmission				
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit	MTCTE Cortificate in	compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	la TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical file		compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	o. TEC/0112401 of latest issue)
	cable (Fibre Macro	for respective type of Optical III	bre used in the cable		
	bend loss)				
21	Mechanical				
	Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit	MTCTE Certificate in	compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	lo. TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	Fibre used in the	for respective type of Optical fil	bre used in the cable		
	cable				
22	Colour	The manufacturer shall submit	MTCTE Certificate in	compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER	No. TEC70112401 or latest issue)
	qualification for	for respective type of Optical fil	bre used in the cable		
	color fibres				

	OR
	Test shall be carried as per IFC 60794-1-219

### **Annexure-Tx-A5-OFC: Optical Fibre Cables for Direct Surface Application (DSA)**

A5.1 Parameter Group: Optical Fibre Cable –DSA

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values (as per ITU-T Rec. L.110)	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
5		PMD Cabled Loose Fibre PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48 IEC 60793-1-48	≤ 0.3 ps/√km	Do
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm: ≤ 0.05dB & Fiber strain ≤ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1 W Newton (where, W- mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to a compressive load of 2200N	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Impact of 25Nm	3 Impact at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles.	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2sec to 5sec with Pulley diameter	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical

11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	of 20D (D- diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104. Total number of cycles be 25. Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when	& visual physical damage.  Cable shall be free from any optical & visual
12	_	Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.  Sample is kept vertically	physical damage.  Not applicable for Dry-
				with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Dry Cable Design.
13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15dB when subjected to following temperature cycle: TA2 temperature: - 20°C TA1 temperature: - 10°C. TB1 temperature: + 60°C. TB2 temperature: + 70°C. No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C ± 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test/Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 Hours Sample length: 3 m	No water shall be detected at the unsealed

16		Termite and Rodent Test	The manufacturer shall	Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
			submit Undertaking that the Anti-termite/Anti- Rodent dopants used if any, are non-toxic and non-hazardous		
17		Electrical continuity test	IEC 60794-1-24/IEC 60794-1-403	The metallic elements shall be continuous.	Applicable for cable having Metallic Armoured/ metallic Strength element
18	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
19	Characteristics of Cable Elements	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
20	(Ribboned Fibre)	Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul> <li>- Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li> <li>- The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;</li> <li>- Any colour coding of</li> </ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only

				fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.	
21		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-1-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
23	Safety Requirements	The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.	
24	Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit issue) for respective type of O		pliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N	o. TEC 70112401 or latest
25	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable			
26	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit issue) for respective type of O	•	oliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER N e	o. TEC70112401 or latest

27	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
28	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable  OR  Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

## **Annexure-Tx-A6-OFC: Hybrid Cables (Optical and Metallic)**

A6.1 Parameter Group: Hybrid Cables (Optical and Metallic)

SN	Parameter Name	Individual Parameter Name	Standard Name	Limits/Values (as per ITU-T Rec. L.109/ IEC 62807-3 (under study)	Applicability
1	Transmission Characteristics	Attenuation at 1310nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	Applicable to respective type of Optical fibre
					used in the cable as per ITU-T G.65x
2		Attenuation at 1550nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	Do
3		Attenuation at 1625nm	IEC 60793-1-40	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	Do
4		PMD Cabled Loose	IEC 60793-1-48		

		Fibre		≤ 0.3 ps/√km	
5		PMD Cabled Ribbon Fibre	IEC 60793-1-48		Do
6	Mechanical Characteristics	Tensile Strength	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550 nm $\leq$ 0.05dB & Fiber strain $\leq$ 0.6% when subjected to a Tensile load of 9.81 x 1 W Newton (where, W- mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg)	
7		Crush Resistance	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected compressive load of 2000N or as agreed by user	
8		Impact	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation when subjected to Impact load of 25Nm, at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB.	3 impacts at 3 locations
9		Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Bend around a mandrel of diameter of 20D for 10 cycles	
10		Repeated Bend Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when cable is flexed with 1 cycle in 2 sec to 5 sec with Pulley diameter of 20D (D- diameter of cable) and Load shall be as per FOTP 104  Total number of cycles be 25.	The bending rate shall be approximately one cycle in 2s to 5s and cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
11		Torsion Test	IEC 60794-1-21	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB when subjected to Torsion with a load as per FOTP-85A for 10 cycles.	Cable shall be free from any optical & visual physical damage.
12		Cable Drip Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C and examine the paper placed below the cable for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.	Not applicable for Dry-Dry Cable Design.

13	Environmental Characteristics	Temperature Cycling	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.15 dB when subjected to following temperature cycle:  TA2 temperature: - 20°C  TA1 temperature: - 10°C  TB1 temperature: + 60°C  TB2 temperature: + 70°C  No. of temperature cycle: 2	
14		Cable Aging test	IEC 60794-1-22	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: $\leq$ 0.05dB, when cable is exposed to 85 °C $\pm$ 2 °C for a minimum of 168 hours.	
15		Water Blocking Test/ Water Penetration Test	IEC 60794-1-22	Test duration: 24 hours Sample length: 3 m Water Head Height: 1m No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length is examined with ultraviolet light detector.	No water shall be detected at the unsealed end of the sample. If a fluorescent dye is used, an ultraviolet light may be used for the examination.
16		Lightning Test	ITU-T Rec. L.109 FOTP- 181, ITU-T K-47	The cable shall withstand the current level of greater than 105 K. Amp. There shall not be any damage to the fibre & Inner Sheath of the cable and change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be < 0.05 dB for 1550 nm.	Applicable for Armoured cable.
17		Termite and Rodent Test	The manufacturer shall submit Undertaking that the Anti-termite/Anti-Rodent dopants used if any, are non-toxic and non-hazardous		
18		Electrical	IEC 60794-1-24/IEC	The metallic elements shall be continuous.	

		continuity test	60794-1-403		Applicable for cable having Metallic Armoured/ metallic Strength element
19	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Buffer Tube)	Kink resistance Test	IEC 60794-1-23	No damage or kink on surface of tube when tested 4 times with Kink radius less than 15xD, D is the diameter of the tube.	Applicable for all type of Loose tube, Tight Buffer and Micromodule.
20	Characteristics of Cable Elements (Ribboned Fibre)	Ribbon Dimension	IEC 60794-1-23	As per IEC standard of different fibre count Ribbon	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
21		Separability of individual fibres from ribbon	IEC 60794-1-23	<ul> <li>Breakout shall be accomplished without specialized tools or apparatus.</li> <li>The fibre breakout procedure shall not be permanently detrimental to the fibre optical and mechanical performance;</li> <li>Any colour coding of fibres shall remain sufficiently intact to enable individual fibres to be distinguished from each other.</li> </ul>	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
22		Ribbon Twist Test	Telecordia GR-20/ IEC 60794-3-23	The ribbon shall not show any separation of individual fibres from the ribbon structure after completion of the twist test.	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
23		Ribbon Torsion Resistance	IEC 60794-1-31	Change in attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ 0.05dB	Applicable for Ribbon Fibre Only
24	Electrical Characteristics – Power Feeding Wires	As per clause 6.1.2 of ITU-T L.109	IEC 60228 IEC 60502-1 IEC 60227-1 IEC 61156-1 IEC 61196-1-10x BS EN 50525 BS EN 60304	The cross-section of the metallic wire should be designed according to the transmission voltage, transmission distance and the power consumption.  Under extreme operating conditions, the heat generated by conductors should not make the cable temperature exceed the maximum allowed temperature in detailed specifications	IEC 60228 for following Conductor Strands/Class:  • Class 1: Solid conductor  • Class 2: Stranded conductor intended for fixed

		of the cable element materials.	installation • Class 5: Flexible conductor • Class 6: Very
			Flexible conductor
			Conductor Size/Area (AWG/SQMM) to be decided on Power delivery over distances based on max allowable Voltage drop
			The Insulated Copper Conductor Shall be meet the Electrical requirement of BS EN 50525
			Colour Scheme for Conductor Insulation shall be as per BS EN 60304
			Maximum No of Cores: 2 to 12 cores
			Operating Temp: -10 deg C to 60 deg

					C Low Voltage Application: 12, 24,48 & 57 V DC Low & Medium Power (15 W to 100 W) Distance support up to 1000 meter
25	Electromagnetic compatibility	Transfer impedance and Coupling attenuation	IEC 61156-1	Cable shall be electromagnetically complied.	
26	Safety Requirements	Flame Spread- Single cable	IEC/EN 60332-1-2	Char less than 0.54 m at completion of test	
27		Flame Spread- Bunched cable	IEC/EN 60332-3-24, Cat C	Char less than 2.5 m at completion of the test	
28		Smoke Test	IEC/EN 61034-2 ASTM D5424	Minimum transmittance 60%	ASTM D5424 for Smoke density
29		Acid gas (Toxicity) (Test on toxic gases evolved during combustion of materials from cables)	IEC/EN 60754-2		
30		Requirements for fire performance of Optical/metallic hybrid cables should meet fire safety regulations.	IEC TR 62222		Test on electric and optical fibre cables under fire condition
31		The material used in the manufacturing of the OFC shall be		The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of Optical fibre cable to substantiate the requirement.	

		non- toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health.
32	Geometrical Characteristics of	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest
	Fibre used in the cable	issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
33	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the Cable (Chromatic Dispersion)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
34	Transmission Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable (Fibre Macro bend loss)	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
35	Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre used in the cable	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
36	Colour qualification for color fibres	The manufacturer shall submit MTCTE Certificate in compliance to ER of Optical Fibre(ER No. TEC70112401 or latest issue) for respective type of Optical fibre used in the cable
		OR
		Test shall be carried as per IEC 60794-1-219

## ANNEXURE TO ER FOR TRACKING DEVICE

Annex-R-A1-Navigation	1. GPS     2. NavIC (Regional GNSS system of India) Testing as per Test Setup II in Annexure III.
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#### **ANNEXURE II**

#### **Table 1 for Frequency Allocation \***

Frequency Bands		Application
L band I	1164MHz to 1300 MHz	
L band II	1559 MHz to 1610 MHz	GNSS
S Band	2483.5 MHz to 2500MHz	GIVOS

#### Note: 1

- i. The equipment may operate in part of the bands or cover the full bands listed in Table 1 above.
- ii. The above-mentioned frequencies are for the purpose of prescribing technical specifications and don't specify the actual allocation of above-mentioned services in India. The actual allocation w.r.t to any services will be as per license conditions/regulations of Government of India.
- iii. All the frequency bands mentioned in the table above, may be revised as per the "National Frequency Allocation Plan (NFAP)" in force.

#### \*Note

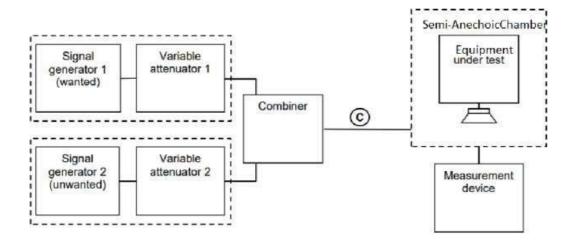
- (i) 1164 to 1215MHz allocated to AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION, AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION (Earth-to-space) as per NFAP 2018
  - (ii) 1215 to 1240 Fixed Mobile Radiolocation as per NFAP 2018.
- (iii) 1240 to 1300 MHz Fixed Mobile Radionavigation Earth Exporation Satellite (Space to Earth) as per NFAP 2018.
- (iv) 1300 to 1350 MHz allocated to AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION, AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION (Earth-to-space) as per NFAP 2018.
  - (v) 1350 to 1400 MHz Fixed Mobile Radiolocation as per NFAP 2018.
  - (vi) 2483.5 to 2500 MHz Fixed Mobile, Fixed mobile satellite (Space to Earth) Radio location Radio Termination Satellite

#### **ANNEXURE III**

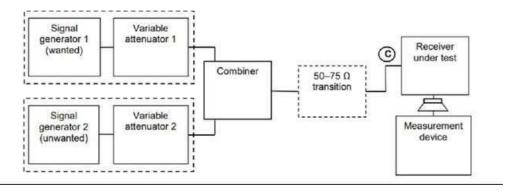
Test Setup I: To verify the frequency of operation of the EUT (as **per** applicability defined in standard ETSI EN 303 345-1)

The setups are representative and may vary depending on the equipment under test and specific test methodology.

I. General Test requirement – Radiated Measurements



II. General Test requirement – Conducted Measurements



## **Test Setup II: To verify support for GNSS**

### a) To verify support for GPS/NaVIC

Parameter Name	Support for geolocation through GPS/NaVIC
Test Details	Test for facility of identifying the location through satellite- based GPS/NaVIC
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT (Equipment Under Test)
Test Procedure	v. Power on the EUT. vi. If the EUT is SIM enabled then deactivate the SIM. vii. Go to Settings through appropriate menu in the device to enable GPS/NaVIC functionality. viii. Locate the settings to turn Location "ON".
Expected Result	ii. Verify that the device is able to display location using satellite b ased GPS/NaVIC, when SIM (if present) is deactivated.

## **ANNEXURE IV**

onformance to th	ne following latest in force/valid versio	ns of standards as applicable:	
Sr.No.	Standard	Applicability	
1	ETSI EN 303 413	Applicable to Radio broadcast receivers intended for reception of GNSS signals	Test Results and certificate from TEC designated CAB shall be submitted for Compliance

## **Appendix-I**

## **IP Conformance Test Cases for RFCs**

The Appendix-I consist of 11 tables, from Table -1 to Table - 11

Table-1: OSPFv2 as per RFC 2328

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
9.2	First, a Hello Packet may be received from a neighbour claiming to be itself the Backup Designated Router. Alternatively, a Hello packet may be received from a neighbour claiming to be itself the Designated Router, and indicating that there is no Backup Designated Router. In either case there must be bidirectional communication with the neighbour, i.e., the router must also appear in the neighbour's Hello Packet. This event signals an end to the Waiting state.	
13(5b)	In some cases (e.g., the state of the receiving interface is DR and the LSA was received from a router other than the Backup DR) the LSA will be flooded back out the receiving interface	
13.5	Circumstances:- LSA is more recent than database copy, but was not flooded back out receiving interface.  Backup:- Delayed acknowledgment sent if advertisement received from Designated Router, otherwise do nothing.  All other States:- Delayed acknowledgment sent.	
13(5a)	If there is already a database copy, and if the database copy was received via flooding and installed less than MinLSArrival seconds ago, discard the new LSA (without acknowledging it) and examine the next LSA (if any) listed in the Link State Update packet.	
8.1 & 8.2	The OSPF packet header is verified. The fields specified in the header must match those configured for the receiving interface. If they do not, the packet should be discarded	

Table-2: OSPFv3 as per RFC 2740

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
3.1.3	The Interface ID that the neighbour advertises in its Hello Packets must be recorded in the neighbour structure. The router will include the neighbour's Interface ID in the router's router-LSA when either a) advertising a point-to-point link to the neighbour or b) advertising a link to a network where the neighbour has become Designated Router.	
A.3.2	All routers connected to a common link must agree on certain parameters (HelloInterval and RouterDeadInterval). These parameters are included in Hello packets, so that differences can inhibit the forming of neighbour relationships. The Hello packet also contains fields used in Designated Router election (Designated Router ID and Backup Designated Router ID), and fields used to detect bi-directionality (the Router IDs of all neighbours whose Hellos have been recently received).	
3.2.2	The receiving router must be an area border router, and the Router ID specified in the packet (the source router) must be the other end of a configured virtual link. The receiving interface must also attach to the virtual link's configured Transit area. If all of these checks succeed, the packet is accepted and is from now on associated with the virtual link (and the backbone area).	
3.2.2	The fields specified in the header must match those configured for the receiving interface. If they do not, the packet should be discarded	
3.4.3.1	Consider the router-LSA that router RT3 would originate for Area 1 in Figure 1. Only a single interface must be described, namely that which connects to the transit network N3. It assumes that RT4 has been elected Designated Router of Network N3	

## Table-3: IPV6 as per RFC 2460

#### **Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)**

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
4.1	IPv6 nodes must accept and attempt to process extension headers in any order and occurring any number of times in the same packet,	
4.2	The Option Type identifiers are internally encoded such that their highest-order two bits specify the action that must be taken if the processing IPv6 node does not recognize the Option Type:	
4.2	11 - discard the packet and, only if the packet's Destination Address was not a multicast address, send an ICMP Parameter Problem, Code 2, message to the packet's Source Address, pointing to the unrecognized Option Type.	
4.2	The Option Type identifiers are internally encoded such that their highest-order two bits specify the action that must be taken if the processing IPv6 node does not recognize the Option Type:	
	01 - discard the packet.	
	The Option Type identifiers are internally encoded such that their highest-order two bits specify the action that must be taken if the processing IPv6 node does not recognize the Option Type:	
4.2	10 - discard the packet and, regardless of whether or not the packet's Destination Address was a multicast address, send an ICMP Parameter Problem, Code 2, message to the packet's Source Address, pointing to the unrecognized Option Type.	
4.4	If Segments Left is zero, the node must ignore the Routing header and proceed to process the next header in the packet, whose type is identified by the Next Header field in the Routing header.	

## Table-4: IPV6 as per RFC 4861 Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
6.1.1	A router MUST silently discard any received Router Solicitation messages that do not satisfy all of the following validity checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packet could not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	
6.1.2	A node MUST silently discard any received Router Advertisementmessages that do not satisfy all of the following validity checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packetcould not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	
6.2.2	A router MUST NOT send Router Advertisements out any interface that is not an advertising interface.	
7.1.1	A node MUST silently discard any received Neighbour Solicitation messages that do not satisfy all of the following validity checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packet could not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	
7.1.2	node MUST silently discard any received Neighbour Advertisementmessages that do not satisfy all of the following validity checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packetcould not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	

#### Table-5: IPV6 as per RFC 4862

#### **Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)**

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
	In order to improve the robustness of the Duplicate Address Detectionalgorithm, an interface MUST receive and process	
5.4.2	datagrams sent tothe all-nodes multicast address or solicited-node multicast addressof the tentative address during the delay period. This does not necessarily conflict with the requirement that joining the multicast group be delayed.	
5.4	Duplicate Address Detection MUST NOT be performed on anycastaddresses (note that anycast addresses cannot	
J. <del>4</del>	syntactically bedistinguished from unicast addresses).	
	A node MUST silently discard any received Neighbour Solicitationmessages that do not satisfy all of the following validity	
7.1.1	checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packet could not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	
	The contents of the Reserved field, and of any unrecognized options, MUST be ignored. Future, backward-compatible	
7.1.1	changes to the protocol may specify the contents of the Reserved field or add new options; backward-incompatible changes	
	may use different Code values.	
	A node MUST silently discard any received Neighbour Advertisementmessages that do not satisfy all of the following	
7.1.2	validity checks:	
	- The IP Hop Limit field has a value of 255, i.e., the packet could not possibly have been forwarded by a router.	

#### Table-6: IPV6 as per RFC 8201

#### **Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)**

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
4	If a node receives a Packet Too Big message reporting a next-hop MTU that is less than the IPv6 minimum link MTU, it must discard it. A node must not reduce its estimate of the Path MTU below the IPv6 minimum link MTU on receipt of a Packet Too Big message.	

Table-7: IPV6 as per RFC 4443

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
2.2	(a) If the message is a response to a message sent to one of thenode's unicast addresses, the Source Address of the reply MUST bethat same address.	
	If the message is a response to a message sent to any otheraddress, such as	
	- a multicast group address,	
	- an anycast address implemented by the node, or	
	- a unicast address that does not belong to the node;	
	the Source Address of the ICMPv6 packet MUST be a unicast address belonging to the node	
2.4	If an ICMPv6 informational message of unknown type is received, it MUST be silently discarded.	
2.4	An ICMPv6 error message MUST NOT be originated as a result ofreceiving the following:	
	(e.3) A packet destined to an IPv6 multicast address.	
2.4	An ICMPv6 error message MUST NOT be originated as a result ofreceiving the following:	
	(e.6) A packet whose source address does not uniquely identify asingle node e.g., the IPv6 Unspecified Address, an IPv6multicast address, or an address known by the ICMP messageoriginator to be an IPv6 anycast address.	

Table-8: BGP for IPV6 as per RFC 2545

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
3	The link-local address shall be included in the Next Hop field if and only if the BGP speaker shares a common subnet with the entity identified by the global IPv6 address carried in the Network Address of Next Hop field and the peer the route is being advertised to In all other cases a BGP speaker shall advertise to its peer in the Network Address field only the global IPv6 address of the next hop (the value of the Length of Network Address of Next Hop field shall be set to 16)	

**Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)** 

Table-9: BGP4 for IPV4 as per RFC 4271

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
9.2	When a BGP speaker receives an UPDATE message from an internal peer, the receiving BGP speaker SHALL NOT re-distribute the routing information contained in that UPDATE message to other internal peers	
6.1	if the Length field of the message header is less than 19 or greater than 4096, then the Error Subcode MUST be set to Bad Message Length. The Data field MUST contain the erroneous Length field.	
6.3	If an optional attribute is recognized, then the value of this attribute MUST be checked. If an error is detected, the attribute MUST be discarded, and the Error Subcode MUST be set to Optional Attribute Error. The Data field MUST contain the attribute (type, length, and value)	Not Applicable for MPLS Router
6.1	If the Marker field of the message header is not as expected, then a synchronization error has occurred and the Error Subcode MUST be set to Connection Not Synchronized, if the Length field of an OPEN message is less than the minimum length of the OPEN message	
6.8	Upon receipt of an OPEN message, the local system MUST examine all of its connections that are in the Open Confirm state	

Table-10: MBGP as per RFC 4760

RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
7	If a BGP speaker receives from a neighbour an Update message that contains the MP_REACH_NLRI or MP_UNREACH_NLRI attribute, and the speaker determines that the attribute is incorrect, the speaker MUST delete all the BGP routes received from that neighbour whose AFI/SAFI is the same as the one carried in the incorrect MP_REACH_NLRI or MP_UNREACH_NLRI attribute	

Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)

Table-11: LDP as per RFC 5036

#### **Parameter Group: IP Conformance (CONFIP)**

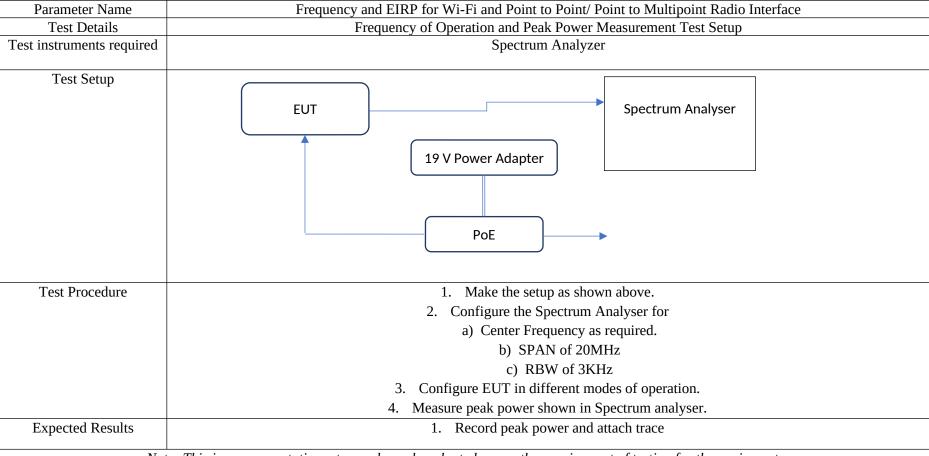
RFC Section	RFC Clause	Remarks
2.2.2	An LDP Identifier is a six-octet quantity used to identify an LSR label space. The first four octets identify the LSR and must be a globally unique value, such as a 32-bit router Id assigned to the LSR.	
2.5.2	An LSR MUST advertise the same transport address in all Hellos that advertise the same label space	
2.5.6	After an LDP session has been established, an LSR must arrange that its peer receive an LDP PDU from it at least every KeepAlive timeperiod to ensure the peer restarts the session KeepAlive Timer	
2.7	When the next hop for a prefix changes, the LSR must retrieve the label advertised by the new next hop from the LIB for use in forwarding.	
2.8.1	The Label Request message MUST include a Hop Count TLV.	

# **Appendix-II**

Test Setup and Test Procedures

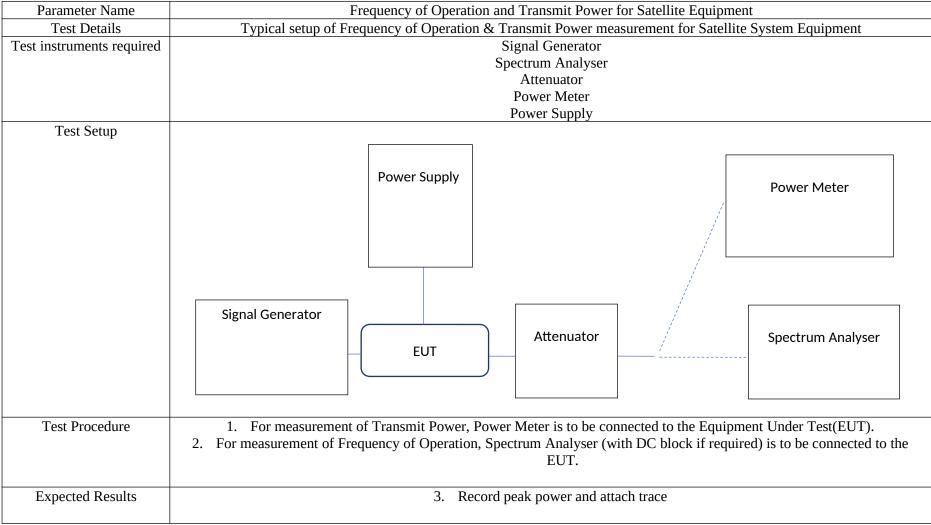
The Appendix consist of 43 tests from Test 1 to Test 43

Test No.1



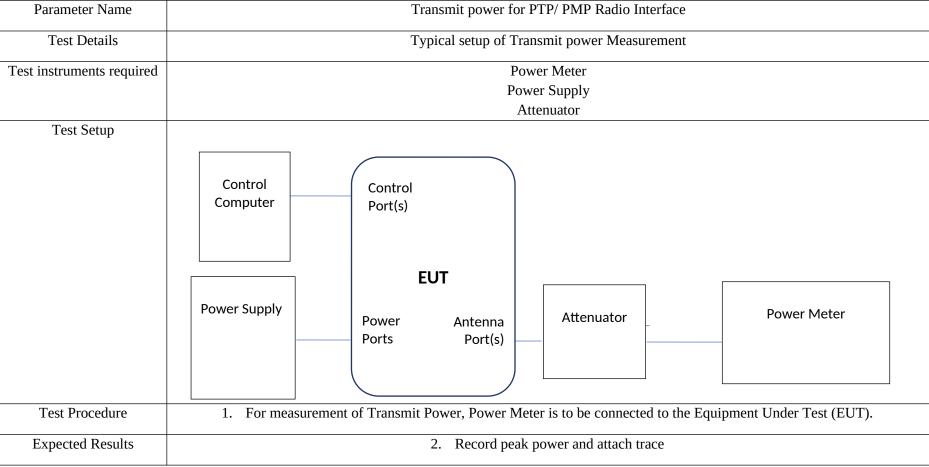
*Note:* This is a representative setup and may be adapted as per the requirement of testing for the equipment.

Test No.2



*Note:* This is a representative setup and may be adapted as per the requirement of testing for the equipment.

Test No.3



*Note:* This is a representative setup and may be adapted as per the requirement of testing for the equipment.

Test No.4

Parameter Name	Link Speed and Auto-negotiation FE, Link Speed and Auto-negotiation GE

Test Details	Test for Ethernet Link Speed (100/1000) and Auto-negotiation
Test instruments required	Ethernet Tester supporting 100/1000 mbps link
Test Setup	Ethernet Tester
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Connect the Ethernet Tester to the applicable/ supported Ethernet interface of the EUTas shown above.</li> <li>Configure the EUT to use auto-negotiation on its selected Ethernet port.</li> <li>Configure the Ethernet Tester to run at 100 mbps speed and see if it is able to connect to the EUT. The Ethernet link between the Ethernet Tester and EUT should be active and report 100mbps link speed (if link speed 100 mbps is supported by the EUT).</li> <li>Configure the Ethernet Tester to run at 1000 mbps speed and see if it is able to connect to the EUT. The Ethernet link between the Ethernet Tester and EUT should be active and report 1000mbps link speed. (if link speed 1000 mbps is supported by the EUT).</li> </ol>
Expected Results	1. The Ethernet link between the Ethernet Tester and EUT should be active and report 100 or 1000 mbps link speed as per the link speed supported by the EUT

Test No.5

Parameter Name	IPV4 Functional Tests
Test instruments required	IP Testing Tool
Test Setup	EUT Subnet a Subnet b  IP Testing Tool IP Testing Tool
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Connect the IP Testing Tool to the Ethernet interface of the router as shown above.</li> <li>Configure the IP interfaces of the EUT and IP Testing Tool for back-to-back communication from/ to IP Testing Tool.</li> <li>Configure static/ dynamic routing on the EUT to reach local LAN subnets from the IP Testing Tool.</li> <li>Perform IPv4 ping test from IP Testing Tool to IP Testing Tool and verify that it is successful and that there is no packet drop.</li> <li>Perform file transfer test from IP Testing Tool to IP Testing Tool and verify that it is successful.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>IPv4 Ping test should be successful with zero packet loss.</li> <li>File transfer test should be successful.</li> <li>Enclose screenshots and IP Testing Tool traces of the IPV4 communication.</li> </ol>

#### Test No.6

Parameter Name	SNMPv2 or Qx Protocol Functional Tests
Test Details	Test for management: SNMPv2, or Qx (check TRAP, GET and SET operations)
Test instruments required	1. PC/Laptop − 1 Numbers (SNMP or Qx Manager)
	2. Switch – 1 Numbers
Test Setup	Agent NMS 1.1.1.1/24 1.1.1.2/24
Test Procedure	For SNMP,
	1.) Configure the EUT to run SNMP agent and NMS (PC) to run SNMP manager application by using correct parameters.
	2.) Testing of TRAP message: The NMS uses SNMPv2 to manage the SNMP agent, and the agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.
	Configure the SNMP agent to send traps to the manager.
	Use a wrong community name to get the value of a MIB node on the agent. You can see an authentication failure
	trap on the SNMP manager.
	3.) Test "SetRequest" operation: SNMP Testing node (SNMP manager) sends SNMPv2c "SetRequest" to set SysName to "EUT1". Verify the SysName value on the EUT. It should match the value "EUT1" set using 'SetRequest' function from the SNMP manager.
	4.) Test SNMP GET Operation (single Object): Testing node (SNMP Manager) sends SNMPv2c "GetRequest" scalar object to get sysName.0 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 in system group in MIB II, to Agent. The agent should respond with "SysName value as "EUT1" as set in the previous step, verifying that the EUT support SNMP GET function.
	For Qx,
	<ol> <li>Configure the EUT to run Qx agent and NMS (PC) to run Qx manager application by using correct parameters.</li> <li>Testing of TRAP message: The NMS uses Qx to manage the Qx agent, and the agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.</li> </ol>

	Configure the Qx agent to send traps to the manager.  3) Test "Write" operation: Qx Testing node (Qx manager) sends Qx"Write" to set Name to "EUT1". Verify the Name value on the EUT. It should match the value "EUT1" set using 'Write function from the Qx manager.  4) Test "Read" Operation (single Object): Testing node (Qx Manager) sends "Read" scalar object to get Name on Agent. The agent should respond with Name value as "EUT1" as set in the previous step, verifying that the EUT support Qx Read function.
Expected Results	<ol> <li>TRAP should be sent by EUT (Agent) to Testing Node (SNMP or Qx Manager).</li> <li>Set Request operation should be able to set SysName object in agent (EUT), or Write operation should be able to set Name in Qx agent (EUT),</li> <li>GetRequest operation should be able to get SysName Object from agent(EUT)         Read operation should be able to get Name Object from Qx agent(EUT)     </li> </ol>
	Attach screenshots for above successful operations.

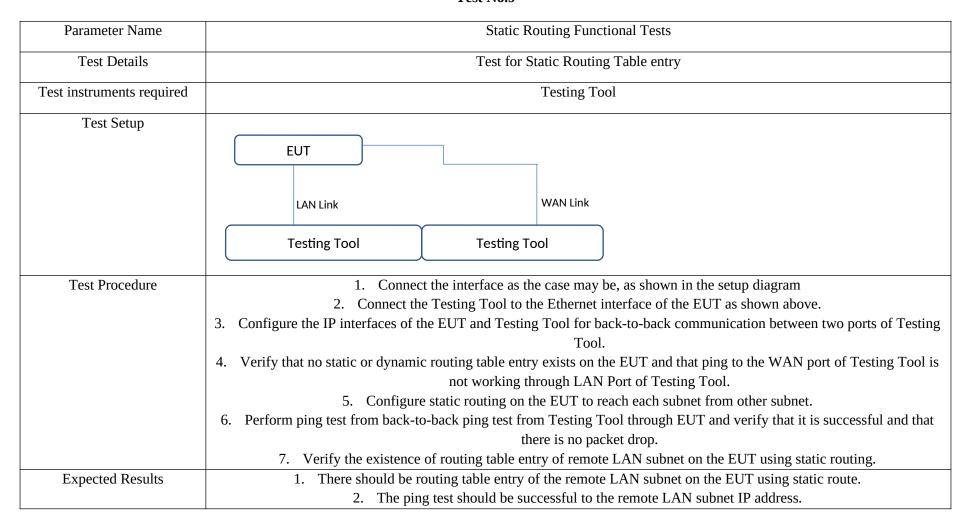
#### Test No.7

Parameter Name	SNMPv3 or Qx Protocol Functional Tests
Test Details	Test for SNMPv3 or Qx management
Test instruments required	1. PC/Laptop – 1 Numbers (SNMP/Qx Manager) 2. Switch – 1 Numbers
Test Setup	Agent NMS 1.1.1.1/24 1.1.1.2/24
Test Procedure	<ul> <li>For SNMP</li> <li>Configure the agent on EUT and SNMP manager on PC/NMS to use SNMPv3 with security level setting to Auth.Priv. Set Authentication to SHA and Privacy (encryption) to DES.         <ul> <li>The NMS uses SNMPv3 to monitor and manage the agent</li> <li>The agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The NMS and the agent perform authentication when they establish an SNMP session. The authentication algorithm is SHA and the authentication key is xxxxxx. The NMS and the agent also encrypt the SNMP packets between them by using the DES algorithm and encryption key yyyyyy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For Qx</li> <li>Configure the agent on EUT and Qx manager on PC/NMS to use Qx with security level setting to AuthPriv. Set SSH between EUT and NMS to enable authentication and encryption.         <ul> <li>The NMS uses Qx to monitor and manage the agent</li> <li>The agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The NMS and the agent perform authentication when they establish an Qx session based on SSH. The NMS and the agent encrypt the packets by using SSH</li> </ul>
Expected Results	<ul> <li>Use correct authentication credentials to access the agent.</li> <li>Attach traces for successful encrypted authentication with correct credentials</li> <li>Use incorrect authentication credentials to access the agent</li> <li>Attach traces for failed authentication with incorrect credentials</li> </ul>

Test No.8

Parameter Name	Dynamic Routing Functional Tests
Test Details	Test for Dynamic Routing Table entry
Test instruments required	IP Testing Tool
Test Setup	EUT  LAN Link  WAN Link
	Testing Tool Testing Tool
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Connect the interface as the case may be, as shown in the setup diagram</li> <li>Connect the Testing Tool to the Ethernet interface of the EUT as shown above.</li> <li>Configure the IP interfaces of the EUT and Testing Tool for back-to-back communication between two ports of Testing</li> </ol>
	Tool.  4. Verify that no static or dynamic routing table entry exists on the EUT and that ping to the WAN port of Testing Tool is not working through LAN Port of Testing Tool.
	<ul> <li>5. Configure Dynamic Routing (OSPFv2 &amp; OSPFv3) on the EUT to reach each subnet from other subnet using dynamic routing. Static routing should NOT be used in this case.</li> <li>6. Perform back-to-back ping test from Testing Tool through EUT and verify that it is successful and that there is no</li> </ul>
	packet drop.  7. Verify the existence of dynamic routing table entry of remote LAN subnet on the EUT using dynamic routing.
Expected Results	<ol> <li>There should be routing table entry of the remote LAN subnet on the EUT using dynamic routing protocol (OSPF).</li> <li>The ping test should be successful to the remote LAN subnet IP address.</li> </ol>

Test No.9



Test No.10

Parameter Name	TCP Functional Tests
Test Details	Test for TCP protocol
Test instruments required	IP Testing Tool
Test Setup	EUT  LAN Link  WAN Link  Testing Tool  Testing Tool
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Connect the Testing Tool to the Ethernet interface of the router as shown above.</li> <li>Configure the Testing Tool and the EUT for back-to-back communication between two ports of Testing Tool.</li> <li>Configure static/ dynamic routing on the EUT to reach each subnet from other subnet.</li> <li>Install/ ensure availability of FTP server and FTP client on Testing Tool for performing file transfer test.</li> <li>Perform file transfer test between the two ports of Testing Tool and verify that it is successful through EUT as per the above-mentioned setup.</li> <li>The EUT must also support Secure Shell (SSH) functionality. Configure the EUT to support Secure Shell (SSH) on its local IP address.</li> <li>Connect to the EUT using Secure Shell (SSH) from Testing Tool to verify that Secure Shell (SSH) connection is established and EUT can be configured remotely using Secure Shell (SSH) sessions.</li> <li>Capture packets at various stages to verify functionality of Sequence Numbers and TCP Header Formats.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>File transfer test should be successful.</li> <li>Secure Shell (SSH) connection to EUT from Testing Tool should be successful.</li> <li>Enclose screenshots and Testing Tool traces of the communication, and indicate various Headers and Sequence Numbers.</li> </ol>

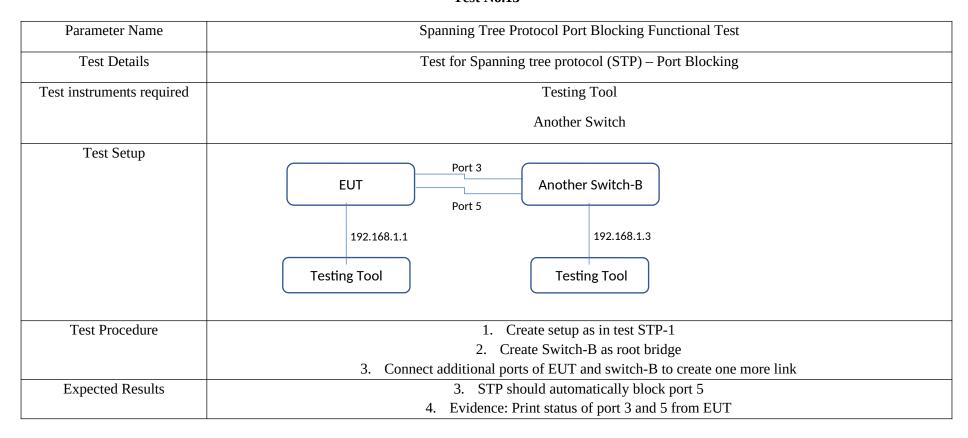
Test No.11

Parameter Name	Mac Learning and Packet Forwarding Tests
Test Details	Mac Learning and Packet Forwarding
Test instruments required	IP Testing Tool
Test Setup	EUT  LAN Link  WAN Link  Testing Tool  Testing Tool
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Connect Interface-A of Testing Tool with EUT and ping EUT.</li> <li>Ensure MAC address of Interface-A of Testing Tool is visible in EUT's MAC address table and Interface-B MAC address is not visible. (e.g. show mac-add).</li> <li>Connect Interface-B of Testing Tool to EUT and ping Testing Tool through Interface-A. Ping should be successful.</li> <li>Check EUT's MAC address table. MAC address of Interface-B of Testing Tool should be visible in table.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>Ping from Interface-B to Interface-A should be successful, showing successful packet forwarding.</li> <li>MAC address should be visible on EUT's MAC table. (This is not mandatory for Unmanaged LAN Switch variant)</li> <li>Enclose screenshot for successful test.</li> </ol>

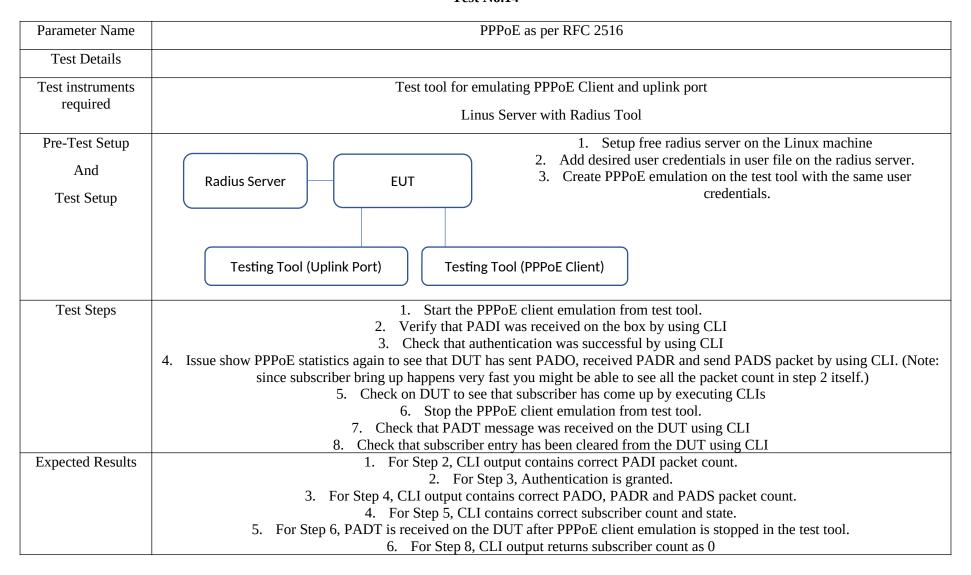
Test No.12

Parameter Name	Spanning Tree Protocol Root Bridge Election Functional Test
Test Details	Test for Spanning tree protocol (STP) – Root Bridge Election
Test instruments required	IP Testing Tool
	Another Switch
Test Setup	
	EUT Another Switch-B
	192.168.1.1 192.168.1.3
	Testing Tool Testing Tool
Test Procedure	1. Enable STP (802.1d) at both EUT and other switch, keeping priority value the same.
	<ol> <li>Verify from C-BPDU from Testing Tool that it contains information about bridge id (Priority/ MAC Address).</li> <li>Depending on computed bridge id, Verify from C-BPDU messages that EUT either becomes the Root Bridge, or allows the other switch to become Root Bridge.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>The switch, which has the lowest root bridge ID, will be elected as the root bridge.</li> <li>Attach screenshot and Testing Tool traces as artefacts.</li> </ol>

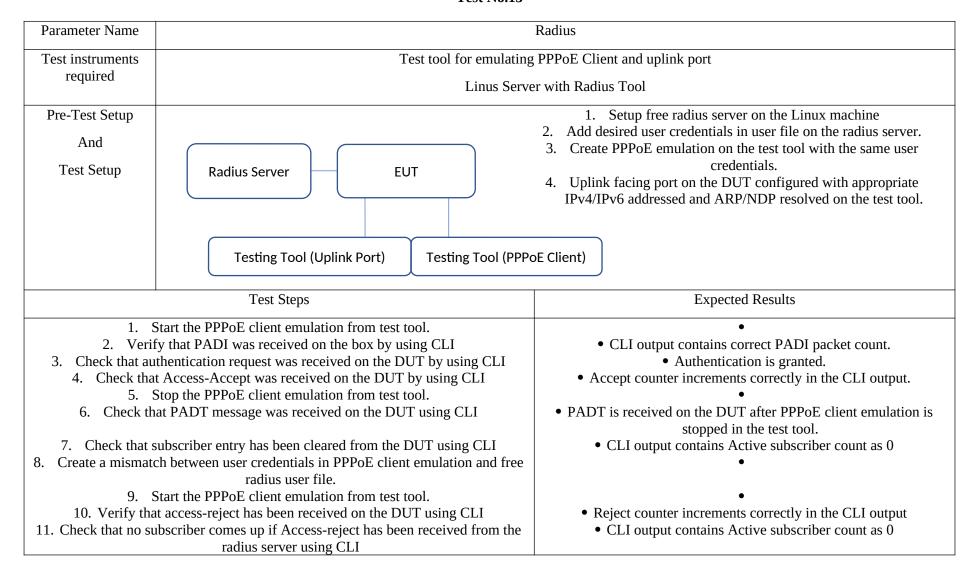
Test No.13



Test No.14



Test No.15



Test No.16

Parameter Name	Ping traffic through Policy based IPSec Tunnel
Test instruments required	Peer Device Two Linux machines
Pre-Test Setup And Test Setup	Linux 1 EUT Peer Linux 2
	<ol> <li>Configure IKE and IPsec under Security configuration options on both EUT and PEER devices.</li> <li>To route the required traffic through the tunnel, add the configured VPN under the required policy on both EUT and PEER devices</li> <li>If EUT needs to be act as Initiator, then configure establish tunnel immediately only at the EUT side</li> <li>If EUT needs to be act as responder, then configure establish tunnel immediately only at the PEER side</li> </ol>
Test Case Steps	1. Send ping traffic from Linux1 to Linux2 or Linux2 to Linux1 2. Verify fields under security IPsec /IKE CLI
Expected	1. Configure & Establish tunnel immediately:
Results	a. As soon as configuration gets committed verify P1 and P2 SA is up on both the devices. b. role (initiator or responder) should be proper under ike cli based on the configuration on both the devices  c. There should not be any ping packet drop  d. packet statistics under ipsec cli should match with actual sent traffic.  e. configured Policy through which tunnel is formed should be visible in ipsec sa cli  2. Configure & Establish tunnel on-traffic:  a. There will be one or more ping packet drop and packet statistics should match accordingly under ipsec cli  b. P1 and P2 SA should be up on both the devices  c. role (initiator or responder) should be proper under ike cli based on traffic  d. configured Policy through which tunnel is formed should be visible in ipsec sa cli

Test No.17

Parameter Name	Test Source NAT with PAT with multiple source ip addresses.
Test instruments	One Linux client with hping2 tool installed
required	One linux machines
Pre-Test Setup And	Linux Client EUT Linux Server
Test Setup	<ol> <li>Install hping2 on Linux Client to initiate traffic from multiple source addresses</li> <li>On Linux server, add route for nat-pool address used in nat configuration on DUT</li> <li>Configure source nat pool on DUT with single IP address</li> <li>Configure source nat rule-set on DUT with 'from' and 'to' and also match condition like 'source-address' and 'destination-address'</li> <li>Note:PAT is enabled by default</li> </ol>
Test Case Steps	<ol> <li>Start sending traffic with hping2 tool from Linux client with first IP to Linux server IP address</li> <li>Again, Initiate hping2 by incrementing the source IP in 'source-ip' field</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>For Step 1, verify that cli output of flow session shows nat-translation. Test considered pass if the source address is natted with the address from the pool specified.</li> <li>Also, check source nat-translation hit count is incrementing in cli output</li> <li>For step 2, Verify that port address translation is seen in cli output of security flow session</li> </ol>

Test No.18

Parameter Name	Test Source NAT NAT64 related feature
Test instruments	One Linux client
required	One linux server
Pre-Test Setup	
And	
Test Setup	Linux Client (IPv6 Host)  EUT  Linux Server (IPv4 Host)
	<ol> <li>To configure NAT64, you need to have a pool of single IPs which will be the IPv4 address of the server.</li> <li>We need a destination NAT configuration to translate the IPv6 address into IPv4 address in the destination field of the incoming packet.</li> </ol>
	3. The destination address is IPv4, but the source address is IPv6. Thus, we must apply the source NAT in order to change the
	IPv6 address to IPv4 in the source field of the packet.
Test Case Steps	1. Initiate traffic from Linux client
	2. Verify nat translation has worked by checking flow session on DUT
Expected Results	1. Check how the sessions are being established:

Test No.19

Parameter Name	Verify Source Address any, destination specific, application any action = deny
Test instruments required	One Linux client One linux server
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	(Linux)  EUT  H1 (Linux)  1. Configure IPs on the eth interfaces of both the linux machines.
Test Case Steps	<ol> <li>Configure security zones and add interfaces to it.</li> <li>(Ex: Configure a security zone "trust" and add the interface connected to one of the linux machines to it. Configure another security zone "untrust" and add router's other interface to it.)</li> <li>Create address book entries to specify the source and destination address.</li> <li>Create a policy (say p1) from zone trust to zone untrust and vice-versa, with source address any name, destination address as address book name, application any.</li> <li>Set a deny condition for the policy.</li> <li>(For ex: set security policies from-zone trust to-zone untrust policy p1 then deny)</li> <li>Commit the configuration.</li> <li>Send traffic from H0 to H1.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	1. Traffic should not be allowed due to the deny policy.

Test No.20

Parameter Name	Verify the packet capture of the attack logs
Test instruments required	2 Linux server, syslog, ftp client and server
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	HO (Linux) EUT H1 (Linux)
	<ol> <li>IDP license is installed</li> <li>IDP security package is installed</li> <li>Configure IDP with FTP:USER: ROOT attack and attack to fw policy</li> <li>Configure the packet-log server and the port details</li> <li>Enable 5 packets to capture pre and post the attack.</li> </ol>
Test Case Steps	<ol> <li>Start the packet-log server to capture the packets</li> <li>Start the FTP server</li> <li>Start FTP traffic with user as root</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>IDP attack table should not have the attack detected</li> <li>The packet log tool should have the attack details and the pre and post attack packet captured</li> <li>IDP attack log should be generated and the packet log id should be matching with the packet log attack details</li> </ol>

Test No.21

Parameter Name	Check the attack detection over https session
Test instruments required	2 Linux as server client, openssl, curl.
Pre-Test Setup	
And	H1
Test Setup	(Linux) EUT (Linux)
	1. IDP license is installed
	2. IDP security package is installed
	3. Configure a ssl proxy profile and attach to the fw policy
	4. Configure an IDP with custom http attack and attach to the same IDP policy
Test Case Steps	1. Start the openssl server.
	2. Send the https traffic using curl from client
Expected Results	1. IDP attack table should have the custom http attack detected

Test No.22

Parameter Name	Close Client and Server Action for TCP in IPS Rule Base
Test instruments required	2 Linux servers
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	HO (Linux) EUT H1 (Linux)
	<ol> <li>IDP license is installed</li> <li>IDP security package is installed</li> <li>Configure an http attack with close client and server as action</li> </ol>
Test Case Steps	1. Start the tcp dump on both client and server.  2. Send the http attack traffic.
Expected Results	<ol> <li>http attack should be detected</li> <li>client and server should have received RST packet to close the tcp connection</li> <li>IDP attack log should have the action as close-client-and-server as action</li> </ol>

Test No.23

Parameter Name	Close Client Action for UDP in IPS Rule Base
Test instruments required	2 Linux servers
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	HO (Linux)  EUT  H1 (Linux)  1. IDP license is installed 2. IDP security package is installed
Test Case Steps	<ol> <li>Configure a dns attack with close client as action</li> <li>Start the tcp dump on client.</li> <li>Send the dns attack traffic from client.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>DNS attack should be detected.</li> <li>Server should not receive the packet.</li> <li>IDP attack log should have the action as DROP as action.</li> </ol>

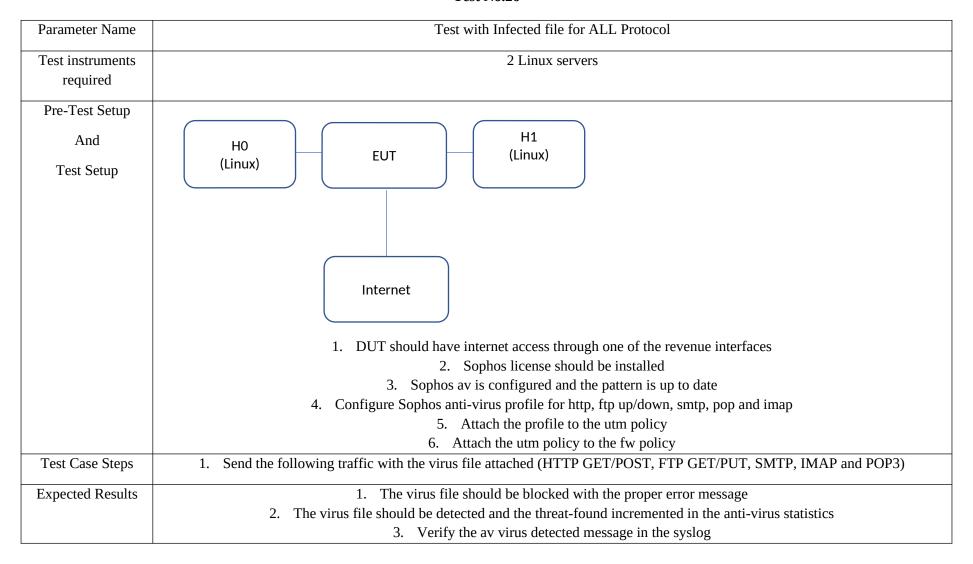
Test No.24

Parameter Name	http with block-extension-list
Test instruments required	2 Linux servers
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	HO (Linux)  1. Configure UTM custom objects for file extension list such as vbs, pl, tst  2. Configure the UTM content filtering feature profile with the block-extension for those file extension list  3. Configure notifications options as message and content for the message
Test Case Steps	4. Attach the profile to the fw policy. 5. Configure the security logging 1. Start the HTTP server and have the files with different extension
Test Suse Steps	2. From client get vbs, pl, txt and html files using curl
Expected Results	<ol> <li>Other than html file all are blocked</li> <li>In the utm content filtering statistics, the extension blocked counter should increment accordingly</li> <li>Verify the content filtering blocked message in the syslog</li> </ol>

Test No.25

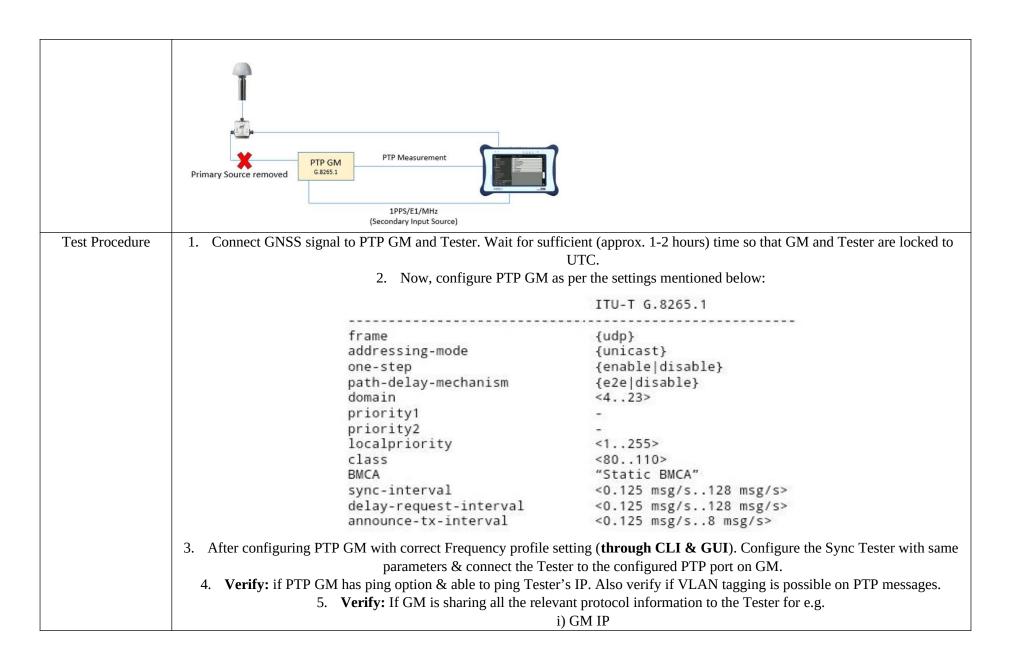
Parameter Name	File extension blocking
Test instruments required	2 Linux servers
Pre-Test Setup  And  Test Setup	1. Configure UTM custom objects for filename extension list for com and exe  2. Configure the UTM content filtering feature profile with the block-extension for those filename extension list  3. Configure content filtering UTM policy for ftp upload and download  4. Configure notifications options as message and content for the message  5. Attach the profile to the fw policy.  6. Configure the security logging
Test Case Steps	<ol> <li>Start the FTP server and have the files with different extension</li> <li>From client, do ftp and get exe and com extension files</li> <li>From client do ftp and put exe and com extension files</li> </ol>
Expected Results	<ol> <li>GET and PUT of exe and com files are blocked with proper error message</li> <li>In the utm content filtering statistics, the Base on extension list counter should increment accordingly</li> <li>Verify the content filtering blocked message in the syslog</li> </ol>

Test No.26



Test No.27

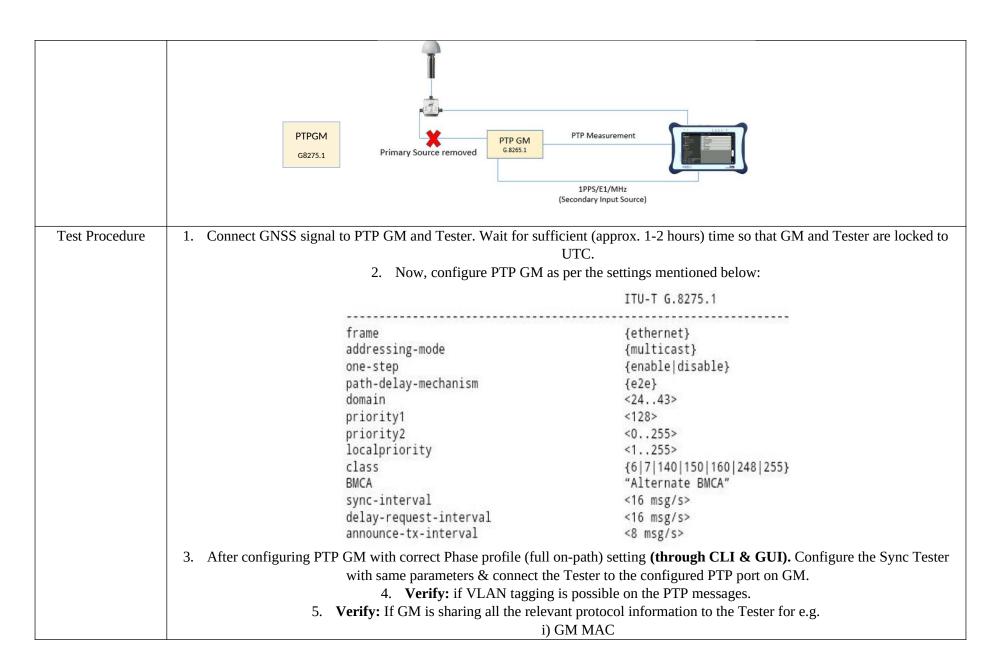
Parameter Name	Profile for frequency synchronisation
Test Details	Support for PTP frequency profile: G.8265.1 & monitor  1) PTP messages exchanged between Master & Slave 2) Protocol statistics of GM for e.g. GM IP, GM Identity, GM clock class & value etc. 3) GM locking with auxiliary interfaces and observe relevant protocol statistics.
Test instruments	Synch tester Splitter
required	GPS Antenna Connecting Cables
	Laptop
Test Setup 1	Setup 1: Follow Test procedure instructions 4 to 7
	PTP GM G.8265.1
	Setup 2: Follow Test procedure instruction 8
Test Setup 2	



	ii) GM Identity
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	iii) GM Priority
	iv) GM Clock class & value
	v) GM Clock Source
	6. <b>Verify:</b> Message Exchange between Master & Slave i.e.
	i) Sync
	ii) Follow-up
	iii) Delay Request
	iv) Delay Response etc.
	7. Now, remove the GPS antenna cable from the PTP GM and see if the <b>Clock class</b> in the tester changes to a different value
	(Locked mode clock class to Holdover clock class).
	<b>8.</b> Configure Primary input clock in PTP GM as GNSS and set a secondary input clock as well (for e.g. 1PPS, E1, MHz). Sync
	Tester can be used to give secondary input to the GM. Now remove the primary input clock from the GM and <b>verify that GM</b>
	automatically switches to secondary input source.
Expected Results	1. Verify GM configuration through GUI & CLI.
	2. Verify Test procedure - Steps 4 to 8. Results should match the configured value as per ITU-T Standard.
	3. Attach screenshots.

Test No.28

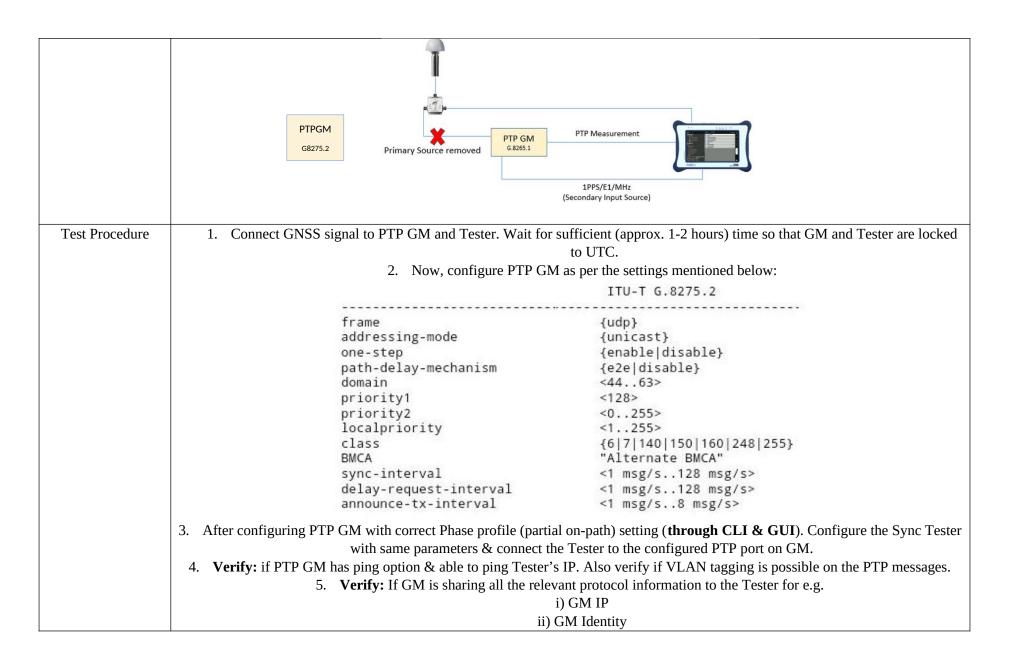
Parameter Name	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with full timing support
Test Details	Support for PTP phaseprofile: G8275.1
	<ol> <li>PTP messages exchanged between Master &amp; Slave</li> <li>Protocol statistics of GM for e.g. GM MAC, GM Identity, GM clock class &amp; value etc.</li> <li>GM locking with auxiliary interfaces and observe relevant protocol statistics.</li> </ol>
Test instruments	Synch tester (e.g. xGenius) Splitter
required	GPS Antenna Connecting Cables
	Laptop
Test Setup 1	Setup 1: Follow Test procedure instructions 4 to 7
	PTP GM G8275.1  PTP GM G8275.1  Setup 2: Follow Test procedure instruction 8
Test Setup 2	



	ii) GM Identity
	iii) GM Priority
	iv) GM Clock class & value
	v) GM Clock Source
	6. <b>Verify</b> : Message Exchange between Master & Slave i.e.
	i) Sync
	ii) Follow-up
	iii) Delay Request
	iv) Delay Response etc.
	7. Now, remove the GPS antenna cable from the PTP GM and see if the Clock class in the tester changes to a different value
	(Locked mode clock class to Holdover clock class).
	8. Configure Primary input clock in PTP GM as GNSS and set a secondary input clock as well (for e.g. 1PPS, E1, MHz). Sync
	Tester can be used to give secondary input to the GM. Now remove the primary input clock from the GM and verify that GM
	automatically switches to secondary input source.
Expected Results	1. Verify GM configuration through GUI (Graphic User Interface) &CLI (Command Line Interface).
	2. Verify Test procedure - Steps 4 to 8. Results should match the configured value as per ITU-T Standard.
	3. Attach Screenshot.

Test No.29

Parameter Name	Profile for time and phase synchronisation with partial timing support
Test Details	Support for PTP phase profile: G.8275.2
	<ol> <li>PTP messages exchanged between Master &amp; Slave</li> <li>Protocol statistics of GM for e.g. GM IP, GM Identity, GM clock class &amp; value etc.</li> <li>GM locking with auxiliary interfaces and observe relevant protocol statistics.</li> </ol>
Test instruments	Synch tester (e.g. xGenius) Splitter
required	GPS Antenna Connecting Cables
	Laptop
Test Setup 1	Setup 1: Follow Test procedure instructions 4 to 7
	PTP GM G8275.2  PTP Measurement G8275.2  Setup 2: Follow Test procedure instruction 8
Test Setup 2	



	iii) GM Priority
	iv) GM Clock class & value
	v) GM Clock Source
	6. <b>Verify:</b> Message Exchange between Master & Slave i.e.
	i) Sync
	ii) Follow-up
	iii) Delay Request
	iv) Delay Response etc.
	7. Now, remove the GPS antenna cable from the PTP GM and verify if the <b>Clock class</b> in the tester changes to a different value
	(Locked mode clock class to Holdover clock class).
	8. Configure Primary input clock in PTP GM as GNSS and set a secondary input clock as well (for e.g. 1PPS, E1, MHz). Sync
	Tester can be used to give secondary input to the GM. Now remove the primary input clock from the GM and verify that GM
	automatically switches to secondary input source.
Expected Results	1. Verify GM configuration through GUI & CLI.
	2. Verify Test procedure - Steps 4 to 8. Results should match the configured value as per ITU-T Standard.
	3. Attach screenshots.

Parameter Name	Mobile device - Non-Zero IMEI/MEID/ESN
Test Details	Test for Identification of Equipment Identity for mobile device for GSM/ UMTS/ LTE/ CDMA
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Press *#06# to display IMEI / MEID / ESN.</li> <li>Copy down the displayed IMEI/ MEID/ ESN.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	1. Check that the displayed IMEI / MEID / ESN is not all zeroes/ null.

Parameter Name	Mobile Emergency Support - Panic button
Test Details	Test for functioning of Panic button in Feature phone
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	1. Power on EUT.
_	2. If the device has a keypad lock, invoke it to lock the key pad.
Test Procedure 1	1. Press Numeric Key "5" on the feature phone keypad for more than 10 seconds.
	2. If a call is not invoked, repeat step 1 with numeric key "9".
	3. Disconnect the call if invoked.
	4. Remove keypad lock.
	5. Repeat step 1, 2 and 3.
Test Procedure 2	1. Switch on the mobile screen. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), invoke it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock
	the screen.
	2. Switch off screen display.
	3. Press panic (red) button for more than 3 seconds
	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.
Expected Results	1. Check that emergency call is invoked in both cases by actions in step 2 and 5.
	2. Wallpaper ON + Screen Lock ON + Screen Off + Long press panic (red) button once => Emergency call

Parameter Name	Mobile Emergency Support - Panic button
Test Details	Test for functioning of Panic button in Smart phone
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT.
Test Procedure 1	<ol> <li>Switch on the mobile so that the screen is lit. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), invoke it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock the screen.</li> <li>Switch off screen display.</li> </ol>
	3. Short Press power-on button thrice in quick succession.
	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.
	5. With screen protector and screen lock invoked and screen display switched on, repeat step 3 and 4.
Test Procedure 2	1. Switch on the mobile screen. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), remove it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock
	the screen.
	2. Check if a Soft emergency call button is visible even in screen lock mode.
	3. Invoke emergency call by touching it.
	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.
Test Procedure 3	1. Switch on the mobile screen. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), invoke it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock the screen.
	2. Switch off screen display.
	3. Press panic (red) button for more than 3 seconds
	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.
Expected Results	1. Wallpaper ON + Screen Lock ON + Screen Off + Short press power on button thrice => Emergency call
	2. Wallpaper ON + Screen Lock ON + Screen Lit + Short press power on button thrice => Emergency call
	3. Wallpaper Off + Screen Lock ON + Screen Lit + Softemergency call button touch => Emergency call
	4. Wallpaper ON + Screen Lock ON + Screen Off + Long press panic (red) button once => Emergency call

Parameter Name	Mobile Emergency Support - GPS Location
Test Details	Test for facility of identifying the location through satellite-based GPS in smart phone handsets.
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT.
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Switch on the mobile and deactivate SIM(s).</li> <li>Go to settings through appropriate menu.</li> <li>Locate settings for "Location" and turn the "Location" Off and On.</li> <li>Use any suitable App to display current location of mobile.</li> </ol>
Expected Results	1. Verify that Mobile phone is able to display location using satellite-based GPS, when SIM(s) are deactivated.

Parameter Name	Mobile Emergency Support – Call on 112
Test Details	Test for facility to dial 112 with Keypad lock, without SIM or without registration on PLMN.
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT.
	Test SIM without subscription.
Test Procedure 1	1. Switch on the mobile screen. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), remove it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock the screen.
	2. Check if either keypad, or an icon/ link to display the keypad is visible. In case of later, click icon/ link to display keyboard.
	3. Invoke emergency call by dialing 112.
	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.
Test Procedure 2	1. Remove SIM from mobile. Switch on the mobile. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), remove it. If there is a screen
	lock, invoke it to lock the screen.
	2. Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 of Procedure 1.
Test Procedure 3	1. Insert test SIM and switch ON mobile.
	2. Verify that mobile is trying to be registered to some available PLMN.
	3. Repeat procedure 2 with test SIM.
Expected Results	<ol> <li>It is possible to dial the emergency number 112 even if the key pad is locked, as verified through Procedure 1.</li> <li>It is possible to dial the emergency number 112 without SIM, as verified through Procedure 2.</li> <li>The mobile phone, which has not successfully registered shall nevertheless be able to make emergency call attempts on an</li> </ol>
	available PLMN, as verified through Procedure 3.

Parameter name	Display of SAR Value
Test Details	Test for Display of SAR Value
Test Instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT
Test Procedure	Press *#07# to get SAR Value.
Expected Result	Check that SAR Value is less than 1.6 W/Kg.

Test No. 36

(A) Applicable for Mobile USER Equipment/ Other Terminal equipment having cellular interface:

Parameter name	Operating Frequency
Test Details	Test for checking of Operating Frequency
Test Instruments required	Base Station Emulator, Signal generator, spectrum analyser, required software
Test Setup	Powered on EUT
Test Procedure	1. Check that the frequency of operation as per its data sheet/ information given by the vendor is as per the Applicable National
	Frequency Allocation Plan
	2. If the step 1 above is okay, then –
	a. Put the Device Under Test (DUT) in Airplane or Switch Off mode.
	b. Configure Base Station Emulator for required frequency and technology.
	c. Switch on the DUT and initiate a call.
	d. Check that the DUT is connected to the Base Station Emulator and that either the call goes through or a data session is established.
	e. Carry out steps a-d for all the technology – frequency combinations supported by the DUT as per its data sheet/ information given by the vendor.
Expected Results	The DUT should be connected to the emulator for all the technology – frequency combinations supported by the DUT as per its data sheet/ information given by the vendor and either the call goes through or a data session is established.

### (B) Applicable for Base Station for Cellular Network:

Parameter name	Operating Frequency
Test Details	Test for checking of Operating Frequency
Test Instruments required	UE Emulator, Signal generator, spectrum analyser, required software
Test Setup	Powered on EUT
Test Procedure	1. Check that the frequency of operation as per its data sheet/ information given by the vendor is as per the Applicable National
	Frequency Allocation Plan
	2. If the step 1 above is okay, then –
	a. Put the Device Under Test (DUT) in Switch Off mode.
	b. Configure UE for required frequency and technology.
	c. Switch on the DUT and ensure that the UE emulator connects to the DUT.
	d. Carry out steps a-c for all the technology – frequency combinations supported by the DUT as per its data sheet/ information
	given by the vendor.
Expected Results	The DUT should be connected to the emulator for all the technology – frequency combinations supported by the DUT as per its data
	sheet/ information given by the vendor.

Note: Alternatively, a self-declaration along with supporting test reports by any test lab in respect of transmitter or receiver parameters as specified in the ER, wherein frequency of operation/ frequency band is mentioned, can be taken as compliance to this test.

Test No.37

Parameter name	Indian Language Support for Mobile Phones				
Test Details	1. Test for checking Message input capability				
	2. Test for checking Message Readability				
Test Instruments/	1. Standard Font for English and 22 Indian Languages (Both in Soft Copy and Printed Copy)				
Documents required	2. Computer/ Laptop with Data Card/ Dongle and in-built SMS Application				
Test Setup	Powered on EUT with an active SIM Card				
Test Procedure 1	i) Input all the characters of English language one by one and check that the displayed character matches with the character typed on keypad.				
	ii) Repeat above step i) for Hindi.				
	iii) Repeat above step i) for any other (at-least one) Indian Language as declared by the manufacturer.				
Test Procedure 2	i) Input all the characters of English language to make a text in a computer/ Laptop and using Data Card/ Dongle through SMS				
	Application send it to the DUT.				
	ii) Read and compare the text character by character to see that the sent message and the received message are the same.				
	iii) Repeat above step for Hindi and all (twenty-one) other Indian languages.				
Expected Results for	The DUT should have in-built capability for inputting of the following languages:				
Message input	a) English				
capability	b) Hindi and				
	c) Any other (at-least one) Indian Language				
Expected Results for					
Message Readability	a) English				
	b) Hindi and				
	c) All (twenty-one) other Indian Languages				

Test No.38

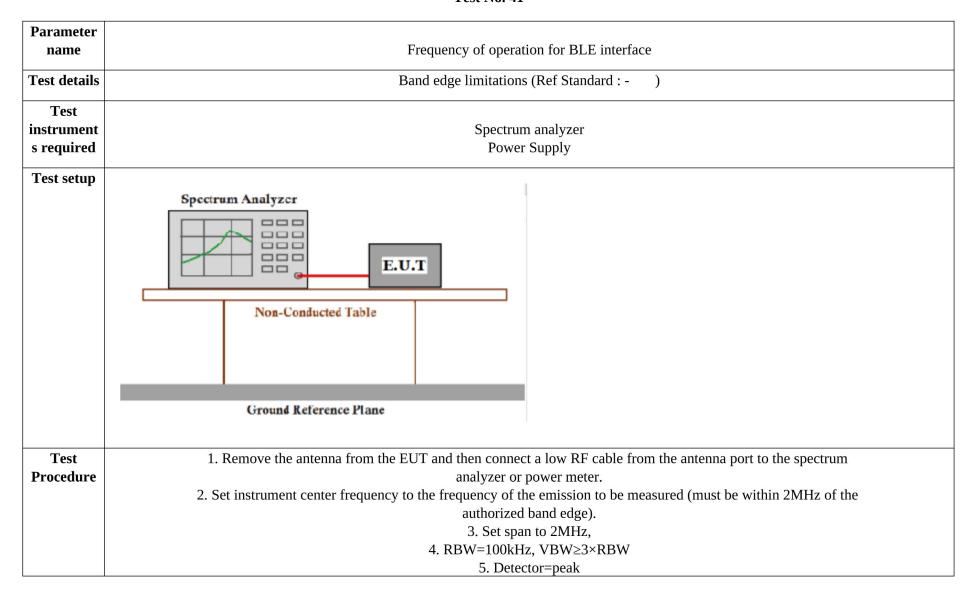
Parameter Name	SNMPv2 Functional Tests		
Test Details	Test for management: SNMPv2 (check TRAP, GET and SET operations)		
Test instruments required	SNMP Test Tool (SNMP Manager)		
Test Setup	EUT Configured as Agent SNMP Test Tool 1.1.1.1/24 1.1.1.2/24		
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Configure the EUT to run SNMP agent and SNMP Test Tool (NMS) to run SNMP manager application by using correct parameters.</li> <li>Testing of TRAP message: The NMS uses SNMPv2 to manage the SNMP agent, and the agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.</li> <li>Configure the SNMP agent to send traps to the manager.</li> <li>Use a wrong community name to get the value of a MIB node on the agent. You can see an authentication failure trap on the SNMP manager.</li> <li>Test "SetRequest" operation: SNMP Testing node (SNMP manager) sends SNMPv2c "SetRequest" to set SysName to "EUT1". Verify the SysName value on the EUT. It should match the value "EUT1" set using 'SetRequest' function from the SNMP manager.</li> <li>Test SNMP GET Operation (single Object): Testing node (SNMP Manager) sends SNMPv2c "GetRequest" scalar object to get sysName.0 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 in system group in MIB II, to Agent. The agent should respond with "SysName value as "EUT1" as set in the previous step, verifying that the EUT support SNMP GET function.</li> </ol>		
Expected Results	1. TRAP should be sent by EUT (Agent) to Testing Node (SNMP Manager). 2. SetRequest operation should be able to set SysName object in agent (EUT) 3. GetRequest operation should be able to get SysName Object from agent (EUT) 4. Attach screenshots for above successful operations.		

Test No.39

Parameter Name	SNMPv3 Functional Tests		
Test Details	Test for SNMPv3 management		
Test instruments required	SNMP Test Tool (SNMP Manager)		
Test Setup	EUT Configured as Agent SNMP Test Tool 1.1.1.124 1.1.1224		
Test Procedure	<ol> <li>Configure the agent on EUT and SNMP manager on SNMP Test Tool to use SNMPv3 with security level setting to         AuthPriv. Set Authentication to SHA and Privacy (encryption) to DES.         <ol> <li>The NMS uses SNMPv3 to monitor and manage the agent</li> <li>The agent automatically sends notifications to report events to the NMS.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The NMS and the agent perform authentication when they establish an SNMP session. The authentication algorithm is         <ol> <li>SHA and the authentication key is xxxxxxx. The NMS and the agent also encrypt the SNMP packets between them by using the DES algorithm and encryption key yyyyyy</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		
Expected Results	1. Use correct authentication credentials to access the agent.  2. Attach traces for successful encrypted authentication with correct credentials  3. Use incorrect authentication credentials to access the agent  4. Attach traces for failed authentication with incorrect credentials		

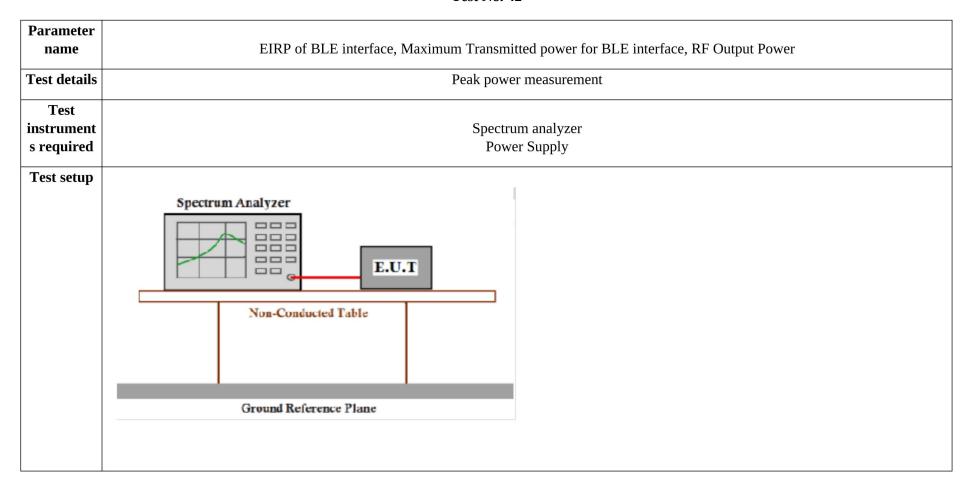
Parameter Name	Support for priority for emergency calls		
Test Details	As per Department of Telecom No. 16-04/2015-AS-III/NP/67/120 dated 4th May 2016		
Standard	3GPP TS 23.067		
	Enhanced Multi-Level Precedence and Pre-emption service (eMLPP): Stage 2		
Test Procedure	1. The call to emergency number is given priority.		
	2. The emergency numbers are accessible irrespective of balance/ limit.		
	3. The numbers are routed through other operator, if the signal of the operator, to which the Subscriber is subscribed,		
	is low or unavailable.		
	4. The numbers are diallable with or without SIM (subject to implementation)		
Expected Results	Compliance		

Test No. 41



6. Sweep time =auto,			
7. Trace mode=max hold.			
ontinue until the trace stabilizes(required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)			
9. Measure the power of the peaks outside the band.			
2400MHz - 2483.5MHz			
2400MHz - 2483.5MHz			

Test No. 42



Test	1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (Cable loss =1.0dB) from the antenna port to the			
Procedure	spectrum.			
	2. Set the RBW≥DTS bandwidth			
	3. Set the VBW $\geq$ 3 x RBW			
	4. Set the span $\ge$ 3 x RBW.			
	5. Detector = peak.			
	6. Sweep time = auto couple.			
	7. Trace mode = max hold.			
	8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.			
	9. Report the worse case			
	10. To calculate the EIRP, add the Antenna gain to Measured power.			
Expected				
results	As per WPC GSR 45(E)			

Test No 43

Parameter Name	Bridge mode ONT test			
Test Details	Non-blocking throughput test for bridge mode ONT in place of Dual stack RFC test and IPv6 RFC test.			
Test instruments required	Traffic generator,	Traffic simulator/analyser, OLT, ONT(DUT)		
Test Setup And Test Setup	OLT	ONT		
	Traffic Generator	Traffic Simulator / Analyser		
Test Steps	<ul><li>(1) Run RFC 2544 test for throughput test with IPv4 data.</li><li>(2) Run RFC 2544 test for throughput test with IPv6 data.</li></ul>			
Expected Results	Verify throughput for ONT with respect to respective standard applicable on PON technology mentioned in annex-J3 and observe that no alarms or frameloss has occurred.			

Test No 44

Subnet Manager Functional Test Case for Infiniband Switches						
Test for Subnet Manager – Vital functionality						
Single IB Switch with cables connected in loopback communicated with Local Laptop through LAN Port.						
AC/DC PSU1  AC/DC PSU2  EUT  (InfiniBand Switch)  P1 P2 P3 P4 P(n-1) Pn  QSFP/OSFP PCC cables						
1. Connect the tested IB switches as shown in the above test setup.						
2. Check for loop-detection on EUT by executing the command:						
ip smnode "Switch Host Name" enable or equivalent. Example for "Switch Host Name": switch-73ca44 enable						
3. Wait couple minutes until LEDs change colour from orange/yellow to green.						
4. Verify if "Logical port state" is <b>Active</b> for all ports physically connected in loopback by QSFP/OSFP data cables by executing the command: <b>show interfaces ib status</b>						

Expected Results	<ol> <li>Subnet Manager must be able to detect and prevent the loop</li> <li>Attach screenshots for loop-detection and "Logical port state" activation.</li> </ol>					
	3. Example for loop-detection and "Logical port state" activation:					
	IB Subnet Speed Current line rate Logical port state Physical port					
	infiniband-default edr 190.0 Gbps Active LinkUp					
Test Procedure 2	<ol> <li>Connect the tested IB switches as shown in the above test setup.</li> <li>Issue command show GUIDS/show system guid.</li> </ol>					
Expected Results	1. Switch should show System GUID and Management GUID					
	<ul><li>2. Attach screenshots of the displayed GUID's</li><li>3. Example Of GUID's in below screenshot</li></ul>					
	switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show system guid EC:0D:9A:03:00:62:95:00 switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show guids					
	Module Device IB Subnet GUID					
	SYSTEM - EC:0D:9A:03:00:62:95:00  MCMT SX infiniband-default EC:0D:9A:03:00:62:95:00  awitch-db2bb6 [standalone: master]					
Test Procedure 3	1. Connect the tested IB switches as shown in the above test setup.					
	<ol> <li>Issue following command show system capabilities (or equivalent Command)</li> <li>Issue command to check SM node status and priority</li> </ol>					
	4. Check SM is enabled					
	5. Issue "Show IB nodename"					
Expected Results	1. Switch should Support IB					
	2. Max number of Nodes supported					

- 3. Status of the SM node should be active
- **4.** Node name and GUID are displayed properly.
  - **5. Example Screenshots**

```
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show system capabilities

IB: Supported, L2, Adaptive Routing

Max SM nodes: 648

IB Max licensed speed: FDR
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show ib smnode switch-db2bb6 sm-running
active
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show ib smnode switch-db2bb6 sm-state
enabled
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show ib smnode switch-db2bb6 sm-priority
0
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show ib sm
enable
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # show ib nodename
GUID='EC:0D:9A:03:00:62:95:00', name='SX6036', discovered='no'
switch-db2bb6 [standalone: master] # #
```

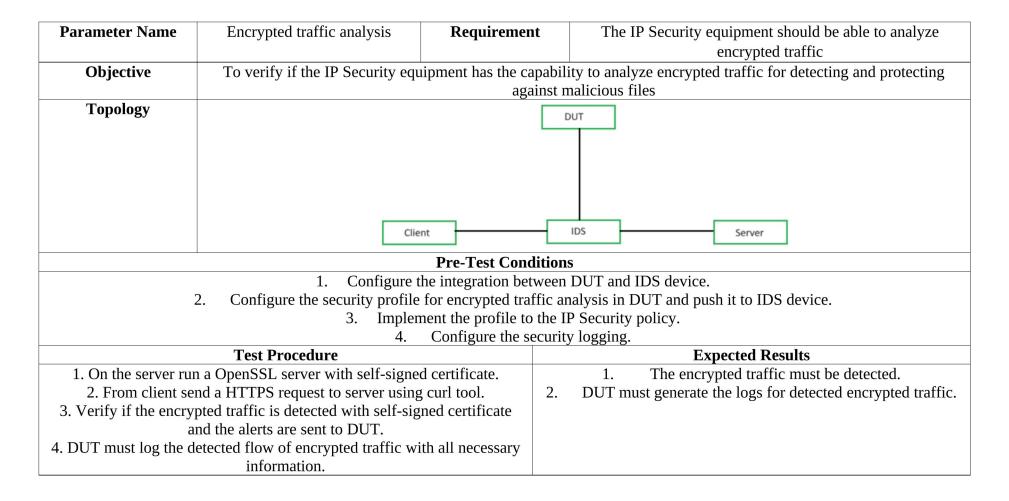
# Test No.45

Parameter Name	FWP Emergency Support – Call on 112
Test Details	Test for facility to dial 112 with Keypad lock, with SIM having registration on PLMN.
Test instruments required	None
Test Setup	Powered on EUT.
	Test SIM having registration on PLMN.
Test Procedure 1	1. Switch on the screen. If there is a screen protector (wallpaper), remove it. If there is a screen lock, invoke it to lock the screen.
	2. Check if either keypad, or an icon/ link to display the keypad is visible. In case of later, click icon/ link to display keyboard.
	3. Invoke emergency call by dialing 112.
Expected Results	4. Disconnect the call if invoked.  It is possible to dial the emergency number 112 even if the key pad is locked, as verified through Procedure 1.
Expected Results	it is possible to that the emergency number 112 even if the key path is locked, as verified through Procedure 1.

Test No.-46

Parameter Name	Network Visibility,	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should have network visibility, monitoring				
	Monitoring and Logging		and logging capabilities				
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment has visibility to the network it is protecting, able to monitor the traffic and log						
			potential security events				
Topology							
		External Syslog server	DUT				
		Client	Firewall				
		Pre-Test	Conditions				
	<ol> <li>Configure the se</li> </ol>	ecurity monitoring	profile and implement it to the firewall policy.				
	<ol><li>Configu</li></ol>	re the Client in trus	ted zone and Server in untrusted zone.				
		3. Configure N	ΓP and security logging.				
	4. Confi	gure the DUT to tra	ansfer logs to external Syslog server.				
	Test Procedure		Expected Results				
1. Generate traffic be	tween the Client and Server	to match configure	ed 1. DUT must have the network visibility to live traffic.				
monitoring polic	cies and verify if proper aler	ts are generated.	2. DUT must generate proper alert messages based on configured				
2. Navigate to netwo	rk visibility dashboard of D	UT and verify if rea					
time traffic is displa	yed with source IP, destinat	ion IP, protocol and	3. DUT must capture necessary details in the logs with proper				
	application used.		timestamps.				
3. Verify the logs gen	nerated captures necessary d	letails like source Il	P, 4. DUT must be able to transfer the logs to external syslog server.				
destination IP, applica	tion, action taken, log levels	s (event, debug, tra	ce,				
notice etc.	,) and NTP synchronized tir	nestamps.					
4. Verify if DUT	able to transfer logs to exter	nal syslog server					

Test No.-47



Test No.-48

Parameter Name	Application visibility and control	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should have visibility and control to th application traffic.	e		
Objective	To verify if the IP Secu	urity equipment has the	e capability to identify the traffic based on application and have cont	rol		
		V 1 1	over the traffic			
Topology		IDS				
		Client	DUT Server			
			Conditions			
			ecting and blocking traffic on application basis.			
			specific rate limiters for various application traffic.			
			ofiles to the firewall policy.			
	4. Gene	0	UT for common application services.			
		5. Configure t	the security logging.			
	Test Procedure		Expected Results			
1. Generate traffic thro	ough DUT for common ap	plication services like	2 1. DUT should detect and block the traffic based on the			
FTP, SSH, Telnet, TF	ГР, HTTP, HTTPS, SMTI	P, IMAP, POP3, DNS,	application.			
SNMP and verify if tra	ffic is getting blocked as profile.	per configured security	<ol> <li>DUT should limit the service quality as per configured rational limiters.</li> </ol>	ate		
	n traffic between client an lies within the configured	5	3. DUT should generate proper alert messages for blocked a over utilized traffic.	and		

Test No.-49

Parameter Name	SSL	Requirement	The I	P Security equipment should have the capability to act as a SSL proxy			
	Proxy	-					
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability decrypt, analyze and re-encrypt the SSL protected data traffic.						
Topology	ips in the 11 Security equipment has the capability decrypt, analyze and re-encrypt the SSL protected data traine.						
		Cli	ent	DUT			
				st Conditions			
				y CA certificate for SSL proxy.			
	2.			rofile to perform SSL inspection in the DUT.			
				to IP Security policy in DUT.			
	4. Co	nfigure the client on inte	rnal netwo	ork of DUT and server on external network of DUT			
		5. Co	onfigure D	UT as the proxy in client.			
		6.	Configur	e the security logging.			
	27-100-000-00-200-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	ocedure		Expected Results			
		ge on the server with HT		1. DUT must decrypt, inspect and re-encrypt the packets.			
2. Verify if the D	UT decrypts	s, inspects and then forwa	ards the	2. The source IP of request between the DUT and server must be DUT's			
packet to IDS.				external IP.			
3. Verify if DUT re-encrypts the packets received from IDS				3. The destination IP of response between the DUT and server must be			
device before sending to Server.				DUT's external IP.			
4. Verify the source IP of request between the DUT and server.				4. DUT must log the requests and responses with all necessary			
5. Verify the desti	ination IP of	response between the D	UT and	information.			
	ser	ver.					

Test No.-50

Parameter Name	Data Loss Prevention (DLP)	Requiren	nent	The IP Security equipment should be able to prevent data loss			
Objective	To verify if the IP Security e	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability to analyze and prevent sensitive data leaving from the					
			Ι	network.			
Topology				IDS			
		ient		DUT Server			
	Ci	lent		Server			
		Pre-Test		AL AC AL			
1. Configure the 1	1. Configure the DLP profile to filter network traffic and files based on various matching criteria like regular expressions, sensitive data						
	•		size, type and name.				
	•			erts for encrypted files transfer.			
	3. A	apply the prof	ile to IP S	Security policy			
	4	. Configur	re security	logging.			
	Test Procedure			Expected Results			
1. Transfer a fil	le between client and server match	ing the	1.	DUT must detect and block the file matching one or more			
	pe, name and verify if it is getting			filtering criteria.			
2. Transfer an er	ncrypted file between client and se	rver and	2.	DUT must log the actions taken against the matching files.			
verify if pr	oper alerts are being generated.		3.	DUT must generate alert for encrypted file transfer.			
3. Verify pro	per logs are generated for detected	l files.					

Test No.-51

Para	meter Name	L3 DDoS	Requirement	Tł	he IP Security equipment should be able to detect and prevent L3			
		protection			DDoS attacks			
(	Objective	To verify if the	IP Security equipment ha	s the c	capability to detect and prevent against Layer 3 DDoS attack.			
-	Гороlogy	Г	Client-1					
			Client-1  DUT  Firewall  Server					
			Pre-Test	Condi	tions			
			1. Configure the DUT	to be i	nline with the firewall.			
		2. Configure	the client on external side	of DU	JT and server on internal side of DUT.			
	3. Configure the security profile for identifying and protecting against L3 DDoS attack.							
			4. Apply the profi	le to I	P Security policy.			
		Test Procedure			Expected Results			
1.	Perform normal	ping from Client-1 au from Client-2.	nd perform ICMP flood	1.	The DUT must identify the L3 DDoS attack and block the flood			
		traffic.						
2.		5	ood traffic and block it.	2.	Server memory and CPU utilization must stay under threshold.			
3.	Perform ICM	IP flood attack from C	Client-2 with random					
		source IP addresses.						
4.	•		ood traffic and block it.					
5.	Verify the C	PU usage and memory	utilization on server.					

Test No.-52

Param	eter Name	L4 DDoS protection	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should be able to detect and prevent				
				L4 DDoS attacks				
Ob	jective	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability to detect and prevent against Layer 4 DDoS attack.						
To	pology							
		Client-1  DUT  Firewall  Server						
		Client						
			Pre-Test Con	1-000 1000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0				
		1.	O	oe inline with the firewall.				
		9		DUT and server on internal side of DUT.				
		<ol><li>Configure the s</li></ol>	5 1	ing and protecting against L4 DDoS attack.				
			4. Apply the profile t					
		Test Procedure		Expected Results				
1.	Send a norm	nal TCP-SYN from Client-1	*	1. The DUT must identify the L4 DDoS attack and block the				
_	and UDP flood from Client-2. flood traffic.							
	2. Verify if the DUT can identify the flood traffic and block it. 2. Server memory and CPU utilization must stay under threshol							
3.	3. Perform TCP SYN and UDP flood attack from Client-2 with							
		random source IP address						
4.	•	ne DUT can identify the flo						
5.	Verify tl	he CPU usage and memory	utilization on server.					

Test No.-53

Parameter Name	L7 DDoS protection	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should be able to detect and prevent L7				
			DDoS attacks				
Objective	To verify if the IP So	ecurity equipment has the	e capability to detect and prevent against Layer 7 DDoS attack.				
Topology							
	Client-1	Client-1  DUT  Firewall  Server					
	Client	2					
		Pre-Test Cor	nditions				
	1.	0	e inline with the firewall.				
	2. Configure the	client on external side of	DUT and server on internal side of DUT.				
	<ol><li>Configure the see</li></ol>	curity profile for identify	ing and protecting against L7 DDoS attack.				
		4. Apply the profile t	o IP Security policy.				
	Test Procedure		Expected Results				
1. Send	a normal HTTP request from (	Client-1 and perform	1. The DUT must identify the L7 DDoS attack and block the				
	HTTP/HTTPS flood from Cli	ent-2.	flood traffic.				
2. Verify	if the DUT can identify the flo	od traffic and block it.	2. Server memory and CPU utilization must stay under				
3. Perform	HTTP/HTTPS flood attack fro	m Client-2 with random	threshold.				
	source IP addresses.						
4. Verify	if the DUT can identify the flo	od traffic and block it.					

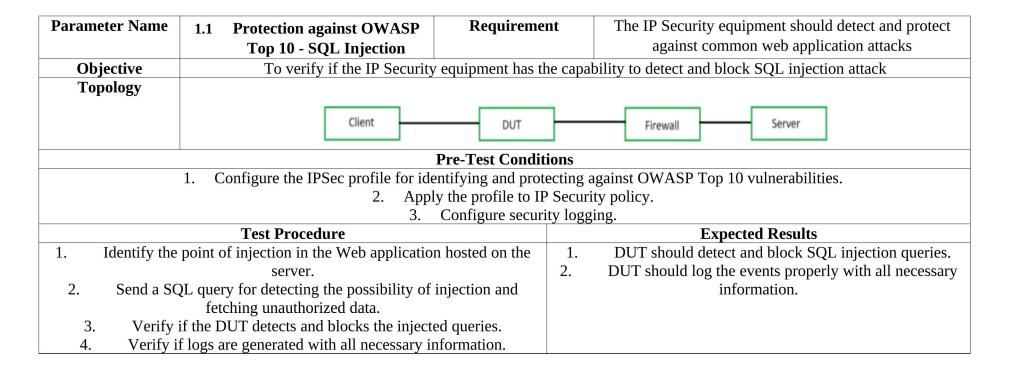
Test No.-54

Parameter Name	Static Analysis	Requirement	The IP S	Security equipment should detect and analyse malicious file statically			
Objective	To verify if the	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability to detect and statically analyze the malicious file in a secured way.					
Topology		CI	ient	DUT			
		Pre-	Test Co	nditions			
	1. Configure the s			g Static analysis of potentially malicious files.			
		2. Apply the p	profile to	the IP Security policy			
8.2	est Procedure			Expected Results			
	malicious file from (		1.	The DUT should be able to identify the malicious file by matching			
	static analysis in the			the signature and hash values.			
5	$\Gamma$ identifies and anal	•	2.	The DUT should be able to identify malicious links and codes			
file by matching signature of known malwares.				embedded in the file.			
	calculates and anal						
of malicious file	with known malwa	re hashes.					
5	T scans and identific						
and cod	es embedded the file	2.					

Test No.-55

Par	ameter Name	Dynamic	Requirement	The	IP Security equipment should detect and analyse malicious file
		Analysis			dynamically
	Objective	To verify if the I	P Security equipment l	has the ca	pability to detect and dynamically analyze the malicious file in a
					secured way.
	Topology				
			Clier	nt _	DUT
				est Cond	
		1. Configure the so	J 1	_	ynamic analysis of potentially malicious files.
			2. Apply the pr	ofile to th	ne IP Security policy
		Test Procedure			Expected Results
	_	he malicious file fro		1.	The DUT must capture the actions performed by the malicious
	2. Ru	n dynamic analysis i	n the DUT.		file.
3.	Verify if the D	OUT executes the ma	licious file in a secure	d 2.	The DUT must identify external communications the malicious
	way.				file trying to establish.
4.	4. Verify if the DUT captures all the actions performed by the			ne 3.	The DUT must record and log all the actions captured during
		malicious file.			the phase of dynamic analysis.
5.	Verify if the DU	T can identify exteri	nal communications tri	ied	
	by	the malicious file if	any.		
	J				

Test No.-56



Test No.-57

Parameter Name	1.2	Protection against OWASP Top 10 -	Requiremen	t The IP Security equipment should detect and protect
		<b>Cross Site Scripting (XSS)</b>		against common web application attacks
Objective	<b>Objective</b> To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability to detect and block Cross site scripting attack			
Topology		Client	DUT	Firewall
		Pre-7	Test Conditions	
1. Configure the IPSec profile for identifying and protecting against OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.				against OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.
			profile to IP Secu	
		3. Conf	igure security log	ging.
		Test Procedure		Expected Results
1. Identify the	poin	t of injection in the Web application hoste	d on 1.	DUT should detect and block the Cross site scripting
		the server.		injections.
2. Inject a Java script for Reflected XSS and verify if the response			onse 2.	DUT should log the events properly with all necessary
	reaches back the test tool.			information.
3. Inject a Ja	3. Inject a Java script for Stored XSS and verify if it is getting			
	st	ored on the Web server.		
4.	Ver	ify if logs are generated properly.		

Test No.-58

Parameter	1.3 Protection against OWASP Top 10 -	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should detect and protect		
Name	Protection against Brute forcing		against common web application attacks		
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipme	nt has the capabi	lity to detect and block brute force attack		
Topology	Client	DUT	Firewall		
	Pre-Tes	t Conditions			
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for identifying	and protecting ag	gainst OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.		
	11 0 1	file to IP Securit			
	3. Configu	re security loggi	ng.		
	Test Procedure		Expected Results		
1. Identify	the HTTP request of login page of the Web applicati		OUT should detect and block the Brute forcing attacks.		
	hosted on the server.	2.	DUT should log the event properly with all necessary		
2. Perfor	rm Brute force attack using a wordlist of username and	i l	information		
	password.				
3.	Verify if the DUT detects and blocks the attack.				
4.	Verify if the logs are generated properly.				

Test No.-59

Parameter	1.4 Protection against OWASP Top 10 -	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should detect and protect
Name	Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)		against common web application attacks
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment ha	as the capability to	detect and block Server side request attack
Topology			
	Client	DUT	Firewall
	Pre-Test	t Conditions	
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for identifying	and protecting again	inst OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.
	2. Apply the pro	ofile to IP Security p	policy.
	3. Configu	ire security logging	•
	Test Procedure		Expected Results
1. Identify	HTTP request for point of injection in the Web applic	cation 1. D	OUT should detect and block the malicious server side
	hosted on the server.		requests.
2. Identify	the parameter in the request which carries the server	side 2. I	OUT should log the event properly with all necessary
	request.		information.
3. Modify	the parameter for requesting and fetching an unauthor	orized	
	resource from server side.		
4. Ver	rify if the DUT detects and blocks the injected request	t.	
5. Veri	ify if logs are generated with all necessary information	n.	

Test No.-60

Parameter	1.5 Protection against OWASP Top 10 -	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should detect and		
Name	<b>HTTP</b> method validation		protect against common web application attacks		
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the	capability to detect and	block the HTTP methods which are not used by the		
	web application.				
Topology	Client DUT Firewall Server				
	Pre	-Test Conditions			
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for identify	ying and protecting again	st OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.		
	11 0	e profile to IP Security po	olicy.		
	3. Co	nfigure security logging.			
	Test Procedure		Expected Results		
1. Identi	fy required HTTP request format and parameters	for 1. DUT	should detect and block all the adversarial HTTP		
communica	iting with the web application hosted on the serve	er.	methods.		
	ne HTTP request with all possible HTTP methods	s and 2. DUT	I should log the event properly with all necessary		
che	ck for responses from the web application.		information.		
3. Verify	if the DUT detects and blocks the adversarial H	TTP			
	methods.				
4. Verify	if logs are generated with all necessary informat	ion.			

Test No.-61

Parameter	1.6 Protection against OWASP R	equirement	The IP Security equipment should detect and protect		
Name	Top 10 - File inclusion attack		against common web application attacks		
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipm	ent has the capabi	lity to detect and block File inclusion attack		
Topology	Client DUT Firewall Server				
	Pre-7	est Conditions			
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for identifyi	0 1 0	0		
	11 0	profile to IP Secur	0 1 0		
	3. Con	igure security logg	ging		
	Test Procedure		Expected Results		
	y the HTTP request for File fetching functionality i	n 1. DUT	should verify the files being returned by web application.		
th	ne Web application hosted on the server.	2. DUT	should detect and block if any unauthorized file is getting		
2	Try to fetch an unauthorized file.		fetched.		
3. Veri	fy if the DUT detects and blocks the file inclusion	3. Г	OUT should log the event properly with all necessary		
	request.		information.		
4. Verify	if logs are generated with all necessary information				

Test No.-62

Parame	eter	1.7	Protection against OWASP	Requir	rement	The IP Security equipment should detect and protect against	
Nam	ie		<b>Top 10 - Command Injection</b>			common web application attacks	
Object	tive		To verify if the IP Securit	y equipmen	t has the ca	pability to detect and block SQL injection attack	
Topolo	ogy						
		Client DUT Firewall Server					
	Pre-Test Conditions					18	
		1.			-	ing against OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.	
			2. A	110		ecurity policy.	
				3. Configu	ire security	66 6	
			Test Procedure			Expected Results	
1. Id	dentify the	poi	nt of injection in the Web applicat	ion hosted	1. I	OUT should detect and block malicious command injections.	
on the server.					2.	DUT should log the events properly with all necessary	
2. Inject a command to perform an unauthorized action like information.					information.		
	fetching /etc/passwd file.						
	3. Verify if the DUT detects and blocks the injected command.						
4. V	erify if lo	gs a	re generated with all necessary in	formation.			

Test No.63

Test Case 62	Protection against OWASP Top 10 – Path	Require	ment	The IP Security equipment must detect and protect
	traversal			against common web application attacks
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equi	pment has the	capabilit	ty to detect and block Path traversal attack
Topology	Client	DUT		Firewall
	Pr	e-Test Condi	tions	
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for identi	tecting ag	gainst OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.	
	2. Apply t	he profile to I	P Security	y policy.
	3. Co	onfigure secu	ity loggii	ng.
	Test Procedure		Expected Results	
1. Identify	the point of injection in the Web application hos	sted on the	1. D	OUT must detect and block path traversal HTTP request.
	server.		2.	DUT must log the events properly with all necessary
2. Send a path traversal HTTP request for navigating to unauthorized				information.
	folder and fetching a test file.			
3. Verify if	f the DUT detects and blocks the traversal HTT	P request.		
4. Verif	y if logs are generated with all necessary inform	nation.		

Test No. 64

Test Case 63	Protection against OWASP Top 10 - Client	Requirement	The IP Security equipment must detect and	
	Side Request Forgery (CSRF)		protect against common web application attacks	
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment	has the capability to det	tect and block Client side request forgery attack	
Topology	Client			
	Client	DUT	Firewall	
	Pr	e-Test Conditions		
	1. Configure the IPSec profile for ident	ifying and protecting aga	ainst OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.	
	11 5	he profile to IP Security	1 0	
		onfigure security logging	<u> </u>	
	Test Procedure		Expected Results	
	Identify a functionality in the application runn	<u> </u>		
	needs an authenticated session. (Eg: Password	0 /	origin HTTP.	
2. Craft a U	RL which will send a HTTP request to the appl	ication when an 2.	DUT must log the event properly with all necessary	
	authenticated user clicks it.		information.	
3. From client side open the URL and it will send the HTTP request by				
including users session ID.				
4. Verify if I	OUT is able to detect this unintended cross origi	n HTTP request		
	and block it.			
5. Ve	rify if logs are generated with all necessary info	ormation.		

Test No. 65

Test C	Case 64	Protection against OWASP Top 10 –	Requirer	nent	The IP Security equipment should detect and protect against		
		Monitoring & Audit event generation			common web application attacks		
Obje	ective	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the capability to detect and block File inclusion attack					
Top	ology						
		Client DUT Firewall Server					
		Siteria	00	1	Firewall Server		
			Pre-Test	Conditions	3		
		<ol> <li>Configure the IPSec profile for i</li> </ol>	identifying a	nd protecti	ng against OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.		
		2. Ap	oply the profi	ile to IP Se	curity policy.		
		3.	Configure	e security l	ogging.		
	Test Procedure				Expected Results		
1.	Perform various injection and other web application attacks  1. DUT must monitor, detect and block the attacks.				•		
	from client.  2. DUT must log the event properly with all necessary						
2.	2. Verify if the DUT monitors, detects and blocks the attacks. information.						
3.	Verify i	if logs are generated with all necessary info	ormation.				

Test No. 66

Test Cas	se 65 1.8 Reverse Proxy	Requirement	The IP Security equipment should have reverse proxy functionality.			
Object	To verify if the IP Security equip	1 2	erse proxy and able to respond to web requests on behalf of			
		internal web	server.			
Topolo	Client	DUT	Firewall Server			
		Pre-Test Conditions				
	<ol> <li>Configure th</li> </ol>	ne server on LAN side and clie	nt on WAN side of the DUT			
	2. Co	nfigure necessary certificates i	n DUT and server.			
		<ol><li>Configure security lo</li></ol>	gging.			
	Test Procedure		Expected Results			
1.	Try to access the web application running	g on the web server 1.	DUT should be able to intercept, decrypt and re-encrypt			
	which protected in the LAN side of DUT	from client.	the packets.			
2.	Verify the HTTP request response flow from	om client to DUT and 2.	DUT should respond to web requests on behalf of web			
DUT to server.			server.			
3. Verify if DUT is able to intercept, decrypt and re-encrypt the		ot and re-encrypt the 3.	DUT should log the events properly with all necessary			
packets.			information.			
4. Verify if the DUT responds to web requests on behalf of web						
	server.					
5.	Verify if logs are generated with all nece	ssary information.				

Test No.-67

Test No. 66	External Authentication with AAA	Require	ment	The IP Security equipment should securely
	server			communicate with external authentication server
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment ha	s the capability	to authenti	cate users with external authentication server in a secured
			way.	
Topology	DUT			
	Client IPS		AAA	Server
		Pre-Test Co	nditions	
	1. F	Register the IPS	device wit	h DUT
	<ol><li>Configure &amp; integr</li></ol>	ate the FreeRa	dius AAA s	erver with the IPS device
	<ol><li>Configure the authenti</li></ol>	ication profile i	n DUT and	implement it on IPS device.
		alid user creder	ntial in Free	Radius AAA server.
	Test Procedure			Expected Results
1. Verify t	the integration between AAA server and IP	S device	1. DUT	must be able to configure an authentication policy on the
2. Run the I	Radtest command on the client by providing	g the valid		IPS device
	credential for testing functionality.			authentication request must be forwarded to FreeRadius
3. Verify if the authentication request reaches the AAA Server through				AAA server and it shall validate the user.
the IPS device.			3. Tl	he DUT must fetch and log all necessary information
4. Ensure that the FreeRadius AAA server validates the credentials and				regarding the login attempt
	sends the response.	_		
5. Verify i	f the DUT fetches and log all necessary info	ormation		
	regarding the login attempt.			

Test No.-68

Test Case 4	Manageability – Netconf with Yang Requ	irement	The IP Security equipment must support management		
			using Netconf with Yang data model		
Objective	To verify if the IP Security equipment can b	e configured and	managed using Netconf with Yang data model		
Topology					
	Client	UT	Firewall		
Pre-Test Conditions					
	1. Configure the IP Security equipment for N	letconf with nece	ssary parameters for manageability.		
	Test Procedure		Expected Results		
1. C	The state of the s	1, DU	•		
	onfigure multiple Netconf sessions with the DUT.	1. DU	Γ must support at least one session and must support		
10-07-00	Verify proper authentication of Netconf sessions.		multiple sessions.		
3.	Send a <get-config> request and verify if proper</get-config>		Netconf sessions must be properly authenticated.		
	configuration data is returned.	3. DU'	$\Gamma$ must respond with proper configuration data upon		
4. Send a <edit-config> request for modifying the configuration</edit-config>			receiving a <get-config> request.</get-config>		
parameter.		4. DUT m	nust make the configuration changes in accordance with		
5. A	gain, send a <get-config> request and verify if the</get-config>		the <edit-config> request parameters.</edit-config>		
	modifications are reflected properly.	5. Hello	element sent by the server must include session ID and		
6. V	Verify hello element sent by the server and client.		ement sent by the client must not include session ID.		

Test No. 69

Test Ca	ise No	IDS – Management & Analytic	Requirement	The IP Security equipment must support firewall management			
68	3	equipment		and analysis of detected alerts			
Objec	ctive	To verify if the IP Security equipment has the functionality to configure and manage policies on firewall and also can analyze					
		the al	erts generated b	y the firewall equipment.			
Topol	logy	DUT  Client Firewall Server					
		n	re-Test Conditi	000			
1 (	Configur						
1. Configure the IP Security equipment and firewall to establish a communication channel for configuring policies and receiving alerts fanalyzing.							
		Test Procedure		Expected Results			
1.	Verify t	he communication channel between DUT and	1. The	1. The communication channel between DUT and firewall must be a			
	firewall.			secured channel.			
2.	2. Configure policies from DUT, push it to the firewall and verify if policies are properly configured.			2. DUT must be successfully able to configure and push policies to the firewall.			
3.	3. Verify if firewall sends the detected alerts to DUT.			3. DUT must securely receive alerts from the firewall.			
4.	Verify	whether logs are properly generated and stored in DUT.	1	4. DUT must properly log all the alerts and events.			

Test No - 70

Parameter	FC Zone Server	Requirement	Create a Zoneset / Zone on a switch	
Objective		To verify the creation of a Zones	et and Zone on an switch	
Topology				
	HOST A	DUT	Target Device A	
Tools				
		Pre-Test Condition		

#### Pre-Test Condition

HOST A and Target A are the Devices/VM's broughtup having HBA adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device

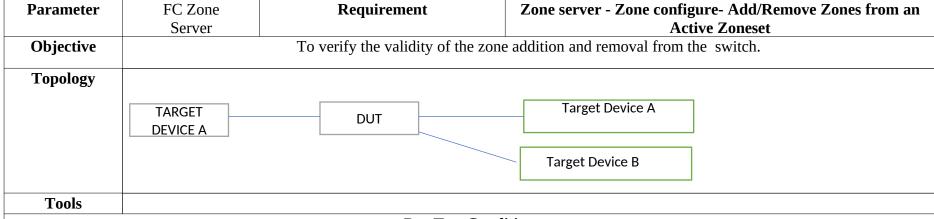
Install HBA utilities on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)

- 1. Ensure that the SAN switch is properly configured and operational.
- 2. Verify that the Fibre Channel devices (Hosts, storage, etc.) connected to the switch support IPv4 over FC.
- 3. Configure the necessary zoning on the SAN switch to allow communication between the IPv4-enabled devices.

Test Procedure	Expected Results
On FC capable SAN switch (DUT) perform the following:	1. The zoneset name can be created.
<ol> <li>Create a zoneset named "test-zoneset-1" on DUT;         <ol> <li>Create a zone named "xyz-1"</li> <li>Identify the WWN of a Host A and add it as a member of zone "xyz-1"</li> </ol> </li> <li>Identify the WWN of a Target device A and add it as a member of zone "xyz-1"</li> <li>Add zone "xyz" to zoneset "test-zoneset-1"</li> <li>Activate zoneset "test-zoneset-1"</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The zone name can be created.</li> <li>The Host and Target WWN's are reported</li> <li>The addition of the Host and Target WWN's to the zone causes no errors.</li> <li>The zone can be moved to the zoneset with any errors being reported.</li> <li>The activation of the zoneset reports no errors.</li> <li>The Host OS now reports the attached Target.</li> <li>The Target now reports the attached Host; if supported by Target.</li> <li>Verify host sees all paths to LUNs</li> </ol>

10. Check for End Device Fabric RSCN for any one HBA.

Test No.-71



### **Pre-Test Condition**

HOST A and Target A are the Devices/VM's broughtup having HBA adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device

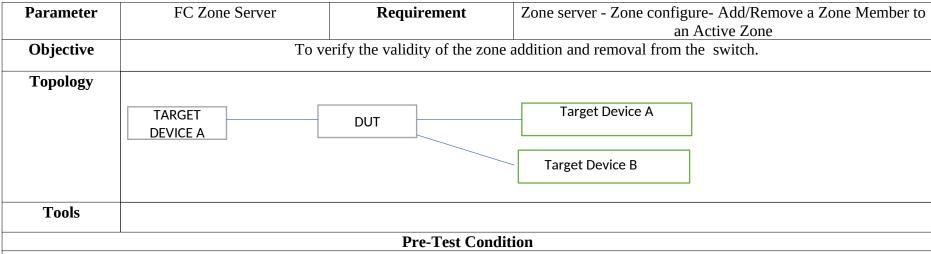
Install HBA utilities on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)

- 1. Ensure that the SAN switch is properly configured and operational.
- 2. Verify that the Fibre Channel devices (Hosts, storage, etc.) connected to the switch support IPv4 over FC.
- 3. Configure the necessary zoning on the SAN switch to allow communication between the IPv4-enabled devices.

Test Procedure	Expected Results		
On FC capable SAN switch (DUT) perform the following:	1. The zone can be opened for editing.		
<ol> <li>On DUT, Add one new zone with Target device B into a currently active zoneset.</li> <li>Reactivate the zoneset.</li> <li>Remove (delete) one zone from the currently active</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The addition of a new zone works without any errors.</li> <li>The reactivation of the zoneset does not generate any errors.</li> <li>Target/LUN visible to host (all paths)</li> <li>The removal of a zone works without any errors being reported.</li> <li>The reactivation of the zoneset does not generate any errors.</li> </ol>		

zoneset.	7. Target/LUN not visible to host (all paths)
4. Reactivate the zoneset.	8. Check for End Device Fabric RSCN for any one HBA

Test No.-72



HOST A and Target A are the Devices/VM's broughtup having HBA adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device

Install HBA utilities on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)

- 1. Ensure that the SAN switch is properly configured and operational.
- 2. Verify that the Fibre Channel devices (Hosts, storage, etc.) connected to the switch support IPv4 over FC.
- 3. Configure the necessary zoning on the SAN switch to allow communication between the IPv4-enabled devices.

### **Test Procedure**

From the SAN Switch (DUT), perform the following:

- Open the zoneset "test-zoneset-1" and edit zone "xyz-1".
   (Zone should have two or more than two targets and luns should be presented through all ports)
- 2. Identify the WWN of one of the targets and remove it from this zone.
  - 3. Reactivate the zoneset.
- 4. Open the zoneset "test-zoneset-1" and edit zone "xyz-1"
- 5. Identify the WWN of one of the targets and remove it from this zone.
  - 6. Reactivate the zoneset.
- 7. Open the zoneset "test-zoneset-1" and edit zone "xyz-1.
- 8. Identify the WWN of one of the targets that was previously removed and re-add it back to the zone.
  - **9.** Reactivate the zoneset.

## **Expected Results**

- 1. The zone can be opened for editing.
- 2. The removal of the first zone member works without any errors
  - 3. The first reactivation of the zoneset does not generate any errors.
    - 4. All RSCN generated properly
    - 5. The Host no longer reports the target.
- 6. The Second reactivation of the zoneset does not generate any errors.
  - 7. All RSCN generated properly
  - 8. The Host no longer reports the target.
- 9. The third reactivation of the zoneset does not generate any errors.
  - 10. All RSCN generated properly
  - 11. The Host reports the target.
  - 12. Check for End Device Fabric RSCN for any one HBA.

Test No-73

Parameter	FC Zone	Requirement	Zone server - Zone Configure- Zoneset Deactivation and				
	Server		Reactivation				
Objective	To verify that the zoneset can be Deactivation and Reactivation from the switch						
Topology							
	TARGET DEVICE A	DUT	Target Device A				
Tools							
		Pre-Test Conditio	n				
HOST	A and Target A are the Devices	/VM's broughtup having HBA	adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device				
	Install HBA uti	lities on Server(HOST) and St	orage device(Target Device)				
	1. Ensure t	hat the SAN switch is properly	y configured and operational.				
	2. Verify that the Fibre Chann	el devices (Hosts, storage, etc	.) connected to the switch support IPv4 over FC.				
3	. Configure the necessary zonin	g on the SAN switch to allow	communication between the IPv4-enabled devices.				
	Test Procedure Expected Results						
On FC capal	On FC capable SAN switch (DUT) perform the		errors are reported when the zoneset is deactivated.				
	following:	2	. The Host does not report any target devices				
2. Deac	the switch, perform the following tivate the zoneset "test-zoneset-2 tivate the zoneset "test-zoneset-2	ng: 2"	o errors are reported when the zoneset is reactivated 4. The Host reports the target device. 5. Verify host sees all paths to LUN eck for End Device Fabric RSCN for any one HBA.				

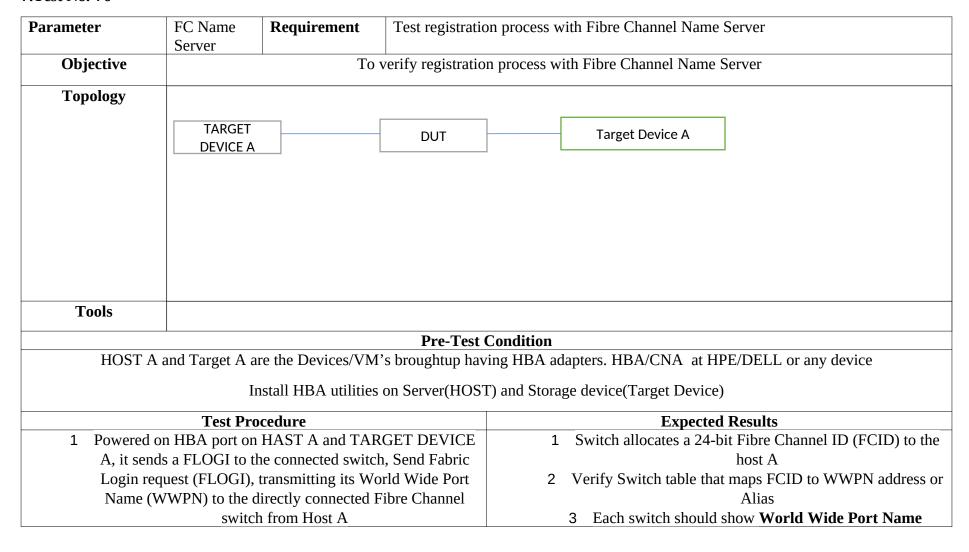
	Parameter	FC Zone Server	Requireme n t	Zo	ne server – Verify	y traffic from Host to Target
	Objective	To ve	erify that the zo	neset can b	e Deactivation and	d Reactivation from the switch
5. Test No74	Topology					
		HOST	Α		DUT	Target Device A
						Target Device B
	Tools					
				Pre-Test	Condition	
	HOST A and T	arget A are	the Devices/V			ndapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL
					device	
		ı ilin	A .:1:.: C	J		. (T D )
		Install HB	A utilities on S	erver(HOS	i) and Storage dev	vice(Target Device)
		Test Pro				Expected Results
			OUT with the be			Verify zone info after step 3
			: Name of the z			At step 5 ping should pass
	-		>: WWN (Wor			At step 7 ping should pass
		•	tiator device H		4.	At step 9 ping should fail
	<pre><pwwn_target< pre=""></pwwn_target<></pre>		the target devi	ce Target		
		Devic				
	_		e a zone set			
		<del>-</del>	: Name of the z			
	<zone_< th=""><th></th><th>ne of the zone</th><th>created in</th><th></th><th></th></zone_<>		ne of the zone	created in		
		-	evious step. ate Zoneset			
	4 Vorif		ate Zoneset ity between Ho	oct A to		
		-	e A via SAN Sv			
		_	- sudo fcping -			
			get Device A_V			
		-	•			
	h	Add Targer	Device B to Ac	ш		
Annexure to ERs		_	Device B to Zo - sudo fcping -			
Annexure to ERs	7. Ping fr	om Host A	Device B to Zo - sudo fcping - get Device B_V	t 1 -c 3 -s		

8. Remove Target Device B from zone

## 6. Test no-75

Par	rameter	FC Logins	Requirement	Test Fibre Channel Logins and its functionality				
Ol	ojective	To verify Fibre Channel Logins and its functionality						
To	ppology	TARGET DEVICE A	][	DUT		Target Device A		
r	Tools							
				Pre-Test (	Conditio	ion		
	HOST A	and Target A are	the Devices/VM's	s broughtup hav	ing HB	A adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device		
		Ins	tall HBA utilities o	on Server(HOST	(and S	Storage device(Target Device)		
		Test Proc	edure			Expected Results		
	-	<u> </u>	ds a FLOGI to the		1. Switch allocates a 24-bit Fibre Channel ID (FCID) to the host			
		_	quest (FLOGI), tra	· ·	A and Target Device A			
	World Wide Port Name (WWPN) to the directly connected		y connected	2. Verify Switch table that maps FCID to WWPN address or				
		el switch from H		_	Alias			
2.	2. Port Login (PLOGI) process and registration with name			th name	3.	Verify name server data base after plogi registration success		
_	server				4.	Verify storage authorisation		
3.	3. Query Name server for the list of devices Node port can contact with in a fabric			port can	5.	Verify Name server data base		
4.	4. Host initiates a PLRI Process Login request to target storage			arget storage				
5.	Storage syste	em authorizes the	host's access					

#### 7.Test No.-76



- 2 Port Login (PLOGI) process and registration with name server.
- 3 **Fibre Channel Name Service (FCNS)** should exchange of Fabric Login (FLOGI) database information among Fibre Channel switches. .

### (WWPN), its corresponding Fibre Channel ID (FCID)

- 4 Port Login (PLOGI) process and registration with name server success
  - 5 Verify fcns database

#### 8. Test No.-77

Parameter	FC RSCN   Requirement   Verify name server db based on RSCN (Registered State Change Notification)							
Objective	To Verify name server db based on RSCN (Registered State Change Notification)							
Topology	TARGET DEVICE A	DUT Target Device A						
Tools								
		Pre-Test Condition						
HOST A	HOST A and Target A are the Devices/VM's broughtup having HBA adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device							
	Install HBA utilities on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)							

	Parameter	FC	Requireme	FC Management				
		Manageme	n					
		nt	t to Nation			1		
	Objective	ve To Verify MIBs response to e			nsure that	they return a	ccurate and relevant data	
	Topology Test Procedure						Expected Results	
1. Pow	ered on HBA por	t, it sends a Fl	[OGI to the co	nnected	1	Critich alle	cates a 24-bit Fibre Channel ID	(FCID) to the
swit	switch, Send Fabric Login request (I HOST A itting					DUT	HOST A and Target Device A	<b>\</b>
it	its World Wide Port Name (WWPN) to the directly					Verify Swi	ch table that maps FCID to WW	PN address or
	conf <b>Eatels</b> Fibre Channel switch from Host A						Alias	
2. Por							server data base after plogi regi	
		_					edd idealen as an Asan Ae Ababan	
4 5	3. Host initiat						ng Hist A RSCN message receiv	
4. Ren	nove Host A and	Install HBA i	IN messages re utilities on Serv	eceived ver(HOST	Γ) and Sto	rage device(	emoved from Name server Data Farget Device)	base
	Test Procedure					Exp	ected Results	
	1. SNMP is enabled on DUT and configure			figure	1.	Verify MIB	s response to ensure that they	
	Configure DUT					return a	ccurate and relevant data	
	switcl	, ,,	np-server comm	nunity				,
		-	lic ro					
			snmp-server h					
			version 2c publ					
		` 0,	ıp-server enabl	- 1				
	SWI	` 0/	nmp-server sys	tem-				
			down					
	1	2. Do snmp	inno waik BasicGroup Gr	oup				
	2.		BasicGroup Gro	-				
	3		sicGroup Grou	.				
			atsGroup Grou	-				
			23StatsGroup C	•				
	6.		StatsGroup Gro	-				
		FStatsGroup G	-					
0 FE ( N FO		8. fcmPortErrorsGroup Group						
9. Test No78	9.	9. fcmSwitchPortGroup Group						
	10.	fcmSwitchL	oginGroup Gro	oup				
			asicGroup Gro					
Annexure to ERs	- 2.28/ <b>A</b> pri <b>MAD</b>		-	curate 39	8			
		and rele	vant data					
	snmpwal	k -v2c -c <con< th=""><th>nmunity string</th><th>&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></con<>	nmunity string	>				

10. Test No.79

N0.79							
Parameter	FC Frame	Requirem	ıe		FC encapsulation		
44 55 . N	Encapsulation	)	n				
11. Test No	n		t				
Obj <b>ec</b> tive			To V	erify FC enca	psulation		
Paranister	FC	Requireme		FC	Packet Forwarding	g	
F 85	Packet	n			1 1		
	Forwande A	t		DUT		Target Device A	
	ng				<u> </u>		
О <b>фје</b> 6‡вуе	To veriy that FC frames are correctly forwarded between Host server and storage device						
	Pre-Testa Coldition Switch)						
HOST A and T	arget A are the	e Devices/VM	I's broug	htup having HI	BA adapters. HBA/	CNA at HPE/DELL	
or any device							
Topology	ology						
1 00	Install HBA utilities on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)						
	HOST A t the SAN switc DUT igured and operati Target Device A						
2. Verify that the riore channel devices (Hosts, storage, etc.) connected to the switch support IPv4							
Tools over FC.							
3. Confi	igure the neces	ssarv zoning o	on the SA		ow communication	between the IPv4-	
	0			Genditions.			
HOST A and T	arget A are the	e Devices/VM			BA adapters. HBA/	CNA at HPE/DELL	
	Test Procee		or an	device	Expected Res		
	1. Configu		(110)	$\downarrow$ 1. V	erify the zoning co	nfiguration to ensure	
		O		1) and Storage	ger 19811941	vdestination devices	
confi	gured with IP v	/4 addresses a <b>dure</b>	nd are		Expected Res	same zone <b>ults</b>	
1. Verif	y connectivity	between Hos	st A to	1. Verify the zoning configuration to ensure			
	rget Device A			that the source and destination devices are in			
	do fcping -t 1			the same zone			
		A_WWN>		2. Ping should success and no packet loss seen			
3. Initiate	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	Device A	3. File download should be success in			
3. Initiate FTP transfer from Target Device A to Host A.				bidirectional.			
4. Monitor traffic on the SAN Switch to				4. The switch forwards the frame to the			
ensure FTP packets are forwarded correctly.							
	s bidirectional		-		WW-		
				5. Fran		promptly and without	
Use a Fibre Ch	annel analyzei	r or monitorin	g tool to	J. Tiuli	loss or cor	1 0	
capture the l	FC frame as it	traverses the	fabric		1005 01 001	Taption	

Annexure to ERs

### 12. test No.-81

Parameter	SNMP V3	Requirement	Manageability SNMPV3					
Objective	To verify SNMPV3 Manageability							
Topology								
		HOST A		DUT				
Tools								
			Pre-Test	Condition	1			
HOST A	and Target A are	e the Devices/VM's	broughtup hav	ing HBA	adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device			
	Ins	stall HBA utilities o	n Server(HOS	Γ) and Sto	orage device(Target Device)			
	Test Proc	cedure		Expected Results				
1. Configure	the agent on DU	$\Gamma$ and SNMP manag	ger on SNMP	1.	Use correct authentication credentials to access the agent.			
Test Too		3 with security leve	l setting to	2.	Attach traces for successful encrypted authentication with			
	_	ıthPriv.			correct credentials			
		and Privacy (encryp						
		o monitor and mana		4. Attach traces for failed authentication with incorrect				
4. The agent a	•	ds notifications to re	eport events to		credentials			
		e NMS.						
		rform authenticatio	_					
	establish an SNMP session. The authentication algorithm is							
SHA and the authentication key is xxxxxx.								
6. The NMS and the agent also encrypt the SNMP packets								
between them by using the DES algorithm and encryption key								
	<b>y</b> .	ууууу						

### 13. Test No.-82

Parameter	FC Static <b>Requirement</b> Routing	Static Routing						
Objective	To veriy that FC frames are correctly forwarded between Host server and storage device via DUT(SAN Switch)							
Topology	HOST A SAN SWIT	TCH DUT(SAN SWITCH) Target Device A						
Tools	Tools							
	Pre-Test Condition							
HOST A	and Target A are the Devices/VM'	's broughtup having HBA adapters. HBA/CNA at HPE/DELL or any device						
	Install HBA utilities	on Server(HOST) and Storage device(Target Device)						
	Test Procedure	Expected Results						
1. Ensure	that the FC interfaces on all devices	s are properly 1. Verify the zoning configuration to ensure that the source and						
	connected and configured.	destination devices are in the same zone						
	Fibre Channel IDs (FCIDs) of the S							
	outer and update the configurations a							
	3. Add the static routes on all devi							
4. S	end traffic from Target Device A to							
7	# Enable Fibre Channel routing	4. Frames are forwarded promptly and without loss or corruption						

switch(config)# fcrouting enable

# Create static route

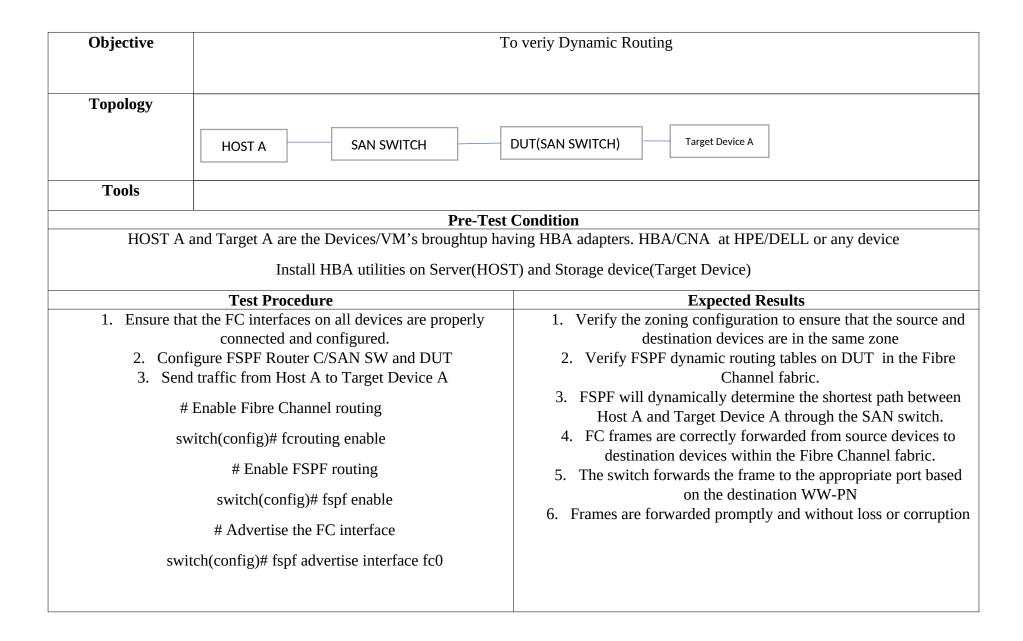
switch(config)# fcroute domain <domain\_ID> ip
<destination\_IP> 0x<hop\_count> fc <FCID\_of\_next\_hop>

# Example:

# fcroute domain 10 ip 192.168.1.2 0x1 fc 0x5006048cffffb588

### 14. Test No-83

Parameter	FC	Requirement	Dynamic Routing
	Dynamic		
	Routing		



### 15. Test No-84

Parameter	FC Security Requirement Protocol	Security Protocols						
Objective		effectiveness of Fibre-Channel Security Protocols (FC-SP) and DHCHAP authentication						
		on a SAN switch.						
Topology								
	HOST A ROUTER C/SAN SW DUT Target Device A SWITC1							
Tools	Tools							
	Pre-Test Condition							
	SAN swi	tch is properly configured and operational.						
	FC-SP is	enabled and configured on the SAN switch.						
	Fibre Channel devices (Hosts, st	orage, etc.) support FC-SP and are connected to the SAN switch.						
	Zoning is configure	ed to allow communication between the test devices.						
	Test Procedure	Expected Results						
Mutu	al Authentication Test(DHCHAP							
	Test Procedure:	1. SAN switch performs mutual authentication with Host A using FC-SP.						
1. Initiate a	Fibre Channel login (PLOGI) from SAN switch	Host A to the  2. Verify in the SAN switch logs that Host A and the switch mutually authenticate each other successfully.						
	2. Configure the Host and DUT	1. SAN switch performs integrity checking on the received frames						

### 2.Integrity Check Test:

#### **Test Procedure:**

1. Send Fibre Channel frames with known data from Host A to Target Device A through the SAN switch.

### **3.Confidentiality Test:**

#### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. Configure ikev2 between SAN switch/Router C and DUT
- 2. Send encrypted Fibre Channel frames from Host A to Target Device A through the SAN switch.

### using FC-SP.

- 2. Capture the frames using a protocol analyzer and verify that the integrity of the frames is maintained (CRC Validated)
  - 1. Ikev2 should up both sides
- 2. Verify that IKEv2 has established Security Associations (SAs) between the Router and the SAN switch FC
  - 3. SAN switch encrypts the frames using FC-SP to ensure confidentiality.
  - 4. Capture the frames using an analyzer and verify that the contents are encrypted and cannot be read without decryption.

# **Appendix-III**

### Test Setup and Test Procedures

The Appendix consist Lists of parameters to be tested under Protocol test of ER on PON

A. Test Setup:

**Equipment List:** 

**Active Components:** 

OLT Emulator or equivalent: The OLT Emulator is a piece of equipment, which must be included in the ODN during conformance or interoperability testing to capture and analyze the Standard managed Entities (ME) present on that network. The GPON Analyzer will not alter, correct, or otherwise disturb any of the traffic present on the ODN.

Optical Distribution Network: The optical distribution network (ODN) is required to create the real time FTTH network to ensure each optical receiver is operating in roughly the mid-point of its dynamic range; ensuring the receiver is not operating is a stressed mode, which could cause bit errors.

Ethernet Traffic Generator: A traffic generator creates traffic, or packets, that machines on a network consume. A network traffic generator is built to resemble an actual machine on the network from the perspective of the target machines. These hardware or software tools provide visibility into the impact of traffic on network resources

-OLT: Optical Line Terminal

-PON SFP(C++): Passive Optical Network Interface

-ONT: Optical Network Terminal

- OLT Emulator or equivalent

-Traffic Generator

- PPPOE /IPOE Server

- LCT/ Console

- NMS /EMS

Server

(Optional)

**Optical Power** 

meter

### Passive Components:

-1\*N Splitter

-Patch Cord

-Rack

-Fiber Distribution Box

### B. Interoperability Test Setup:

When an ONU/ONT and OLT pair is being tested for interoperability, below figure-1 defines the basic test setup for interoperability testing.

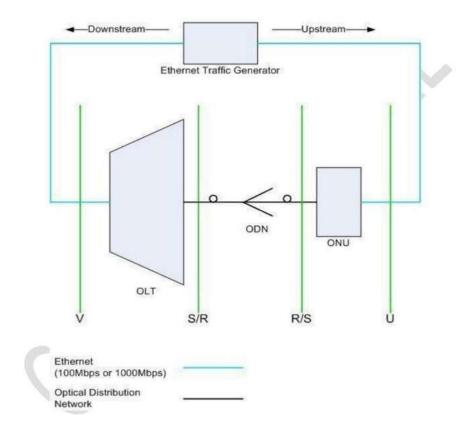


Figure.B.1: Basic setup for interoperability testing

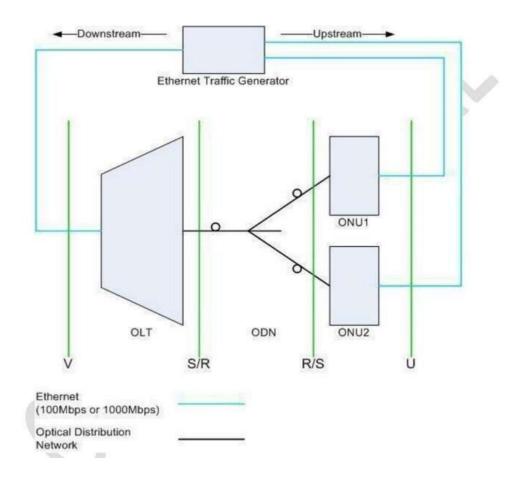


Figure. B.2: Setup for interoperability tests requiring multiple ONUs/ONTs

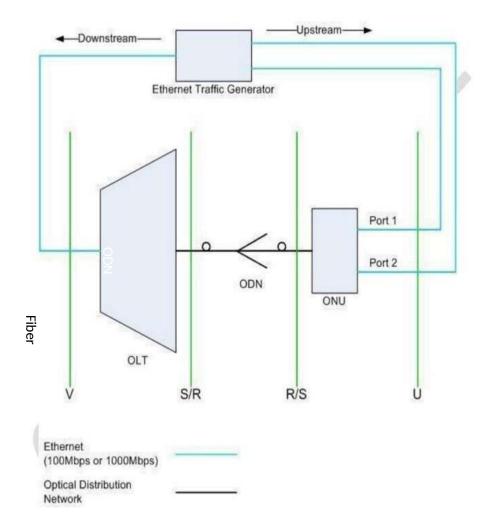
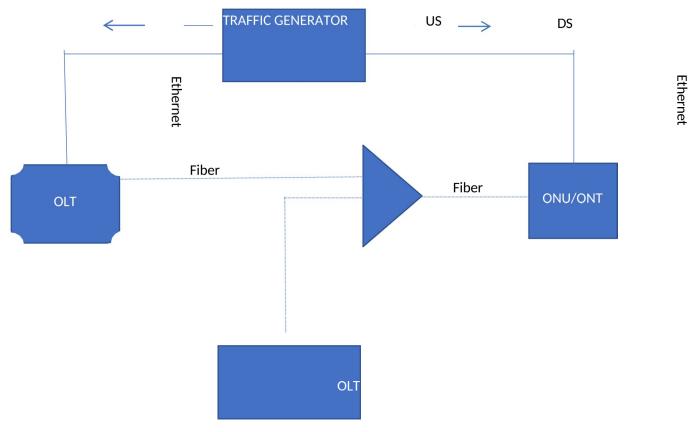


Figure. B.3: Setup for interoperability tests with ONU/ONT supporting multiple U interfaces



ODN: Optical Distribution Network

Figure.B.4: OLT Emulator Test Setup for interoperability tests with OLT and ONU/ONT

#### **List-1(GPON-Protocol test)**

Table .1

Sl No	Parameter	Details mentioned under Clauses
1	Security	1.0
2	Network degradation check	2.0
3	Activation method	3.0

### 1.0 Security

This clause discusses the data security issues in PON. It discusses the threat model that the security is intended to counter. It then discusses the basic key exchange and activation method. The basic concern in PON is that the downstream data is broadcasted to all ONUs attached to the PON. If a malicious user were to re-programme his ONU, then the malicious user could listen to all the downstream data of all the users. It is this 'eavesdropping threat' that the PON security system is intended to counter.

### **Specification**

The following conformance parameters are described in this clause:

Sl No	Parameter	Reference	Value/Comment	Remark
		in G.984.3		
1	Encryption system	12.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 12.2	Tested by protocol analyser or simulated on CLI of ONU
2	Data encryption key exchange	12.3	Meet the requirement of Cl 12.3	
3	Data encryption key switch-	12.4	Meet the requirement of Cl 12.4	
	over			

### 2.0 Network degradation check

Following parameters encompasses mechanisms to check that any telecom equipment does not degrade performance of existing network to which it is connected..

#### 2.1 Items detected at OLT

Sl No	Type	Description	Reference in G.984.3	Value/Comment	Remark
1.	LOSi	Loss of signal for ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	Tested by protocol analyser or Simulated by removing fibre from ONU or turning off ONU
2.	LOS	Loss of signal	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
3.	LOFi	Loss of frame of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
4.	DGi	Receive dying-gasp of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
5.	LOAMi	Loss of PLOAM for ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
6.	SDi	Signal degraded of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	Tested by protocol analyser Or
7.	SFi	Signal fail of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
8.	DOWi	Drift of window of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
9.	LCDGi	Loss of GEM channel delineation	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	parameter.
10.	RDIi	Remote defect indication of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
11.	TF	Transmitter failure	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
12.	SUFi	Start-up failure of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	
13.	DFi	Deactivate failure of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1	

14.	LOAi	Loss of acknowledge with ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1
15.	MEMi	Message_Error message from ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1
16.	PEEi	Physical equipment error of ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1
17.	TIWi	Transmission interference warning	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1
18.	LOKi	Loss of key synch with ONUi	11.1.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.1

### 2.2 Items detected at ONU

Sl No	Type	Description	Reference	Value/Comment	Remark
			in G.984.3		
1.	LOS	Loss of signal	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Tested by protocol analyser or Simulated by removing fibre from ONU or turning off ONU
2.	LOF	Loss of frame	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Tested by protocol analyser or Simulated by removing fibre from ONU or turning off ONU
3.	DACT	Deactivate ONU-ID	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Tested by protocol analyser or simulated by command
4.	DIS	Disabled ONU	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Tested by protocol analyser or simulated by command
5.	SF	Signal failed	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
6.	SD	Signal degraded	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	Undertaking/Self declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
7.	LCDG	Loss of GEM channel delineation	11.1.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 11.1.2	vendor may be accepted against this parameter.
8.	TF	Transmitter failure	11.1.2	Meet the requirement	

				of Cl 11.1.2
9.	SUF	Start-up failure	11.1.2	Meet the requirement
				of Cl 11.1.2
10.	MEM	Message error message	11.1.2	Meet the requirement
				of Cl 11.1.2
11.	MIS	Link mismatching	11.1.2	Meet the requirement
				of Cl 11.1.2
12.	PEE	Physical equipment error	11.1.2	Meet the requirement
				of Cl 11.1.2
13.	RDI	Remote defect indication in	11.1.2	Meet the requirement
		ONU		of Cl 11.1.2

#### 3.0 Activation method

The term "activation process" refers to the set of distributed procedures allowing an inactive ONU to join or resume operations on the PON.

The activation process includes three phases: parameter learning, serial number acquisition and ranging.

The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

Sl No	Parameters	Reference in	Value/Comment	Remarks
		G.984.3		
	ONU activation states, timers and	10.2.1	Meet the requirement of Cl	Tested by protocol analyser or Console
	counters		10.2.1	
	ONU state specification	10.2.2	Meet the requirement of Cl	
			10.2.2	
	ONU state diagram	10.2.3	Meet the requirement of Cl	Tested by protocol analyser
			10.2.3	Or
	ONU functional transitions	10.2.4	Meet the requirement of Cl	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with
			10.2.4	corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
				vendor may be accepted against this parameter till
				accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
				parameter.

Sl No	Parameters	Reference in G.984.3	Value/Comment	Remarks
	ONU events	10.2.5	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.2.5	Tested by protocol analyser or Console
	OLT common part	10.3.1	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.1	
	ONU-specific part	10.3.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.2	
	Quiet window creation	10.3.3	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.3	Tested by protocol analyser Or
	Activation process failure detection	10.3.4	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
	Phase monitoring and updating equalization delay	10.3.5	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.5	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
	Fibre distance measurement	10.3.6	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.3.6	Tested by protocol analyser or Console
	Timing relationships during serial number acquisition	10.4.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.4.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
	Size of the quiet window during serial number acquisition	10.4.2.2	Meet the requirement of Cl 10.4.2.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.

### **List-2(XGPON-Protocol test)**

Sl No	Parameter	Clause in standard
1	ONU Activation	1.0
2	Security	2.0
3	Network degradation check	3.0

### 1.0 ONU activation

The term "activation process" refers to the set of distributed procedures allowing an inactive ONU to join or resume operations on the PON. The activation process includes three phases: synchronization, serial number acquisition, and ranging. The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.987.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Power up	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
2.	Downstream synchronization attained(LODS cleared)	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12,2,4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
3.	Loss of downstream synchronization(LODS)	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12,2.4	
4.	Receive broadcast Profile PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or
5.	Receive unicast Profile PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
6.	Receive broadcast Serial Number grant	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
7.	Receive Assign ONU ID PLOAM (SN match)	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
8.	Receive directed Ranging time	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of	

	PLOAM		12.2.4	
9.	Receive Ranging grant	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or
10.	Receive broadcast Ranging time PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
11.	TO1 expired	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
12.	Receive directed Deactivate ONU ID PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	parameter.
13.	Receive broadcast Deactivate ONU ID PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	
14.	Receive Disable PLOAM – Disable specific SN option (SN match)	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
15.	Receive Disable PLOAM – Enable specific SN option(SN match)	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	
16.	TO2 expired	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	
17.	Receive bandwidth grant with data allocation	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	
18.	Receive Disable PLOAM  – Disable All option	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or
19.	Receive Disable PLOAM  – Enable All option	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
20.	Receive directed PLOAM grant	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
21.	Receive Request_ Registration PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	parameter.
22.	Receive Assign Alloc ID PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
23.	Receive Key Control PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	
24.	Receive Sleep Allow PLOAM	12.2.4	Meet the requirement of 12.2.4	

#### 1.1 OLT and ONU timing relationships

The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

SI N o	Parameter	Reference in G.987.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Timing of ONU upstream transmissions	13.1.1	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser Or
2.	Timing relationships and quiet window during serial number acquisition	13.1.2	13.1.1  Meet the requirement of 13.1.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
3.	Timing relationships and quiet window during ranging	13.1.3	Meet the requirement of 13.1.3	

### 2.0 Security

This clause discusses threat models characteristic for the XG-PON operating environment, and specifies authentication, data integrity, and privacy protection aspects of the system.

XG-PON security is intended to protect against the following threats:

- a) Since downstream data is broadcast to all ONUs attached to the XG-PON OLT, a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU would be capable of receiving all downstream data intended for all connected users.
- b) Since upstream data received by the optical line terminal (OLT) can originate from any ONU attached to the XG-PON optical distribution network (ODN), a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU could forge packets so as to impersonate a different ONU (i.e., theft of service).
- An attacker could connect a malicious device at various points on the infrastructure (e.g., by tampering with street cabinets, spare ports, or fibre cables). Such a device could intercept and/or generate traffic. Depending on the location of such a device, it could impersonate an OLT or alternatively it could impersonate an ONU.
- d) A malicious user in any of the above scenarios could record packets transmitted on the passive optical network (PON) and replay them back onto the PON later, or conduct bit-flipping attacks.

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.987.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Threat model for XG-PON	15.1	Meet the	Tested by protocol analyser
			requirement of	Or
			15.1	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration
2.	XGEM payload encryption	15.4	Meet the	with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
	system		requirement of	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped
			15.4	to test this parameter.
3.	Integrity protection and data	15.6	Meet the	
	origin verification for PLOAM		requirement of	
			15.6	
4.	Authentication	15.2	Meet the	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console or ONT log.
			requirement of	
			15.2	
5.	Key derivation	15.3	Meet the	
			requirement of	
			15.3	
6.	Data encryption key exchange	15.5	Meet the	
	and activation mechanism		requirement of	
			15.5	
7.	Integrity protection and data	15.7	Meet the	
	origin verification for OMCI		requirement of	
			15.7	
8.	Integrity and data origin	15.8	Meet the	Tested by protocol analyser
	verification key switching		requirement of	Or
	_		15.8	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration
9.	XG-PON systems with reduced	15.9	Meet the	with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
	data encryption strength		requirement of	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped
			15.9	to test this parameter.

**3.0** Network degradation check:

Following parameters encompasses mechanisms to check that any telecom equipment does not degrade performance of existing network to which it is connected.

### 3.1 Items detected at OLT:

The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.987.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Loss of burst for ONU i	14.2.1	Meet the	Tested by protocol analyser or LCT.
2.	Loss of signal	14.2.1	requirement of	
3.	Transmission interference	14.2.1	14.2.1	Tested by protocol analyser
	warning for ONU i			Or
4.	Start-up failure of ONU <i>i</i>	14.2.1		Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration
5.	Disable failure of ONU i.	14.2.1		with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
6.	Loss of PLOAM channel with	14.2.1		against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped
	ONU i			to test this parameter.
7.	Loss of OMCI channel with	14.2.1		
	ONU i			

### 3.2 Items detected at ONU

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.987.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1	Loss of downstream synchro-	14.2.2		Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
	nization.			

List-3(XGS-PON-Protocol test)

Sl No	Parameter	Clause in standard
1	ONU Activation	1.0
2	Security	2.0
3	Network degradation check	3.0

#### 1.0 ONU activation

The term "activation process" refers to the set of distributed procedures allowing an inactive ONU to join or resume operations on the PON. The activation process includes three phases: synchronization, serial number acquisition, and ranging. The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.9807.1	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Power up	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or
2.	Downstream synchronization attained DSYNC	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
3.	Loss of downstream synchronization LODS	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
4.	Initial Profile Acquired	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
5.	Timer TO2 expires	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
6.	ONU-ID assignment	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
7.	EqD assignment	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
8.	Enable SN request	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
9.	Assign_Alloc-ID	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	

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10.	Key_Control	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of Table C.12.4	
11.	Timer TO1 expires	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
			Table C.12.4	Or
12.	SN grant	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with
			Table C.12.4	corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor
13.	Directed PLOAM grant	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	may be accepted against this parameter till
			Table C.12.4	accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
14.	Data grant	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	parameter.
			Table C.12.4	
15.	Directed deactivate	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
16.	ONU-ID request	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
17.	Broadcast deactivate	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
18.	Burst_Profile	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
19.	Ranging_Time (relative adjustment)	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
20.	Request_Registration	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	
21.	Sleep_Allow	Table C.12.4	Meet the requirement of	
			Table C.12.4	

#### 1.1 OLT and ONU timing relationships

The following conformance parameters are described in this clause

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.9807.1	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Timing of ONU upstream	C.13.1.1	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
	transmissions		C.13.1.1	Or
2.	Timing relationships and quiet	C.13.1.2	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with
	window during serial number		C.13.1.2	corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor
	acquisition			may be accepted against this parameter till
3.	Timing relationships and quiet	C.13.1.3	Meet the requirement of	accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
	window during ranging		C.13.1.3	parameter.

#### 2.0 Security

This clause discusses threat models characteristic for the XGS-PON operating environment, and specifies authentication, data integrity, and privacy protection aspects of the system.

XGS-PON security is intended to protect against the following threats:

- Since downstream data is broadcast to all ONUs attached to the OLT, a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU would be capable of receiving all downstream data intended for all connected users.
- Since upstream data received by the OLT can originate from any ONU attached to the XGS-PON optical distribution network (ODN), a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU could forge packets so as to impersonate a different ONU (i.e., theft of service).
- An attacker could connect a malicious device at various points on the infrastructure (e.g., by tampering with street cabinets, spare ports or fibre cables). Such a device could intercept and/or generate traffic. Depending on the location of such a device, it could impersonate an OLT or alternatively it could impersonate an ONU.
- A malicious user in any of the above scenarios could record packets transmitted on the PON and replay them back onto the PON later, or conduct bit-flipping attacks.

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.9807.1	Value/ Reference	Remark
1.	Threat model	C.15.1	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
			C.15.1	Or
2.	XGEM payload encryption system	C.15.4	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with
			C.15.4	corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may
3.	Integrity protection and data origin	C.15.6	Meet the requirement of	be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated
	verification for PLOAM		C.15.6	Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
4.	Integrity and data origin	C.15.8	Meet the requirement of	
	verification key switching		C.15.8	
5.	XGS-PON systems with reduced	C.15.9	Meet the requirement of	
	data encryption strength		C.15.9	
6.	Authentication	C.15.2	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console or ONT
			C.15.2	console or ONT log.
7.	Key derivation	C.15.3	Meet the requirement of	
			C.15.3	
8.	Data encryption key exchange and	C.15.5	Meet the requirement of	
	activation mechanism		C.15.5	
9.	Integrity protection and data origin	C.15.7	Meet the requirement of	
	verification for OMCI		C.15.7	

### **3.0** Network degradation check

Following parameters encompasses mechanisms to check that any telecom equipment does not degrade performance of existing network to which it is connected.

### 3.1 Items detected at OLT:

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Sl No	Parameter			Remark
		Reference in G.9807.1	Value/ Reference	
1.	Loss of burst for ONUi	C.14.2	Meet the requirement of C.14.2	Tested by protocol analyser or LCT
2.	Loss of signal	C.14.2		
3.	Transmission interference warning for ONU i	C.14.2		Tested by protocol analyser Or Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
4.	Start-up failure of ONUi.	C.14.2		Lao is equipped to test tills parameter.
5.	Disable failure of ONUi.	C.14.2		
6.	Loss of PLOAM channel with ONUi.	C.14.2		
7.	Loss of OMCC channel with ONUi	C.14.2		

### 3.2 Items detected at ONU

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.9807.1	Value/ Reference	Remark
1	Loss of downstream	C.14.3	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
	synchronization.		C.14.3	

## List 4 (NGPON2-Protocol test) List 4 (NGPON2-Protocol test)

Sl No	Parameter	Clause in standard
1	ONU activation	1.0
2	Security	2.0
3	Network degradation check	3.0

#### 1.0 ONU activation

The activation proper includes three phases: downstream synchronization, serial number acquisition (ONU discovery), and ranging.

### 1.1 TWDM PON ONU activation cycle

This clause specifies the TC layer behaviour of a TWDM PON ONU using a state machine. As a matter of convenience, the ONU activation cycle state machine can be partitioned into two blocks: (1) activation proper, and (2) operation and tuning.

Sl No	Parameters	Reference in G.989.3	Value/ References	Remark
1.	ONU activation cycle states	Table 12-1	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
			Table 12-1	Or
2.	Initial state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration
			12.1.4	with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
				against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped
				to test this parameter.
3.	$O1/Off-Sync \equiv O1.1$	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
			12.1.4	
4.	O1/Profile Learning $\equiv$ O1.2	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	
			12.1.4	
5.	Serial Number state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	
			12.1.4	
6.	Ranging state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	
			12.1.4	
7.	Operation state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	
			12.1.4	
8.	$O5/Associated \equiv O5.1$	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	
			12.1.4	

			•	•
9.	O5/Pending ≡ O5.2	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
10.	Intermittent LODS state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
11.	Emergency Stop state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
12.	Downstream Tuning state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
13.	$O8/Off$ -Sync $\equiv O8.1$	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or
14.	O8/Profile Learning ≡ O8.2	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
15.	Upstream Tuning state	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
16.	ONU activation cycle state machine timers	Table 12-2	Meet the requirement of Table 12-2	
17.	Discovery timer	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
18.	Ranging timer	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
19.	Loss of downstream synchronization (LODS) timer.	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
20.	LODS protection timer	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
21.	Downstream tuning timer	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
22.	Upstream tuning timer	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
23.	ONU activation cycle state machine inputs	Table 12-3	Meet the requirement of Table 12-3	
24.	DSYNC	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
25.	LODS	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
26.	SFC match	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or

		1	,	
27.	DWLCH ok to work	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
28.	DWLCH not appropriate	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
29.	TOZ expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
30.	TO1 expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
31.	TO2 expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
32.	TO3 expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
33.	TO4 expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
34.	TO5 expires	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
35.	SN grant	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
36.	Directed PLOAM grant	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
37.	Data grant	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
38.	ONU-ID Assignment	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
39.	EqD Assignment	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
40.	Deactivate ONU-ID request	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
				against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
41.	Disable SN request	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
42.	Enable SN request	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	
43.	Calibration request	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser

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			12.1.4	Or			
44.	Tuning request	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted			
45.	US Tuning confirmation	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.			
46.	System_Profile	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
47.	Channel_Profile	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
48.	Burst_Profile	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
49.	Ranging_Time (relative adjustment)	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
50.	Request_Registration	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
51.	Assign_Alloc-ID	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console			
52.	Key_Control	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4				
53.	Sleep_Allow	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or			
54.	Adust_Tx_Wavelength	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted			
55.	Protection_Control	12.1.4	Meet the requirement of 12.1.4	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.			
56.	OLT support of the TWDM ONU activation	12.1.5	Meet the requirement of 12.1.5				
57.	ONU power levelling	12.1.6	Meet the requirement of 12.1.6				

### 1.2 PtP WDM ONU activation cycle state machine

Sl No	Parameters	Reference	Value/ References	Remark
		in G.989.3	value/ References	

				•
1.	ONU activation cycle states	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
2.	Initial state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
3.	$O1/Off$ -Sync $\equiv O1.1$	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
4.	O1/Profile Learning ≡ O1.2	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
5.	Serial Number state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
6.	Operation state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
7.	Intermittent LODS state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
8.	Emergency Stop state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
9.	Downstream Tuning state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
10.	$O8/Off$ -Sync $\equiv O8.1$	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
11.	O8/Profile Learning ≡ O8.2	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
12.	Upstream Tuning state	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
13.	ONU activation cycle state machine timers	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
14.	Discovery timer	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
15.	Loss of downstream synchronization (LODS) timer.	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
16.	LODS Protection timer	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
17.	Downstream Tuning timer	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
18.	Upstream tuning timer	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of	

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			12.2.2	
19.	ONU activation cycle state machine inputs	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
20.	DSYNC	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
21.	LODS	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
22.	SFC match	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
23.	DWLCH ok to work	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
24.	DWLCH not appropriate	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
25.	TOZ expires	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
26.	TO2 expires	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
27.	TO3 expires	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
28.	TO4 expires	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
29.	TO5 expires	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
30.	ONU-ID Assignment	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
31.	Deactivate ONU-ID request	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
32.	Disable SN request	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
33.	Enable SN request	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
34.	Tuning request	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
35.	US Tuning confirmation	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12,2,2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
36.	System_Profile	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped

			12.2.2	to test this parameter.
37.	Channel_Profile	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
38.	Burst_Profile	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	
39.	Key_Control	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT console
40.	Sleep_Allow	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Tested by protocol analyser Or
41.	Adust_Tx_Wavelength	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
42.	Protection_Control	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
43.	Rate_Control	12.2.2	Meet the requirement of 12.2.2	

## 1.3 NG-PON2 OLT and ONU timing relationships

SI No	Parameters	Reference	Value/ References	Remark
		in G.989.3		
	Timing of ONU upstream	13.1.1	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
	transmissions		13.1.1	Or
	Timing relationships and quiet	13.1.2	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration
	window during serial number		13.1.2	with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted
	acquisition			against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to
	Timing relationships and quiet	13.1.3	Meet the requirement of	test this parameter.
	window during ranging		13.1.3	

#### 2.0 Security

This clause discusses threat models characteristic for the NG-PON2 operating environment, and specifies authentication, data integrity and privacy protection aspects of the system. NG-PON2 security is intended to protect against the following threats:

- 1) Since downstream data is broadcast to all ONUs attached to the NG-PON2 OLT CT, a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU would be capable of receiving all downstream data intended for all connected users.
  - 2) Since upstream data received by the OLT CT can originate from any ONU attached to the NG-PON2 optical distribution network (ODN), a malicious user capable of replacing or re-programming an ONU could forge packets so as to impersonate a different ONU (i.e., theft of service).
- An attacker could connect a malicious device at various points on the infrastructure (e.g., by tampering with street cabinets, spare ports or fibre cables). Such a device could intercept and/or generate traffic. Depending on the location of such a device, it could impersonate an OLT CT or alternatively it could impersonate an ONU.
- 4) A malicious user in any of the above scenarios could record packets transmitted on the passive optical network (PON) and replay them back onto the PON later, or conduct bit-flipping attacks.

Sl No	Parameter	Reference in G.989.3	Value/ References	Remark
1.	Authentication	15.2	Meet the requirement of 15.2	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
2.	Key derivation	15.3	Meet the requirement of 15.3	
3.	XGEM payload encryption system	15.4	Meet the requirement of 15.4	Tested by protocol analyser Or Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this parameter.
4.	Data encryption key exchange and activation mechanism	15.5	Meet the requirement of 15.5	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
5.	Integrity protection and data origin verification for PLOAM	15.6	Meet the requirement of 15.6	Tested by protocol analyser Or Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip vendor may be accepted against this parameter till

				accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
				parameter.
6.	Integrity protection and data origin	15.7	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
	verification for OMCI		15.7	
7.	Integrity and data origin	15.8	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser
	verification key switching		15.8	Or
8.	NG-PON2 systems with reduced	15.9	Meet the requirement of	Self-declaration of conformity (SDoC) along with
	data encryption strength		15.9	corroboration with datasheet/test report from chip
				vendor may be accepted against this parameter till
				accredited/designated Lab is equipped to test this
				parameter.

#### 3.0 Network degradation check

Following parameters encompasses mechanisms to check that any telecom equipment does not degrade performance of existing network to which it is connected..

This clause captures the required actions that are performed in the TC layer, as opposed to those left to the discretion of an implementer. In particular, the effects of repeated defects of the same type are an implementation matter.

#### 3.1 Items detected at OLT channel termination

Sl No	Type	Description	Reference in G.989.3	Value/ References	Remark
1.	LOS	Loss of signal	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	Tested by protocol
					analyser or LCT
2.	TIWi	Transmission interference warning for	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	Tested by protocol
		ONU i			analyser
3.	SUFi	Start-up failure of ONU <sub>i</sub> .	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	Or
4.	DFi	Disable failure of ONU <sub>i</sub> .	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	Self-declaration of
5.	LOPCi	Loss of PLOAM channel with ONU <sub>i</sub> .	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	conformity (SDoC)
6.	LOOCi	Loss of OMCC channel with ONU <sub>i</sub>	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	along with
7.	DOTXi	Drift of transmitter wavelength warning	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	corroboration with
8.	ALRFi	Attenuation level request failure	14.2.1	Meet the requirement of 14.2.1	datasheet/test report
		•		•	from chip vendor may
					be accepted against this

		parameter till
		accredited/designated
		Lab is equipped to test
		this parameter.

### 3.2 Items detected at ONU

Sl No	Type	Description	Reference in G.989.3	Value/ Reference	Remark
1	LODS	Loss of downstream	14.2.2	Meet the requirement of	Tested by protocol analyser or ONT debug console
		synchro-nization.		14.2.2	

**List 5(1G/10G EPON- Protocol test)** 

(Note: Tested by protocol analyser or ONT)

## 5.4 Security

In scenarios where the Operator cannot rely on security functions provided by the CPE, the network may be exposed to various attacks (spoofing attacks, DoS attacks, etc.). The following Requirements address this situation.

- R-109 The ONU SHOULD be able to provide services to users with duplicate MAC addresses.
- R-110 The ONU SHOULD be able to deny service to users with duplicate MAC addresses.
- R-111 The ONU SHOULD inspect upstream and downstream DHCP packets in order to discover the mapping of IP address to MAC address and populate an ARP table associating these addresses with their respective U-interface and VLAN.
- R-112 The ONU SHOULD ensure that downstream broadcast ARP requests are not sent on U-interfaces that do not have the requested IP address.
- R-113 The ONU SHOULD provide mechanisms to prevent user IP address spoofing, by discarding upstream IP packets received from U-interfaces that do not match the configured or DHCP discovered source IP address.
- R-114 The ONU SHOULD be configurable with a list of IP address associated with user port and VLAN, to be used for users having static IP configuration.

## 5.5 Filtering

- R-124 The OLT and ONU SHOULD allow configuring and applying the following filters. The OLT MUST apply any configured filters in the downstream direction, and the ONU MUST apply any configured filters in the upstream direction.
  - 1. Source MAC address filter. This filter MAY be used in one of the following ways:
    - i. Allowing access from a specific MAC address,
    - ii. Denying access from a specific MAC address.
  - 2. Destination MAC address filter. This filter MAY be used in one of the following ways:
    - i. Allowing access to specific destinations,
    - ii. Denying access to specific destinations.

## 5.5 Filtering

- R-124 The OLT and ONU SHOULD allow configuring and applying the following filters. The OLT MUST apply any configured filters in the downstream direction, and the ONU MUST apply any configured filters in the upstream direction.
  - 1. Source MAC address filter. This filter MAY be used in one of the following ways:
    - i. Allowing access from a specific MAC address,
    - ii. Denying access from a specific MAC address.
  - 2. Destination MAC address filter. This filter MAY be used in one of the following ways:
    - i. Allowing access to specific destinations,
    - ii. Denying access to specific destinations.

- R-125 The ONU SHOULD allow configuration of an EtherType filter, and applying it per U-interface in the upstream direction. This filter MAY be used in one of the following ways:
  - i. Allowing a specific EtherType frame access (e.g. IPoE, PPPoE),
  - ii. Denying a specific EtherType frame access (e.g. IPoE, PPPoE).
- R-126 The OLT and ONU SHOULD be able to filter reserved group MAC destination addresses (in the 01:80:C2 range See R-95/TR-101).

## 8.2 Initial Provisioning of ONUs

#### 8.2.1 Introduction

Authentication for the ONUs attached to the EPON system is used by a service provider to control access to the network. Only authenticated ONUs are allowed to complete the initialization process and gain access the network.

The OLT authenticates attached ONUs using one or more of the following methods:

- Physical ID-based authentication
- Logical ID-based authentication
- Hybrid authentication
- **R-175** The OLT MUST support configuring the ONU authentication mode to be physical ID-based authentication, logical ID-based authentication, or hybrid authentication.
- R-176 The OLT MUST prevent an illegal (authentication failed) ONU from accessing the network.

## 8.2.2 Physical ID-Based Authentication

If the OLT is configured for physical ID-based authentication, it uses the MAC address of an ONU as the physical ID for authentication. The MAC address of an ONU is reported to the OLT in the MPCP discovery process as defined in IEEE 802.3. In the OLT, a table of the legal MAC addresses is maintained for authentication.

R-177 The OLT MUST support MAC address-based ONU authentication.

#### 8.2.3 Logical ID-Based Authentication

If the OLT is configured for logical ID-based authentication, the OLT authenticates the ONU based on the ONU Logical Identifier (LOID) and possibly a password (PW). The LOID/LOID+PW is a series of configurable characters in the ONU, hence logical ID-based authentication is more flexible than physical ID-based authentication.

Following successful completion of the MPCP discovery process and OAM discovery process, the OLT requests a LOID/LOID+PW from the target ONU in order to authenticate it. If the logical authentication process fails, the OLT deregisters the given ONU and denies it to access the EPON system.

Figure 29 depicts the process of successful logical ID-based authentication.

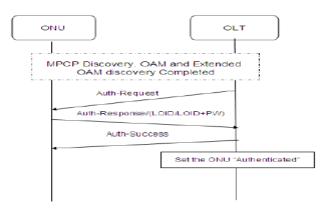


Figure 29 Successful logical ID based-authentication

Following is a brief description of the logical ID-based authentication process:

- Once the MPCP and OAM discovery processes are completed, the OLT sends the extended OAM message 'Auth\_Request' to the ONU to start the authentication process.
- 2. The ONU receives the message 'Auth\_Request' and replies with the extended OAM message 'Auth Response', which contains the logical ID information (LOID/LOID+PW).
- Once the OLT receives the response from the target ONU, it verifies the ONU's LOID/LOID+PW.
- 4. If the verification check completes successfully, the OLT sets the state of the ONU to 'authenticated'.
- 5. If the verification check fails, the OLT sends the extended OAM message 'Auth\_Failure' to the ONU and sets its state to 'unauthenticated'. Next, the OLT sends a MPCP DU REGISTER (with Flag = 0x02; deregister set) to deregister the ONU.

The process of unsuccessful logical ID-based authentication is shown in Figure 30.

- R-178 The OLT MUST support ONU authentication based on LOID.
- **R-179** The OLT MUST support ONU authentication based on LOID+PW.
- R-180 The OLT MUST support the pre-provisioning of PWs and their associated LOIDs.
- R-181 The OLT MUST allow selection between LOID-based and LOID+PW-based ONU authentication.
- **R-182** The ONU MUST support local configuration of LOID/LOID+PW.
- R-183 The ONU MUST retain the provisioned LOID/LOID+PW values indefinitely, or until the LOID/LOID+PW is re-provisioned."

If the logical ID is modified, in order to make the new logical ID effective the ONU has to go through the discovery and authentication process again.

As an example, a 24-character field can be used to hold the LOID value, and a 12-character field can be used to hold the Password value.

## 8.2.4 Hybrid Authentication

An OLT configured for hybrid authentication simultaneously supports both physical ID-based and logical ID-based authentication.

The OLT maintains a table of legal ONU MAC addresses. If an ONU has been successfully authenticated based on its MAC address, the OLT sets its state to 'authenticated.' Otherwise, the ONU is marked as 'unauthenticated.'

For an ONU that fails the authentication process based on its MAC address, the OLT will initiate the authentication process based on the logical ID, after finishing the MPCP discovery process and OAM discovery process.

If both the physical ID- and logical ID-based authentication processes fail, the OLT will deregister the given ONU.

R-184 The OLT MUST support hybrid authentication for the attached ONUs.

Table 5a/G.691 - Parameters specified for STM-64 optical interfaces

Application code (Table 1)	Unit	I-64.1r	1-64.1	I-64.2r	1-64.2	1-64.3	1-64.5
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S							
Source type		(					
Operating wavelength range	nm						
Mean launched power	adiment	o Annex					
– maximum	dBm						
– minimum	dBm						
Spectral characteristics							
<ul> <li>maximum RMS width (σ)</li> </ul>	nm						
<ul> <li>maximum –20 dB width</li> </ul>	nm						
<ul> <li>chirp parameter, α</li> </ul>	rad	100	12.00				
<ul> <li>maximum spectral power density</li> </ul>	mW/ 10 MHz	Parameters given in G.693 as code VSR600-2R1	Parameters given in G.693 as code VSR2000-2R1	Parameters given in G.693 as code VSR2000-2L2	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P111-2D2	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P111-2D3	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P111-2D5
- minimum SMSR	dB	1093	200	200	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ
Minimum EX	dB	/SR	SR	SR	e P	e P	9
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R		de y	2	2	900	93	000
Attenuation range		000	pos	99	as	S	55
– maximum	dB	3 as	SES	8	9.1	99.1	99.1
– minimum	dB	69	693	693	3.9	3.9	9.
Chromatic dispersion	100/00	D u	Ö	9	,s	.s	.E
- maximum	ps/nm	ii.	.5	.H·	5	5	5
- minimum	ps/nm	Sive	ixe	ixe	- <u>E</u> 0	· £0	· Ę6
Passive dispersion compensation		SI	50	57 500	iers	lers	lers
- maximum	ps/nm	nete	tete	etc	mel	me	me
– minimum	ps/nm	tran	E E	ram	ara	223	E .
Maximum DGD	ps	Pa	Pa	Pa	-	-	***
Min ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	22					
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB				065		
Receiver at reference point MPI-R							
Minimum sensitivity (BER of 1 × 10 <sup>-12</sup> )	dBm						
Minimum overload	dBm						
Maximum optical path penalty	dB						
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB						

NOTE - All applications in this Recommendation use single-longitudinal mode (SLM) lasers as sources except the I-64.1r application that uses multi-longitudinal mode (MLM) lasers.

Table 5b/G.691 - Parameters specified for STM-64 optical interfaces

Application code (Table 1)	Unit	S-64.1	S-64.2a	S-64.2b	S-64.3a	S-64.3b	S-64.5a	S-64.5b
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S								
Operating wavelength range Mean launched power	nm							
- maximum	dBm							
- minimum	dBm							
Spectral characteristics	abin							
- maximum -20 dB width	nm							
<ul> <li>chirp parameter, α</li> </ul>	rad							
maximum spectral power	mW/							
density	10 MHz							
- minimum SMSR	dB							
Minimum EX	dB							
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R	52025	G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D1	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D2a	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D2b	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D3a	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D3b	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D5a	Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1S1-2D5b
Attenuation range		IS	ISI	SI	S	IS1	SI	S
- maximum	dB	le P	е Р	е Р	e P	е Б	е Р	еБ
– minimum	dB	000	роз	po	pos	PO.	pos	Pos
Chromatic dispersion	(100000)	as	as (	as	as	as o	as	as
- maximum	ps/nm	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
- minimum	ps/nm	36.	.95	.95	.95	.95	.95	.95
Passive dispersion		. <u></u>	n G	n G	n G	n G	n G	n G
compensation		e	i ii	E	.E	.E	.E	
- maximum	ps/nm	. SE	, Silvi	·žč	21. 22.	NIS.		Sive
- minimum	ps/nm	ers	SIS	22	22	213	SIS	SIS
Maximum DGD	ps	met	net	nete	nete	nete	nete	nete
Min ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	Parameters given in	Paran	Paran	Paran	Paran	Parar	Paran
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB							
Receiver at reference point MPI-R								
Minimum sensitivity (BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )	dBm							
Minimum overload	dBm							
Maximum optical path penalty	dB							
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB							

NOTE – S-64.2a, 3a, and 5a have transmitter power levels appropriate for APD receivers; S-64.2b, 3b, and 5b have transmitter power levels appropriate for PIN receivers.

Table 5c/G.691 - Parameters specified for STM-64 optical interfaces

Application code (Table 1)	Unit	L-64.1	L-64.2a	L-64.2b	L-64.2c	L-64.3
	e.		(Notes 1, 2)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S						
Operating wavelength range	nm		1530-1565	1530-1565	1530-1565	1530-1565
Mean launched power						
- maximum	dBm		+2	13	+2	13
– minimum	dBm		-2	10	-2	10
Spectral characteristics						
<ul> <li>maximum –20 dB width</li> </ul>	nm		ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs
<ul> <li>chirp parameter, α</li> </ul>	rad		ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs
<ul> <li>maximum spectral power density</li> </ul>	mW/ 10MHz		ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs
<ul> <li>minimum SMSR</li> </ul>	dB	=	ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs
Minimum EX	dB	17-1	10	8.2	10	8.2
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R		Parameters given in G.959.1 as code P1L.1-2D1				
Attenuation range		000				
- maximum	dB	l as	22	22	22	22
– minimum	dB	959.	11	16	11	16
Chromatic dispersion		9				
– maximum	ps/nm	E E	1600	1600	1600	260
– minimum	ps/nm	. Sign	ffs	ffs	ffs	NA
Passive dispersion compensation		Sers				
- maximum	ps/nm	me	ffs	NA	NA	NA
– minimum	ps/nm	Para	ffs	NA	NA	NA
Maximum DGD	ps		30	30	30	30
Min ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB		24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB		-27	-27	-27	-27
Receiver at reference point MPI-R						
Minimum sensitivity (BER of 1 × 10 <sup>-12</sup> )	dBm		-26	-14	-26	-13
Minimum overload	dBm		-9	-3	-9	-3
Maximum optical path penalty	dB		2	2	2	1
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB		-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – L-64.2a uses PDC as DA, L-64.2b uses SPM as DA, and L-64.2c uses prechirp as DA.

NOTE 2 - See 8.3.2 on the values and placement of the PDC.

Table 5d/G.691 - Parameters specified for STM-64 optical interfaces

Application code (Table 1)	Unit	V-64.2a	V-64.2b	V-64.3
		(Notes 1, 2)	(Note 2)	
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S				
Operating wavelength range	nm	1530-1565	1530-1565	1530-1565
Mean launched power				
- maximum	dBm	13	15	13
- minimum	dBm	10	12	10
Spectral characteristics				
- maximum -20 dB width	nm	ffs	ffs	ffs
<ul> <li>chirp parameter, α</li> </ul>	rad	ffs	ffs	ffs
<ul> <li>maximum spectral power density</li> </ul>	mW/ 10 MHz	ffs	ffs	ffs
- minimum SMSR	dB	ffs	ffs	ffs
Minimum EX	dB	10	8.2	8.2
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R				
Attenuation range				
– maximum	dB	33	33	33
- minimum	dB	22	22	22
Chromatic dispersion				
- maximum	ps/nm	2400	2400	400
- minimum	ps/nm	ffs	ffs	NA
Passive dispersion compensation				
– maximum	ps/nm	ffs	ffs	NA
– minimum	ps/nm	ffs	ffs	NA
Maximum DGD	ps	30	30	30
Min ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Receiver at reference point MPI-R				
Minimum sensitivity (BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )	dBm	-25	-23	-24
Minimum overload	dBm	-9	-7	-9
Maximum optical path penalty	dBm	2	2	1
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 - See 8.3.2 on the values and placement of the PDC.

NOTE 2 - V-64.2a uses PDC as DA and V-64.2b uses a combination of SPM and PDC as DA.

### 8 Optical engineering approach

## 8.1 Design assumptions

This clause discusses the design aspects introduced in this Recommendation due to, e.g., optical amplifiers and dispersion accommodation. A general discussion on worst-case and statistical design approaches can be found in ITU-T Rec. G.957.

Table 8-1 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G short-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16S1-1D2 P16S1-1D5	P32S1-1D2 P32S1-1D5
General information			
Maximum number of channels	-	16	32
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	-	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
Maximum bit error ratio	=	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	- 10	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	-4	-4
Minimum mean channel output power	dBm	-10	-10
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	+8	+11
Central frequency	THz	192.1 + 0.2m, m = 0 to 15	192.1 + 0.1m,  m = 0  to  31
Channel spacing	GHz	200	100
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	20
Minimum channel extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	144	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
Optical path (single span) from point MPI-S <sub>M</sub> to MPI-R <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum attenuation	dB	11	11
Minimum attenuation	dB	2	2
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for [ITU-T G.652], 420 for [ITU-T G.655]	800 for [ITU-T G.652], 420 for [ITU-T G.655]
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for [ITU-T G.652], 420 for [ITU-T G.655]	800 for [ITU-T G.652]. 420 for [ITU-T G.655]
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	120	120
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	-6	-6
Minimum mean channel input power	dBm	-21	-21
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	+6	+9
Maximum channel power difference	dB	NΛ	NA

Table 8-1 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G short-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16S1-1D2 P16S1-1D5	P32S1-1D2 P32S1-1D5
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1
Minimum equivalent sensitivity	dBm	-22	-22
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27

NOTE – The parameter values in this table may not be applicable to future systems that use line amplifiers or to intra-domain interfaces (IaDIs).

Table 8-2 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G intra-office applications

Parameter (Note 1)	Units	P16I1-2D2 P16I1-2D3 (Note 2) P16I1-2D5	P32I1-2D2 P32I1-2D5
General information			
Maximum number of channels	#30	16	32
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	<del>8</del> 0	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G
Maximum bit error ratio	<del>7</del> 0	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	#2	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	-3	-3
Minimum mean channel output power	dBm	-6	-6
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	+9	+12
Central frequency	THz	192.1 + 0.2m, m = 0 to 15	192.1 + 0.1m,  m = 0  to  31
Channel spacing	GHz	200	100
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	20
Minimum channel extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	=0	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G amplified
Optical path (single span) from point MPI-S <sub>M</sub> to MPI-R <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum attenuation	dB	6 (Note 2)	6
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0

Table 8-2 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G intra-office applications

Parameter (Note 1)	Units	P16I1-2D2 P16I1-2D3 (Note 2) P16I1-2D5	P32I1-2D2 P32I1-2D5
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	400 for ITU-T G.652, ±70 for ITU-T G.653, 210 for ITU-T G.655	400 for ITU-T G.652, 210 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	400 for ITU-T G.652, ±70 for ITU-T G.653, 210 for ITU-T G.655	400 for ITU-T G.652, 210 for ITU-T G.655
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	-3	-3
Minimum mean channel input power	dBm	-12	-12
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	+9	+12
Maximum channel power difference	dB	NA	NA
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.653 (Note 2),1 for ITU-T G.655	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655
Minimum equivalent sensitivity	dBm	-14 for ITU-T G.652, -13 for ITU-T G.653, -13 for ITU-T G.655	-14 for ITU-T G.652, -13 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – The parameter values in this table may not be applicable to future systems that use line amplifiers or to intra-domain interfaces (IaDIs).

NOTE 2 – For an optical path penalty of 1 dB, the transmission distance of multichannel intra-office interfaces on ITU-T G.653 fibres is recommended to be within 2 km due to fibre non-linearity. If this distance is longer than 2 km, a further penalty (in addition to the 1 dB optical path penalty) may be observed. Alternatively, unequally spaced channel central frequencies may be used via joint engineering.

Table 8-3 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16S1-2B2 P16S1-2B5	P16S1-2C2 P16S1-2C3 P16S1-2C5	P32S1-2B2 P32S1-2B5	P32S1-2C2 P32S1-2C5
General information					
Maximum number of channels	25	16	16	32	32
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals		NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G
Maximum bit error ratio	==	10-12	10-12	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	## F	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>					
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	+3	-7	+3	-7
Minimum mean channel output power	dBm	0	-11	0	-11
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	+15	+5	+18	+8
Central frequency	THz	192.1 + 0.2m, m = 0 to 15	192.1 + 0.2m, $m = 0$ to 15	192.1 + 0.1m, m = 0  to  31	192.1 + 0.1m, m = 0  to  31
Channel spacing	GHz	200	200	100	100
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	40	20	20
Minimum channel extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	==	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G amplified
Optical path (single span) from point MPI- S <sub>M</sub> to MPI-R <sub>M</sub>					
Maximum attenuation	dB	11	11	11	11
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0	0	0

Table 8-3 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	I mite		P16S1-2C2 P16S1-2C3 P16S1-2C5	P32S1-2B2 P32S1-2B5	P32S1-2C2 P32S1-2C5	
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, ±130 for ITU-T G.653, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, ±130 for ITU-T G.653, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	800 for ITU-T G.652, 420 for ITU-T G.655	
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	24	24 24		24	
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27	
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30	30	
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>						
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	+3	-7	+3	-7	
Minimum mean channel input power	dBm	-11	-22	-11	-22	
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	+15	+5	+18	+8	
Maximum channel power difference	dB	NA	2	NA	2	
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.653, 1 for ITU-T G.655	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655	

Table 8-3 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16S1-2B2 P16S1-2B5	P16S1-2C2 P16S1-2C3 P16S1-2C5	P32S1-2B2 P32S1-2B5	P32S1-2C2 P32S1-2C5
Minimum equivalent sensitivity	dBm	-13 for ITU-T G.652, -12 for ITU-T G.655	-24 for ITU-T G.652, -23 for ITU-T G.653, -23 for ITU-T G.655	-13 for ITU-T G.652, -12 for ITU-T G.655	-24 for ITU-T G.652, -23 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE – The parameter values in this table may not be applicable to future systems that use line amplifiers or to intra-domain interfaces (IaDIs).

Table 8-4 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G and NRZ 10G long-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16L1-1A2 P16L1-1A5	P16L1-2A2 P16L1-2A5
General information			
Maximum number of channels		16	16
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	-	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 10G
Maximum bit error ratio	-	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	=	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652 ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	+5	+5
Minimum mean channel output power	dBm	+2	0
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	+17	+17
Central frequency	THz	192.1 + 0.2m, m = 0 to 15	192.1 + 0.2m, m = 0  to  15
Channel spacing	GHz	200	200
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	40
Minimum channel extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2
Eye mask		NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 10G amplified
Optical path (single span) from point MPI- $S_M$ to MPI- $R_M$			
Maximum attenuation	dB	22	22
Minimum attenuation	dB	11	11

Table 8-4 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G and NRZ 10G long-haul applications

Parameter (Note)	Units	P16L1-1A2 P16L1-1A5	P16L1-2A2 P16L1-2A5
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, 840 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, 840 for ITU-T G.655
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	120	30
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>			
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	-6	-6
Minimum mean channel input power	dBm	-20	-22
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	+6	+6
Maximum channel power difference	dB	3	3
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655	2 for ITU-T G.652, 1 for ITU-T G.655
Minimum equivalent sensitivity	dBm	-22 for ITU-T G.652, -21 for ITU-T G.655	-24 for ITU-T G.652, -23 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27

NOTE – The parameter values in this table may not be applicable to future systems that use line amplifiers or to intra-domain interfaces (IaDIs).

Table 8-5 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 25G applications

Parameter	Units	s 4I1-9D1F		4L1-9C1F	4L1-9D1F
General information					
Maximum number of channels	-	4		4	4
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	=1	OTL4.4 or FOIC1.4-RS		OTL4.4 or FOIC1.4-RS	OTL4.4 or FOIC1.4-RS
Maximum bit error ratio		10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 1)		10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 1)	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 1)
Fibre type		ITU-T G.652		ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>					
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	4	2.9	2.9	5.1

Table 8-5 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 25G applications

Parameter	Units	411-9	D1F	4L1-9C1F	4L1-9D1F
Minimum channel extinction ratio (Note 2)	dB	4	7	8	7
Maximum channel extinction ratio (Note 2)	dB	7	100	S <del>TE</del>	1=
Minimum mean channel output power (Note 2)	dBm	-0.6	-2.5	-2.7	0.6
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	10	8.9	8.9	11.1
Maximum channel power difference	dB		5	3.6	3.6
Central frequency	THz		+ 0.8 <i>m</i> , 0 to 3	229.0 + 0.8m, m = 0  to  3	229.0 + 0.8m, m = 0  to  3
Channel spacing	GHz	80	00	800	800
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	±1	84	±184	±184
Eye mask	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	100 000 000 000	25G itio	NRZ 25G Ratio	NRZ 25G Ratio
Optical path (single span) from point MPI-S <sub>M</sub> to MPI-R <sub>M</sub>				5-5	o o
Maximum attenuation	dB	6	.3	18	18
Minimum attenuation	dB	(	0	0	10
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	-28.5 to +9.5		-114 to +38	-114 to +38
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	-28.5	to +9.5	-114 to +38	-114 to +38
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	2	0.0	20	20
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	-5.	26	-26	-26
Maximum differential group delay	ps		8	10.3	10.3
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>					
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	4	2.9	4.5	-4.9
Minimum mean channel input power (Note 2)	dBm	-6.9	-8.8	-20.7	-17.4
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	10	8.9	10.5	1.1
Maximum channel power difference	dB	5.5		4.5	4.5
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1.5		2.5	1.5
Minimum equivalent sensitivity (Note 2)	dBm	-8.4	-10.3	-23.2	-18.9
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-	26	-26	-26

NOTE 1 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ .

NOTE 2 – The parameters for 4I1-9D1F allow two options for the transmitter (shown via a split in the column) with different values for maximum and minimum mean channel output power, maximum and minimum channel extinction ratio and maximum mean total output power. The two sets of transmitter parameter values provide different values for maximum and minimum mean channel input power, maximum mean total input power and minimum equivalent sensitivity for the same physical receiver as indicated by the split values for these parameters. The transmitter must meet the specifications in one of the two columns and the receiver must meet the specifications in both columns.

Table 8-6 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class PAM4 50G applications

Parameter	Units	8R1-4D1F		411-	D1F	8I1-4	D1F	
General information								
Maximum number of channels	-	8	8 4		8			
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	100	FOIC PAI	50000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	C2.4 M4	7337070	FOIC4.8 PAM4	
Maximum bit error ratio	-	10 <sup>-13</sup> (N	Note 1)	10-13 (	Note 1)	10-13 (1	Note 1)	
Fibre type	-	ITU-T	G.652	ITU-T	G.652	ITU-T	G.652	
Interface at point MPI-S <sub>M</sub>								
Maximum mean channel output power	dBm	+5.3 (N	lote 2)	+5	5.3	+5.3 (1	Note 2)	
Minimum mean channel output power	dBm	-3	.5	5	3.4	-2	8	
Maximum mean total output power	dBm	+13	3.2	+1	1.3	+13	3.2	
Minimum channel extinction ratio (Note 3)	dB	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	
Maximum channel extinction ratio (Note 3)	dB	4.5	200	4.5	-	4.5	3500	
Maximum channel output OMA <sub>outer</sub>	dBm	+5	.5	+5	5.1	+5	5.7	
Minimum channel output OMA <sub>outer</sub>	dBm	-0	.5	-(	).4	+0	).2	
Maximum TDECQ	dB	3.	1	3	3,4		3.3	
Maximum channel power difference	dB	4	8		4	- 4	1	
Minimum channel OMA <sub>outer</sub> minus TDECQ (Note 3)	dBm	-1.8	-1.9	-1.7	-1.8	-1.1	-1.2	
Central frequency	THz	229.0 + m = 0 and 5	to 3	229.0 + 0.8  m,  m = 0  to  3		229.0 + 0.8 m, m = 0 to 3 and 5 to 8		
Channel spacing	GHz	80	0	800		80	00	
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	±13	84	±184		±1	84	
Optical path (single span) from point MPI-S <sub>M</sub> to MPI-R <sub>M</sub>								
Maximum attenuation	dB	4	8	6	.3	6.	3	
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	R.		)	(	)	
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	-10.2 t	o +1.9	-28.4	to +9.5	-50.8 t	to +9.5	
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	-10.2 t	o +1.9	-28.4	to +9.5	-50.8 t	o +9.5	
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S <sub>M</sub>	dB	16	.5	15	5.1	15	.1	
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S <sub>M</sub> and MPI-R <sub>M</sub>	dB	See clause 7.2.3.6		See clause 7.2.3.6			lause 3.6	
Maximum differential group delay	ps	3		- 3	3	8	3	
Interface at point MPI-R <sub>M</sub>								
Maximum mean channel input power	dBm	+5	.3	+5	5.3	+5	.3	
Minimum mean channel input power	dBm	-7	.5	-9	9.7	-9	2.1	
Maximum mean total input power	dBm	+13	3.2	+1	1.3	+13	3.2	

Table 8-6 – Multichannel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class PAM4 50G applications

Parameter	Units	8R1-	D1F	411-4	4D1F	8I1-4	D1F
Maximum channel input OMA <sub>outer</sub>	dBm	+5.7		+5.1		+5.7	
Minimum channel input OMA <sub>outer</sub>	dBm	-4.5		-6.7		-6	5.1
Maximum channel power difference	dB	4.1		4,2		4.5	
Maximum multi-path interference penalty allowance (Note 3)	dB	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.6
Minimum equivalent sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> minus SECQ)	dBm	-6	.2	-8	3.6	-	8
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-2	26	_	26	-2	26

NOTE 1 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-13}$ .

NOTE 2 – As the Maximum mean total output power limit has to be met, not all of the lanes can operate at the Maximum mean channel output power.

NOTE 3 – The parameters for these applications allow two options for the transmitter (shown via a split in the column) with different values for minimum and maximum channel extinction ratio and minimum channel OMA<sub>outer</sub> minus TDECQ. The two sets of transmitter parameter values provide different values for the maximum multi-path interference penalty allowance for the same physical receiver as indicated by the split values for this parameter. The transmitter must meet the specifications in one of the two columns and the receiver must meet the specifications in both columns.

### 8.2 Single-channel IrDI

The physical layer parameters and values for single-channel inter-domain interfaces are given in Tables 8-7 to 8-18.

Table 8-7 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G intra-office and short-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P111-1D1	P1S1-1D1	P1S1-1D2
General information		Note	Note	Note
Maximum number of channels	77.0	1	I g	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	=	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
Maximum bit error ratio	201	10-12	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	=:	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S				
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 266-1 360	1 260-1 360	1 530-1 565
Source type		MLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum RMS width (σ)	nm	3.4	NA	NA
Maximum -20 dB width	nm	NA	1	< 1
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	NA	30	30

Table 8-7 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G intra-office and short-haul applications

Units	P111-1D1	P1S1-1D1	P1S1-1D2
dBm	-3	0	0
dBm	-10	-5	-5
dB	8.2	8.2	8.2
₩.	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
	,		
dB	6	11	11
dB	0	0	0
ps/nm	±12	±140	800
ps/nm	±12	±140	715
dB	14	14	14
dB	-27	-27	-27
ps	120	120	120
dBm	-3	0	0
dBm	-17	-17	-17
dB	1	1	1
dB	-14	-14	-14
	dBm dB dB - dB dB dB ps/nm ps/nm dB dB dB dB dB	dBm     -3       dBm     -10       dB     8.2       -     NRZ 2.5G       dB     6       dB     0       ps/nm     ±12       dB     14       dB     -27       ps     120       dBm     -3       dBm     -17       dB     1	dBm         -3         0           dBm         -10         -5           dB         8.2         8.2           -         NRZ 2.5G         NRZ 2.5G           dB         6         11           dB         0         0           ps/nm         ±12         ±140           dB         14         14           dB         -27         -27           ps         120         120           dBm         -3         0           dBm         -17         -17           dB         1         1

Table 8-8 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1L1-1D1	P1L1-1D2	1L1-1D2F
General information		Note 1	Note 1	3
Maximum number of channels	82	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	8=	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ OTU1 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	12	10-12	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)
Fibre type	102	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S				
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 280–1 335	1 530–1 565	1 530–1 565
Source type		SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum RMS width (σ)	nm	NA	NA	NA
Maximum -20 dB width	nm	1	1	1

Table 8-8 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1L1-1D1	P1L1-1D2	1L1-1D2F
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+3	+3	+3
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-2	-2	-2
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	:=	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R				
Maximum attenuation	dB	22	22	24
Minimum attenuation	dB	12	12	12
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±180	1 600	1 600
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±180	1430	1430
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	120	120	120
Interface at point MPI-R				
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-9	-9	-9
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-25	-26	-28
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	4	2	2
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 - Parameter values for these application codes are largely based on [ITU-T G.957].

NOTE 2 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ .

Table 8-9 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G ultra-long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1U1-1A2	P1U1-1A3	P1U1-1A5	1U1-1B2F 1U1-1B5F	1U1-1B3F
[ITU-T G.691] application code		U-16.2	U-16.3	*		-
General information		(Note 1)	(Note 1)		/c	
Maximum number of channels	-	1	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	200	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ OTU1 FEC enabled	NRZ OTU1 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	277	10-12	10-12	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)
Fibre type	100	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.653	ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.653
Interface at point MPI-S						
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 530–1 565	1 530–1 565	1 530– 1 565	1 530–1 565	1 530–1 565
Source type		SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+15	+15	+15	+18	+18
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+12	+12	+12	+15	+15
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	322	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G	NRZ 2.5G
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R						
Maximum attenuation	dB	44	44	44	44	44
Minimum attenuation	dB	33	33	33	27	27

Table 8-9 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 2.5G ultra-long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1U1-1A2	P1U1-1A3	P1U1-1A5	1U1-1B2F 1U1-1B5F	1U1-1B3F
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	3 200	±550	1 700	3 200 ITU-T G.652, 1 700 ITU-T G.655	±550 (Note 3)
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	2 860	±550	1 390	2 860 ITU-T G.652, 1390 ITU-T G.655	±550 (Note 3)
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	120	120	120	120	120
Interface at point MPI-R						
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-18	-18	-18	-9	-9
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-34	-33	-34	-31	-30
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	2	1	2	2	1
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 - Parameter values for these application codes are largely based on [ITU-T G.691].

NOTE 2 – The BER for this application code is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ . NOTE 3 – For ITU-T G.653 fibre, some combinations of transmitter wavelength and fibre zero dispersion wavelength can result in negative link dispersion. Adequate operation in this regime has not been verified at the power levels required for this application. In this situation, joint engineering may be necessary between the link provider and the system vendor to avoid this condition.

Table 8-10 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G intra-office applications

Parameter	Units	P1I1-2D2	P1I1-2D3	P1I1-2D5
ITU-T G.691 application code		I-64.2	I-64.3	I-64.5
General information				
Maximum number of channels	-	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	=	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G
Maximum bit error ratio	-	10-12	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	===	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.653	ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S				
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 500-1 565	1 500-1 565	1 500-1 565
Source type		SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	-1	-1	-1
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-5	-5	-5
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	<b>E</b>	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm regior
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R				
Maximum attenuation	dB	7	7	7
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0	0
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	500	±150	270
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	400	±150	180
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R				
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-1	-1	-1
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-14	-13	-13
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	2	1	1
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27

Table 8-11 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications for ITU-T G.652 fibre

Parameter	Units	P1S1-2D1	P1S1-2D2a	P1S1-2D2b	1S1-2D2bF
ITU-T G.691 application code (Note 1)		S-64.1	S-64.2a	S-64.2b	
General information					
Maximum number of channels	==1	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	=1	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	#1	10-12	10-12	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)
Fibre type		ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S					
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 290- 1 330	1 530- 1 565	1 530- 1 565	1 530– 1 565
Source type	-		SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+5	-1	+2	+2
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+1	-5	-1	-2
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	6	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	=;	NRZ 10G 1 310 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	11	11	11	12
Minimum attenuation	dB	6	7	3	3
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±70	800	800	800
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±70	720	720	720
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	14	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R				6	
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-1	-8	-1	-1

Table 8-11 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications for ITU-T G.652 fibre

Parameter	Units	P1S1-2D1	P1S1-2D2a	P1S1-2D2b	1S1-2D2bF
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-11	-18	-14	-16
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	2	2	2
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-14	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – Application codes with a suffix "a" have transmitter power levels appropriate to APD receivers; application codes with the suffix "b" have transmitter power levels appropriate to PIN receivers.

NOTE 2 – The BER for this application code is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ .

Table 8-12 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications for ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibres

Parameter	Units	P1S1-2D3a P1S1-2D5a	P1S1-2D3b P1S1-2D5b	1S1-2D3bF 1S1-2D5bF
ITU-T G.691 application code (Note 1)		S-64.3a S-64.5a	S-64.3b S-64.5b	
General information				
Maximum number of channels	82	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	82	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	0422	10-12	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)
Fibre type	84	ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S		-		
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 530-1 565	1 530-1 565	1 530-1 565
Source type	1000	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	-1	+2	+2
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-5	-1	-2
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	-	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region

Table 8-12 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G short-haul applications for ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibres

Parameter	Units	P1S1-2D3a P1S1-2D5a	P1S1-2D3b P1S1-2D5b	1S1-2D3bF 1S1-2D5bF
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R				
Maximum attenuation	dB	11	11	12
Minimum attenuation	dB	7	3	3
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±140 ITU-T G.653, 430 ITU-T G.655	±140 ITU-T G.653, 430 ITU-T G.655	±140 ITU-T G.653, 430 ITU-T G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±140 ITU-T G.653, 350 ITU-T G.655	±140 ITU-T G.653, 350 ITU-T G.655	±140 ITU-T G.653, 350 ITU-T G.655
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R				
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-8	-1	-1
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-17	-13	-15
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1	1
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – Application codes with a suffix "a" have transmitter power levels appropriate to APD receivers; application codes with the suffix "b" have transmitter power levels appropriate to PIN receivers.

NOTE 2 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than 10<sup>-12</sup>.

Table 8-13 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1L1-2D1	P1L1-2D2	1L1-2D2F
ITU-T G.691 application code	). 	L-64.1		-
General information			i j	
Maximum number of channels	) <del>=</del>	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	( - c	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	-	10-12	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note)
Fibre type	100	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652

Table 8-13 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1L1-2D1	P1L1-2D2	1L1-2D2F
Interface at point MPI-S				
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 290-1 320	1 530-1 565	1 530-1 565
Source type	(m)	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+7	+4	+4
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+3	0	-1
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	6	9	8.2
Eye mask		NRZ 10G 1 310 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R				
Maximum attenuation	dB	22	22	22
Minimum attenuation	dB	16	11	11
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±140	1 600	1 600
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±140	1 430	1 430
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R				
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-9	-7	-7
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-20	-24	-25
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	2	2
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27

NOTE – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ .

Table 8-14 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G very long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1V1-2C2	1V1-2C2F	P1V1-2B5	1V1-2B5F
General information					
Maximum number of channels	=	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	==	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	-81	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 1)	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 1)
Fibre type	50	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S					
Operating wavelength range	nm	ne.	:	1 530-1 565	1 530-1 565
Central frequency	THz	192.1	192.1	-	***
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	40	-	<del>55</del> 55
Source type	=3	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	30	30	30	30
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+7	+7	+13	+13
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+4	+3	+10	+10
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	9 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)	9	8.2
Eye mask	1	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G amplified	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region	NRZ 10G 1 550 nm region
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	33	33	33	33
Minimum attenuation	dB	21	21	20	20
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	2 400	2 400	1 280	1 280
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	2 400	2 400	1 050	1 050
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R					
Maximum mean input power	dBm	-14	-14	-7	-7
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-30	-31	-24	-24

Table 8-14 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G very long-haul applications

Parameter	Units	P1V1-2C2	1V1-2C2F	P1V1-2B5	1V1-2B5F
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1	1	1
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ .

NOTE 2 – The extinction ratio of these application codes is not required to be met in the presence of a fourth-order Bessel-Thompson filter.

Table 8-15 – Single-channel IrDI parameters for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G long- and very long-haul applications using electronic dispersion compensation

Parameter	Units	P1L1-2D2E	1L1-2D2FE	P1V1-2B2E	1V1-2B2FE
General information		(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Maximum number of channels	-	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	.=	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	ুল	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note 2)
Fibre type	See .	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S					
Operating wavelength range	nm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Source type	-	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum mean output power	dBm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum mean output power	dBm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Eye mask	82	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R			÷		
Maximum attenuation	dB	22	22	33	33
Minimum attenuation	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS

Table 8-15 – Single-channel IrDI parameters for optical tributary signal class NRZ 10G long- and very long-haul applications using electronic dispersion compensation

Parameter	Units	P1L1-2D2E	1L1-2D2FE	P1V1-2B2E	1V1-2B2FE
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum differential group delay	ps	30	30	30	30
Interface at point MPI-R					
Maximum mean input power	dBm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS

NOTE 1 – These application codes require an additional parameter to ensure that the transmitter spectral characteristics are adequate. This parameter is under study. An initial set of values for the parameters above can be found in Appendix VII.

NOTE 2 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than 10<sup>-12</sup>.

Table 8-16 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 40G intra-office applications

Parameter	Units	P1I1-3D1	111-3D1F	P1I1-3D3	P111-3D5
General information					
Maximum number of channels	22	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	925	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G
Maximum bit error ratio	22	10-12	10-12 (Note 1)	10-12	10-12
Fibre type	-	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.653	ITU-T G.655.D (Note 2)
Interface at point MPI-S					
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 307- 1 317	1 307–1 317	1 530–1 565	1 530–1 565

Table 8-16 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 40G intra-office applications

Parameter	Units	P1I1-3D1	111-3D1F	P1I1-3D3	P111-3D5
Source type	:=	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	35	35	35	35
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+4	+4	+3	+3
Minimum mean output power	dBm	0	0	0	0
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	195	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	6	6	5	4
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0	0	0
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±16	±16	±33	33
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±16	±16	±33	33
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Interface at point MPI-R					
Maximum mean input power	dBm	+4	+4	+3	+3
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-7	-7	-7	-6
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1	2	2
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than  $10^{-12}$ . NOTE 2 – If ITU-T G.655.E fibre is used then the target distance is reduced.

Table 8-17 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 40G short and long-haul applications in the 1 300 nm region

Parameter	Units	P1S1-3D1	1S1-3D1F	P1L1-3C1	1L1-3C1F
General information			e.		
Maximum number of channels	=	1	1	1	1
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	N=	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	io <del>s</del>	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note)	10-12	10 <sup>-12</sup> (Note)
Fibre type	=	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652	ITU-T G.652
Interface at point MPI-S			0		
Operating wavelength range	nm	1 310-1 314	1 310-1 314	1 310-1 314	1 310-1 314
Source type	2.5	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	35	35	35	35
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+7	+4	+7	+4
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+4	+1	+4	+1
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2
Eye mask	-	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	10.5	10.5	20	20
Minimum attenuation	dB	3	0	9	6
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	±27	±27	±53	±53
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±27	±27	±53	±53
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Interface at point MPI-R	+				
Maximum mean input power	dBm	+4	+4	-2	-2
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-7.5	-10.5	-18	-21
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1	2	2
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than 10<sup>-12</sup>.

Table 8-18 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 40G short and long-haul applications in the 1 550 nm region

Parameter	Units	P1S1-3C2 P1S1-3C3 P1S1-3C5	P1L1-3A2 P1L1-3A3 P1L1-3A5	1L1-3C2FD 1L1-3C3FD 1L1-3C5FD	1L1-3C2F 1L1-3C3F 1L1-3C5F
General information					
Maximum number of channels	1000	1	1	1	Ĭ
Bit rate/line coding of optical tributary signals	Tie .	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled
Maximum bit error ratio	82	10-12	10-12	10-12 (Note 3)	10-12 (Note 3)
Fibre type	722	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655	ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653, ITU-T G.655
Interface at point MPI-S					
Central frequency	THz	192.1	192.1	192.1	192.1
Maximum spectral excursion	GHz	40	40	40	40
Source type	0.555	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Maximum spectral power density	mW/ 10 MHz	FFS	FFS	FFS	FFS
Minimum side mode suppression ratio	dB	35	35	35	35
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+3	+8	+5	+5
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-3	+5	+2	+2
Minimum extinction ratio	dB	8.2	10	10	10
Eye mask	100	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G
Optical path from point MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	11	22	22	22
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	11	11	11
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for ITU-T G.652, ±120 for ITU-T G.653, 420 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	800 for ITU-T G.652, ±120 for ITU-T G.653, 420 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655	1 600 for ITU-T G.652, ±240 for ITU-T G.653, 840 for ITU-T G.655

Table 8-18 – Single-channel IrDI parameters and values for optical tributary signal class NRZ 40G short and long-haul applications in the 1 550 nm region

Parameter	Units	P1S1-3C2 P1S1-3C3 P1S1-3C5	P1L1-3A2 P1L1-3A3 P1L1-3A5	1L1-3C2FD 1L1-3C3FD 1L1-3C5FD	1L1-3C2F 1L1-3C3F 1L1-3C5F
Maximum chromatic dispersion deviation	ps/nm	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	±80	(Note 2)
Minimum optical return loss at MPI-S	dB	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Maximum differential group delay	ps	7.5 (Note 1)	7.5 (Note 1)	7.5 (Note 1)	7.5 (Note 1)
Interface at point MPI-R					
Maximum mean input power	dBm	+3	-3	-6	-6
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-17	-20	-22	-23
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	3	3	2	3
Maximum reflectance of optical network element	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27

NOTE 1 – Some categories of ITU-T G.652, ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibre have too high a PMD coefficient to guarantee this value of DGD.

NOTE 2 - This value must be agreed by joint engineering between the link provider and the system vendor.

NOTE 3 – The BER for these application codes is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can therefore be significantly higher than 10–12.

### 9 Optical safety considerations

See [ITU-T G.664] for optical safety considerations.

NOTE – For the optical power levels specified in this version of this Recommendation, automatic power reduction (APR) is not necessary according to [ITU-T G.664], [IEC 60825-1] and [IEC 60825-2]. Future versions of this Recommendation may, however, contain power levels exceeding the safe levels. In this case, for non-OTN applications, the ALS procedure defined in [ITU-T G.664] shall be applied on individual synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) client signal interfaces only.

### 10 Power level management

For further study.

The average value of the random dispersion penalties due to PMD is included in the allowed path penalty. In this respect, the transmitter/receiver combination is required to tolerate an actual DGD of 0.3 bit period with a maximum sensitivity degradation of 1 dB (with 50% of optical power in each principal state of polarization). For a well-designed receiver, this corresponds to a penalty of 0.1-0.2 dB for a DGD of 0.1 bit period. The actual DGD that may be encountered in operation is a randomly varying fibre/cable property, and cannot be specified in this Recommendation. This subject is further discussed in Appendix I of [ITU-T G.691].

Any additional sensitivity degradation due to optical crosstalk (e.g., caused by non-ideal switching) is assumed to be small enough to be included within the path penalty value. Cases where this is not true are for further study. Optical crosstalk penalty is further discussed in Appendix I.

## 7 Optical parameter values

Optical parameter values for applications shown in Tables 1 and 2 are given in Tables 3 to 6. Except for application codes requiring FEC bytes to be transmitted (i.e., having a code with a suffix of F), systems which comply with these values should not require forward error correction in order to satisfy BER objectives. In the case of application codes requiring FEC bytes to be transmitted, the BER is required to be met only after the correction (if used) has been applied.

Tables 3 to 6 include columns in which more than one application code is shown in the heading. Where the row entries in these columns contain a single value, it applies to all of the application codes. Where the row contains multiple entries, the values apply to the application codes in the same order as they appear in the column heading.

For those applications which were previously specified in [ITU-T G.691] or [ITU-T G.959.1], any differences between ITU-T G.693 parameter values and the values in the superseded [ITU-T G.691] and [ITU-T G.959.1] application codes are given in Appendix III.

Table 3 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 0.6 km target distance

Application code	Unit	VSR600-2R1	VSR600-2M1	VSR600-2M2 VSR600-2M3 VSR600-2M5
ITU-T G.691 application code		I-64.1r		
ITU-T G.959.1 application code	2	P111-2D1r		
Target distance	m	600	600	600
Bit rate/line coding of optical signals	-	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G	NRZ 10G
Fibre type	-	G.652	G.652	G.652 G.653 G.655
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S				
Source type		MLM	MLM	SLM
Operating wavelength range	nm	1268-1360	1268-1360	1530-1565
Maximum mean output power	dBm	-1	+5	+2
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-6	+2	-1
Spectral characteristics:				
<ul> <li>maximum RMS width (σ)</li> </ul>	nm	3	3	NA
<ul> <li>maximum –20 dB width</li> </ul>	nm	NA	NA	ffs
<ul> <li>minimum SMSR</li> </ul>	dB	NA	NA	30

Table 3 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 0.6 km target distance

Application code	Unit	VSR600-2R1	VSR600-2M1	VSR600-2M2 VSR600-2M3 VSR600-2M5
Minimum EX	dB	6	6	8.2
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R	% S	3		
Maximum attenuation	dB	4	12	12
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	6 <sup>a)</sup>	3 <sup>a)</sup>
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit <sup>b)</sup>	ps/nm	±3.4	±3.4	11.3 for G.652 <sup>c)</sup> ±2 for G.653 +6.1 for G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	±3.4	±3.4	10.1 for G.652 <sup>c)</sup> ±2 for G.653 +5.0 for G.655
Maximum DGD	ps	30	30	30
Minimum ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	14	14	14
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Polarization-dependent loss	dB	ffs	ffs	ffs
Receiver at reference point MPI-R		,		
Minimum sensitivity (BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )	dBm	-11	-11	-14
Minimum overload	dBm	-1	-1	-1
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	1	1
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB	-14	-14	-14

a) This value of minimum attenuation is highly undesirable. A value of 0 dB is desired and should be sought as technology matures.

b) In the case that passive optical devices in the main optical path introduce additional chromatic dispersion, the achievable link distance may be reduced. Alternatively, an application with a higher chromatic dispersion tolerance may be used to overcome this restriction.

c) This application can also be used on ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibre.

Table 4 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation category R

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2R1	VSR2000-3R1 <sup>d)</sup>	VSR2000-3R1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3R2 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R3 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R5 <sup>()</sup>	VSR2000-3R2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
ITU-T G.691 application code		I-64.1				
ITU-T G.959.1 application code		P111-2D1				
Target distance	km	2	2	2	2	2
Bit rate/line coding of optical signals	-	NRZ 10G	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled	NRZ 40G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled
Fibre type	=	G.652	G.652	G.652	G.652 G.653 G.655	G.652 G.653 G.655
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S						
Source type		SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM	SLM
Operating wavelength range	nm	1290-1330	1290-1330	1290-1330	1530-1565	1530-1565
Maximum mean output power	dBm	-1	+3	+3	+3	+3
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-6	0	0	0	+3
Spectral characteristics:						
<ul> <li>maximum RMS width (σ)</li> </ul>	nm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
- maximum -20 dB width	nm	1	ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs
- minimum SMSR	dB	30	35	35	35	35
Minimum EX	dB	6	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2

Table 4 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation category R

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2R1	VSR2000-3R1 <sup>d)</sup>	VSR2000-3R1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3R2 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R3 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R5 <sup>()</sup>	VSR2000-3R2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R						
Maximum attenuation	dB	4	4	4	4	4
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0	0	0	0
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit <sup>a)</sup>	ps/nm	-6.6 to +5.3	-6.6 to +5.3	-6.6 to +5.3	+38 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655	+38 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	-6.6 to +5.3	-6.6 to +5.3	-6.6 to +5.3	+34 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655	+34 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655
Maximum DGD	ps	30	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Minimum ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	14	24	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27	-27
Polarization-dependent loss	dB	ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs	fis

Table 4 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation category R

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2R1	VSR2000-3R1 <sup>d)</sup>	VSR2000-3R1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3R2 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R3 <sup>()</sup> VSR2000-3R5 <sup>()</sup>	VSR2000-3R2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3R5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
Receiver at reference point MPI-R						
Minimum sensitivity (BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )	dBm	-11	-5	-5	-6 for G.652 -5 for G.653 -5 for G.655	-6 for G.652 -5 for G.653 -5 for G.655
Minimum overload	dBm	-1	+3	+3	+3	+3
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	+3 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	+3 1 <sup>e)</sup>	2 <sup>c)</sup> for G.652 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.653 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.655	2 <sup>c)</sup> for G.652 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.653 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.655
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB	-14	-27	-27	-27	-27

a) In the case that passive optical devices in the main optical path introduce additional chromatic dispersion, the achievable link distance may be reduced. Alternatively, an application with a higher chromatic dispersion tolerance may be used to overcome this restriction.

<sup>5)</sup> This application can also be used on ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibre.

The method used to verify this penalty is for further study.

d) A receiver in compliance with this application is required to operate in any of the application codes VSR2000-3R1, VSR2000-3R3 or VSR2000-3R5. It shall, as a minimum, operate over the wavelength range of 1290-1330 nm as well as the range 1530-1565 nm.

A receiver in compliance with application VSR2000-3R2 will operate in either of the application codes VSR2000-3R3 or VSR2000-3R5. It will also operate in the application code VSR2000-3R1 if its operating wavelength range includes 1290-1330 nm.

The BER for this application is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can, therefore, be significantly higher than 10<sup>-12</sup>.

 $Table \ 5 - Optical\ interface\ parameters\ specified\ for\ applications\ with\ 2\ km\ target\ distance\\ and\ attenuation\ category\ L.$ 

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2L1F <sup>f)</sup>	VSR2000-2L2 VSR2000-2L3 VSR2000-2L5	VSR2000-3L1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3L2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
ITU-T G.691 application code			I-64.2r		
ITU-T G.959.1 application code			P111-2D2r		
Target distance	km	2	2	2	2
Bit rate/line coding of optical signals	-	NRZ OTU2 FEC enabled	NRZ 10G	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled	NRZ OTU3 FEC enabled
Fibre type	52.	G.652	G.652 G.653 G.655	G.652	G.652 G.653 G.655
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S Source type Operating wavelength range	nm	SLM 1290-1330	SLM 1530-1565	SLM 1290-1330	SLM 1530-1565
Maximum mean output power	dBm	-1	-1	+3	+3
Minimum mean output power	dBm	-6	-5	0	0
Spectral characteristics:					
- maximum RMS width (σ)	nm	NA	NA	NA	NA
- maximum -20 dB width	nm	1	ffs	ffs	ffs
- minimum SMSR	dB	30	30	35	35
Minimum EX	dB	6	8.2	8.2	8.2

 $Table\ 5-Optical\ interface\ parameters\ specified\ for\ applications\ with\ 2\ km\ target\ distance\\ and\ attenuation\ category\ L$ 

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2L1F <sup>0</sup>	VSR2000-2L2 VSR2000-2L3 VSR2000-2L5	VSR2000-3L1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3L2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R					
Maximum attenuation	dB	6	6	6	6
Minimum attenuation	dB	0	0	0	0
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit <sup>a)</sup>	ps/nm	-6.6 to +5.3	+38 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655	-6.6 to +5.3	+38 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	-6.640+5.3	+34 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655	-6.6 to +5.3	+34 for G.652 <sup>b)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655
Maximum DGD	ps	30	30	7.5	7.5
Minimum ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	14	.24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27	-27
Polarization-dependent loss	dB	ffs	ffs	ffs	ffs

Table 5 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation category L

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-2L1F <sup>f)</sup>	VSR2000-2L2 VSR2000-2L3 VSR2000-2L5	VSR2000-3L1F <sup>d, f)</sup>	VSR2000-3L2F <sup>6, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L3F <sup>d, f)</sup> VSR2000-3L5F <sup>d, f)</sup>
Receiver at reference point MPI-R					
Minimum sensitivity (BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )	dBm	-13	-13	-7	-8 for G.652 -7 for G.653 -7 for G.655
Minimum overload	dBm	-1	-1	+3	+3
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1	2	1 <sub>c)</sub>	2 <sup>c)</sup> for G.652 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.653 1 <sup>c)</sup> for G.655
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB	-14	-27	-27	-27

a) In the case that passive optical devices in the main optical path introduce additional chromatic dispersion, the achievable link distance may be reduced. Alternatively, an application with a higher chromatic dispersion tolerance may be used to overcome this restriction.

b) This application can also be used on ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibre.

<sup>()</sup> The method used to verify this penalty is for further study.

d) A receiver in compliance with this application is required to operate in any of the application codes VSR2000-3L1, VSR2000-3L3 or VSR2000-3L5. It shall, as a minimum, operate over the wavelength range of 1290-1330 nm as well as the range 1530-1565 nm.

A receiver in compliance with application VSR2000-3L2 will operate in either of the application codes VSR2000-3L3 or VSR2000-3L5. It will also operate in the application code VSR2000-3L1 if its operating wavelength range includes 1290-1330 nm.

The BER for this application is required to be met only after the error correction (if used) has been applied. The BER at the input of the FEC decoder can, therefore, be significantly higher than 10<sup>-12</sup>.

Table 6 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation categories M and H

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-3M1	VSR2000-3M2 VSR2000-3M3 VSR2000-3M5	VSR2000-3H2 VSR2000-3H3 VSR2000-3H5
ITU-T G.691 application code		-		
ITU-T G.959.1 application code				
Target distance	km	2	2	2
Bit rate/line coding of optical signals	<b>1</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G	NRZ 40G
Fibre type	=1	G.652	G.652 G.653 G.655	G.652 G.653 G.655
Transmitter at reference point MPI-S				
Source type		SLM	SLM	SLM
Operating wavelength range	nm	1290-1330	1530-1565	1530-1565
Maximum mean output power	dBm	+10	+3	+3
Minimum mean output power	dBm	+8	0	0
Spectral characteristics:	140.500.5			133
<ul> <li>maximum RMS width (σ)</li> </ul>	nm	NA	NA	NA
<ul> <li>maximum –20 dB width</li> </ul>	nm	ffs	ffs	ffs
- minimum SMSR	dB	35	35	35
Minimum EX	dB	8.2	7	7
Main optical path, MPI-S to MPI-R	et.			
Maximum attenuation	dB	12	12	16
Minimum attenuation	dB	8 <sup>a)</sup>	3 <sup>a)</sup>	3
Maximum chromatic dispersion at upper wavelength limit <sup>b)</sup>	ps/nm	-6.6 to +5.3	+38 for G.652 <sup>e)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655	+38 for G.652 <sup>c)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +20.3 for G.655
Maximum chromatic dispersion at lower wavelength limit	ps/nm	-6.6 to +5.3	+34 for G.652 <sup>e)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655	+34 for G.652 <sup>c)</sup> -6.6 to +6.1 for G.653 +16.6 for G.655
Maximum DGD	ps	7.5	7.5	7.5
Minimum ORL of cable plant at MPI-S, including any connectors	dB	24	24	24
Maximum discrete reflectance between MPI-S and MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27
Polarization-dependent loss	dB	ffs	ffs	ffs

Table 6 – Optical interface parameters specified for applications with 2 km target distance and attenuation categories M and H

Application code	Unit	VSR2000-3M1	VSR2000-3M2 VSR2000-3M3 VSR2000-3M5	VSR2000-3H2 VSR2000-3H3 VSR2000-3H5
Receiver at reference point MPI-R				
Minimum sensitivity	dBm	-5	-14 for G.652	-18 for G.652
(BER of $1 \times 10^{-12}$ )			-13 for G.653	-17 for G.653
			-13 for G.655	-17 for G.655
Minimum overload	dBm	+2	0	0
Maximum optical path penalty	dB	1 <sup>d)</sup>	2 <sup>d)</sup> for G.652	2 <sup>d)</sup> for G.652
	2005263	975	1 <sup>d)</sup> for G.653	1 <sup>d)</sup> for G.653
			1 <sup>d)</sup> for G.655	1 <sup>d)</sup> for G.655
Maximum reflectance of receiver, measured at MPI-R	dB	-27	-27	-27

This value of minimum attenuation is highly undesirable. A value of 0 dB is desired and should be sought as technology matures.

# 8 Optical engineering approach

For a worst-case design approach, the relationships among maximum/minimum mean output power, maximum/minimum attenuation, minimum overload, minimum sensitivity and maximum optical path penalty are shown in Figure 3 of [ITU-T G.957].

In the case that passive optical devices in the main optical path introduce additional chromatic dispersion, the achievable link distance may be reduced. Alternatively, an application with a higher chromatic dispersion tolerance may be used to overcome this restriction.

c) This application can also be used on ITU-T G.653 and ITU-T G.655 fibre.

d) The method used to verify this penalty is for further study.